# HRN-100 | Multifunction voltage monitoring relay in 3P with LCD display





EAN code HRN-100: 8595188171229

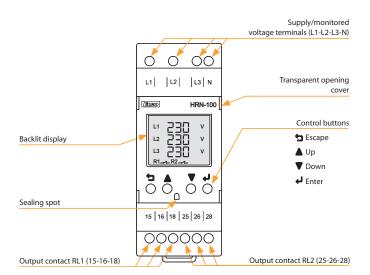
Standards:

Technical parameters	HRN-100
Supply	
Supply and measuring terminals:	L1, L2, L3, (N)
Supply and monitored	U <sub>LN</sub> = 3 ~ 90 - 288 V, (AC 45-65 Hz)
voltage:	U <sub>11</sub> = 3 ~ 155 - 500 V, (AC 45-65 Hz)
Power consumption (max.):	5 VA
Measuring circuit	
Selection of the measured	Phase voltage - 3 phase, 4 wire
circuit:	Line voltage - 3 phase, 3 wire
Adjustable upper (OV) and	Phase voltage: 90 - 288 VAC
lower (UV) voltage levels:	Line voltage: 155 - 500 VAC
Upper (HC) / lower (LC) limit	Phase voltage: 310 VAC / 85 VAC
voltage:	Line voltage: 535 VAC / 150 VA
Adjustable upper (OF) and	
	45 - 65 Hz
lower (UF) frequency level:	Absolute: 5 - 99 VAC
Adjustable asymmetry:	Percentage: 2 - 50%
A discrete le la scaler da a a a d	3 - 20 VAC (OV,UV, HC, LC)
Adjustable voltage and	0.5 - 2 Hz (OF, UF)
frequency hysteresis level:	Absolute: 3 - 99 VAC
Adjustable hysteresis	Percentage: 2 - 15%
asymmetry:	+/- 5V
Accuracy of measured voltage:	+/- 0.3 Hz
Accuracy of measured frequency:	
Adjustable delay after supply	0 - 999 s
connection P <sub>on</sub> :	(HW initialization 250 ms)
Adjustable delay T <sub>on</sub> :	0.5 - 999 s
Adjustable delay T <sub>off</sub> :	0.1 - 999 s
Fixed delay:	<100 ms (phase sequence, failure)
	<200 ms (HC, LC), <500 ms (neutral fail)
Output	
Output contact:	2x changeover (AgSnO <sub>2</sub> )
Rated current:	5A/AC1
Switching power:	1200VA/AC1, 150W/DC1
Switching voltage:	240V AC/30V DC
Max. output power dissipation:	5W
Mechanical life:	10.000.000 ops.
Electrical life (AC1):	100.000 ops
Other information	
Operating temperature:	-10 to +60 °C (14 to 140 °F)
Storage temperature:	-20 to +70 °C (-4 to 158 °F)
Dielectric strength:	4kV (supply - output)
Operating position:	any
Mounting:	DIN rail EN 60715
Protection degree:	IP20 terminals/IP40 from front panel
Overvoltage category:	III.
Pollution degree:	2
Cable size	max. 1x 2.5, max. 2x 1.5/
(mm²):	with sleeve max. 1x 2.5
Dimensions:	90 x 36 x 66,5 mm (3.6" x 1.5" x 2.7")
Weight:	132 g (4.7 oz.)
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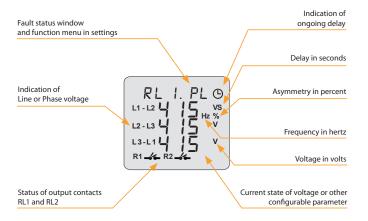
EN 61812-1, EN IEC 63044

- 3-wire or 4-wire connection (with or without neutral).
- Optionally monitors upper and lower voltage & frequency in 3-phase circuits.
- Allows monitoring of phase sequence, failure and asymmetry incl. neutral fail (only in 4-wire connection).
- The device is supplied from monitored voltage.
- · Both output contacts can be set individually.
- Measures real effective value of AC voltage (True RMS).
- Optional response delay of the output contact to the measured fault state
  or transition from the fault state to the OK state incl. delayed response of
  output contacts after connecting the power supply.
- Possibility of automatic or manual transition from fault state (memory).
- Optional closing or opening of the output contact when measuring a fault state (Fail Safe / Non Fail Safe).
- · Password protection against unauthorized changes to settings.
- Digital backlit display with the possibility of monitoring the current state of the network, incl. possible failures.
- The last five fault states are stored in a history that can be viewed retrospectively.
- Sealable transparent cover for display and controls.

