



FCC Information FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION INTERFERENCE

STATEMENT: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital service, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. Any changes or modifications made to this equipment may void the user's authority to operate this equipment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

KCC Statement

유선 제품용 / B 급 기기 (가정용 방송 통신 기기) 이 기기는 가정용 (B 급) 전자파적합기기로서 주로 가정에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 하며 , 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다 .

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RoHS

This product is RoHS compliant.

IC485S /IC485SI User Manual

Online Registration

You can register your product at our online support center:

International	http://support.aten.com

Online Support

International

Email Support		support@aten.com
	Technical Support	http://support.aten.com
Support	Troubleshooting Documentation Software Updates	http://www.aten.com

North America

Email Support		support@aten-usa.com		
Online Technical Support	Troubleshooting Documentation Software Updates	http://www.aten-usa.com/support		
Telephone Support		1-888-999-ATEN ext 4988 1-949-428-1111		

Telephone Support

For telephone support, call this number:

International	886-2-8692-6959
China	86-400-810-0-810
Japan	81-3-5615-5811
Korea	82-2-467-6789
North America	1-888-999-ATEN ext 4988
	1-949-428-1111

Package Contents

The RS232 / RS485 Interface Converter package contains the following items:

- IC-485S or IC-485SI Interface Converter
- 1 Power Adapter (DC 9V; 300mA)
- 1 User Manual*

Check to make sure that all the components are present and that nothing got damaged in shipping. If you encounter a problem, contact your dealer.

Read this manual thoroughly and follow the installation and operation procedures carefully to prevent any damage to the unit, and/or any of the devices connected to it.

* Features may have been added to the IC485S /IC485SI since this manual was printed. Please visit our website to download the most up-to-date version of the manual.



Manual Date: 2020-11-16 ATEN and the ATEN logo are trademarks of ATEN International Co., Ltd. All rights reserved. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Although RS-232 serial ports are found on almost every computer, because of their slow transmission speeds, limited range, and limited networking capabilities, they are not an effective solution for industrial strength long distance communications systems.

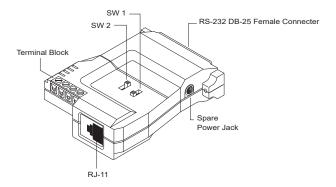
Systems based on the RS-485 standard, however, utilize different voltage lines for the data and control signals, so they are not subject to the RS-232 limitations.

The IC-485S / IC-485SI is a bidirectional converter that transparently converts RS-232 signals to RS-485 signals (and vice versa). The IC-485S / IC-485SI provides Point-to-Point; Multidrop; and Simplex operations over distances of up to 1200 m (4000 ft.), thus permitting the creation of reliable long distance data communications systems using standard computer hardware.

The IC-485S / IC-485SI's operating mode parameters are set with two slide switches:

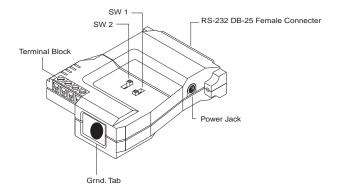
- SW1 sets the Device Mode
- SW2 sets the Transmitting and Receiving Mode

IC-485S Switch Settings



Position	Setting				
Position	SW1	SW2			
1	DCE	TxO, RxON			
2	DTE	TxRTS, RxRTS			
3	Monitor	TxRTS, RxON			

IC-485SI Switch Setting



Position	Setting				
Position	SW1	SW2			
1	DCE	TxO, RxON			
2	DTE	TxRTS, RxRTS			
3	Х	TxRTS, RxON			

Terminology

Explanations of the SW! and SW2 terms are given in the table below:

Term	Explanation
DCE	Data Communications Equipment; if the IC-485S / IC-485SI is going to be plugged into a DTE device, the IC-485S / IC-485SI must be set to DCE.
DTE	Data Terminating Equipment; if the IC-485S / IC- 485SI is going to be plugged into a DCE device,, the IC-485S / IC-485SI must be set to DTE.
TxON,, RxON	This setting is used in Point-to-Point operations,, in which the unit is always in Transmitting and Receiving Mode.
TxRTS, RxRTS	This setting is used in Multidrop operations, in which the unit is in Transmitting Mode when the RTS signal is high, and is in Receiving Mode when the RTS signal is low.
TxRTS, RXON	This setting is used in Multidrop Full Duplex operations to monitor the RS-485 line signals. Receiving Mode is always ON. Transmitting mode only occurs when the RTS signal is high.

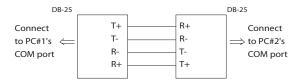
The IC-485S / IC-485SI supports four operating modes: Point-to-Point; Multidrop; Simplex; and Monitor (IC-485S only). Point-to-Point and Multidrop can be configured for Full or Half Duplex. Each of the operating modes is explained in the sections that follow.

Point-to-Point

A Point-to-Point configuration is one in which two devices, located at two different places are linked for communication by a pair of IC-485S or IC-485SI units. There are two configurations: Point-to-Point Full Duplex, and Point-to-Point Half Duplex.

1. Point-to-Point Full Duplex

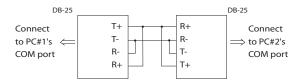
 Point-to-Point Full Duplex uses reverse four wire cabling as shown in the diagram below:



- For both IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW1 to DCE or DTE depending on what type of device the IC-485S / IC-485SI will plug into (if it will plug into a DCE device, configure it for DTE, and vice versa).
- For both IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW2 to TxON, RxON.