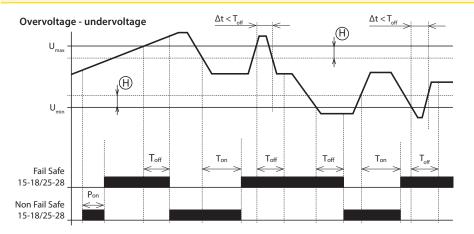
#### Description



### Description of display elements on the screen

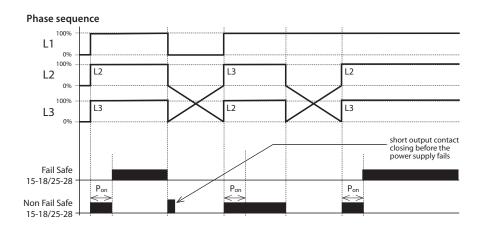


# HRN-100 | Multifunction voltage monitoring relay in 3P with LCD display



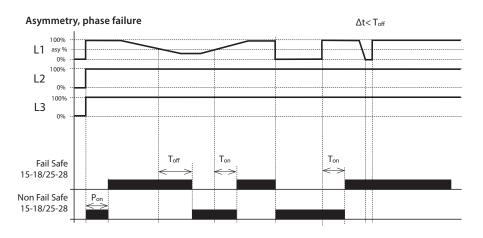
#### Graph legend:

- P<sub>on</sub> Power ON delay (delay after power supply connection)
- P<sub>op</sub> = 0 999 s (min. 250 ms hardware initialization)
- T<sub>on</sub> ON Delay (delay to OK state)
- $T_{on} = 0.5 999 s$
- T<sub>off</sub> OFF delay (delay to fault state)
- $T_{\rm off} = 0.1 999 \, s$
- $T_{\rm off}$  Adjustable for OV, UV, OF, UF & asymmetry faults
  - Phase sequence, failure <100ms; Neutral fail <500ms
- Δt Duration of the fault state
- (H) Hysteresis
- After the supply/monitored voltage is connected, the delay P<sub>on</sub> starts timing during the timing the output contact is in a fault state in the FAIL SAFE mode it is open. After the delay, if the monitored voltage is in the range  $U_{min} \dots U_{max}$ , the output contact closes.
- If the monitored voltage exceeds the set value  $U_{max}$ , the time delay to the fault state  $(T_{off})$  starts. After the delay, the output contact opens.
- If the monitored voltage falls below the  $U_{max}$  value reduced by the set hysteresis, the time delay start to OK state  $(T_{on})$ . After the delay, the output contact closes.
- If the duration of the fault state ( $\Delta t$ ) is shorter than the set value  $T_{off}$ , the status of the output contact does not change.
- If the monitored voltage falls below the value  $U_{min}$ , the time delay to the fault state  $(T_{off})$  starts. After the delay, the output contact opens.
- If the monitored voltage exceeds the value  $U_{min}$  increased by the set hysteresis, the time delay start to the OK state  $(T_{on})$ . After the delay, the output contact closes.
- If the duration of the fault state ( $\Delta$ t) is shorter than the set value ( $T_{off}$ ), the status of the output contact does not change.



Pop - Power ON delay (delay after power supply connection) = 0 - 999 s (min. 250 ms hardware initialization)

- After the supply/monitored voltage is connected, the delay P<sub>on</sub> starts timing during the timing the output contact is in a fault state in FAIL SAFE mode it is open. After the delay, if the phase sequence is correct, the output contact closes.
- If the phase sequence is incorrect after the P<sub>on</sub> delay, the output contact remains open (fault state).



## Graph legend:

 $P_{on}$  - Power ON delay (delay after power supply connection)  $P_{on}$  = 0 - 999 s (min. 250 ms hardware initialization)

T<sub>on</sub> - ON Delay (delay to OK state)  $T_{on} = 0.5 - 999 \text{ s}$ 

T<sub>off</sub> - OFF delay (delay to fault state)

 $T_{off} = 0.1 - 999 s$ 

T<sub>off</sub>- Adjustable for OV, UV, OF, UF & asymmetry faults

Phase sequence, failure <100ms; Neutral fail <500ms

 $\Delta t$  - Duration of the fault state

- After the supply/monitored voltage is connected, the delay Pon starts timing during the timing the output contact is in a fault state in the FAIL SAFE mode it is open. After the delay, if the phase asymmetry is lower than the set value (absolute or percentage), the output contact closes.
- If the phase asymmetry exceeds the set value, the time delay to the fault state (T<sub>off</sub>) begins. After the delay, the output contact opens.
- If the phase asymmetry falls below the set value, the time delay starts to OK state (T<sub>co</sub>). After the delay, the output contact closes.
- $\bullet \ \ \text{If the duration of the fault state } (\Delta t) \ \text{is shorter than the set value } T_{\text{off}}, the \ \text{status of the output contact does not change}.$
- If a phase failure occurs, the time delay to the fault state ( $T_{\text{off}}$ ) begins. After the delay, the output contact opens.
- If the phase failure resumes, the time delay starts to OK state (T<sub>op</sub>). After the delay, the output contact closes.
- If the duration of the fault state ( $\Delta t$ ) is shorter than the set value  $T_{off}$ , the status of the output contact does not change.