2. Point-to-Point 2 Wire Half Duplex

 Point-to-Point Half Duplex uses straight through four wire cabling, as shown in the diagram below:



- For both IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW1 to DCE or DTE depending on what type of device the IC-485S / IC-485SI will plug into (if it will plug into a DCE device, configure it for DTE, and vice versa).
- For both IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW2 to TxRTS, RxRTS.
- Note: The RTS signal is controlled by an external software command. The IC-485S / IC-485SI has no capability to control this signal by itself

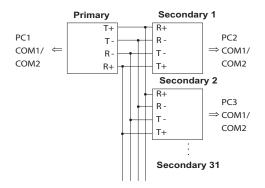
Multidrop

A Multidrop configuration is one in which more than two devices are linked for communication using several IC-485S / IC-485SI units.

One of the devices that one of the IC-485S / IC-485SIs connects to is designated as the *Primary* device. All the remaining devices that the rest of the IC-485S / IC-485SIs connect to are designated as *Secondary* devices. There are two configurations: Multidrop Full Duplex, and Multidrop Half Duplex.

1. Multidrop 4 Wire Full Duplex

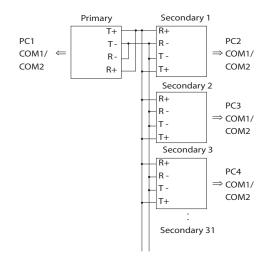
 Multidrop Full Duplex uses reverse four wire cabling to link all the connected IC-485S / IC-485SI units:



- For all IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW1 to DCE or DTE depending on what type of device the IC-485S / IC-485SI will plug into (if it will plug into a DCE device, configure it for DTE, and vice versa).
- For the Primary unit, set SW2 to TxON, RxON.
- For all Secondary units, set SW2 to TxRTS, RxON.

2. Multidrop Half Duplex

 Multidrop Half Duplex uses straight-through four wire cabling, to link all the connected IC-485S / IC-485SI units:

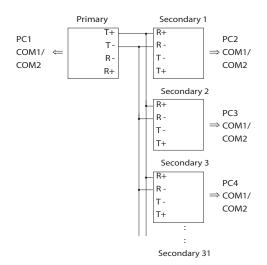


- For all IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW1 to DCE or DTE depending on what type of device the IC-485S / IC-485SI will plug into (if it will plug into a DCE device, configure it for DTE, and vice versa).
- For all IC-485S / IC-485SI units set SW2 to TxRTS, RxRTS.
- Note: The RTS signal is controlled by an external software command.The IC-485S / IC-485SI has no capability to control this signal by itself.

Simplex

A Simplex configuration is one in which more than two devices are linked for communication using several IC-485S / IC-485SI units in a manner similar to Multidrop. The difference is that in a Simplex configuration, the Primary device can only talk, and the Secondary devices can only listen.

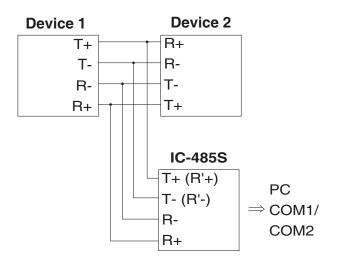
 Simplex uses reverse two wire cabling to link all the connected IC-485S / IC-485SI units, as shown in the figure below:



- For all IC-485S / IC-485SI units, set SW1 to DCE or DTE depending on what type of device the IC-485S / IC-485SI will plug into (if it will plug into a DCE device, configure it for DTE, and vice versa).
- For all of the units (Primary and Secondary), set SW2 to TxON, RxON.

Monitor IIX-485S Only!

With Monitor Mode, the RS-485S can be wired to the lines of an RS-485 or RS-422 device to monitor the line signals. In this configuration, the RS-485S changes the functions of T+ and T- to R'+ and R'- respectively.



- Set SW1 to Monitor.
- Set SW2 to TxRTS, RxON

Note: 1. The RTS must be Low in Monitor Mode.

 The R+ and R- signals are converted and linked to the RS-232 port, DB-25 pin 3. The R'+ and R'- (T+ and T-) signals are converted and linked to the RS-232 port, DB-25 pin 2.

- 1. Set each IC-485S / IC-485SI's configuration switches according to the information provided in the Switch Configuration and Operating Modes sections.
- 2. Plug the IC-485S / IC-485SI's DB-25 female connector into the computer's RS-232C port.
- 3. Connect the IC-485S / IC-485SI units to each other:
 - Use two or four wire twisted pair cable in a reverse or straight through configuration according to the information provided in the Switch Configuration and Operating Modes sections.
 - For the IC-485S, you may use either the RJ-11 telephone socket, or wire directly to the Terminal Block (See the Terminal Block section for pin assignment details).
 - For the IC-485SI, you must ground the device by connecting a grounding wire from the Grounding Tab to the grounding source.
 - Note: 1. When tightening the terminal connector screws it is recommended to use a Phillips PH1 Screwdriver.
 - Over-tightening the terminal connector screws may result in damage to your IC-485S or IC-485SI and difficulty loosening the screws.
- 4. Power on the computers. The units are now ready for operation.

The Terminal Block

The four screw terminal block has different pin assignments depending on the operating mode:

- In DCE/DTE mode, terminals 1 (+V) and 2 (-V) are configured to transmit data (the transmitter); while terminals 3 (-V) and 4 (+V) are configured to receive data (the receiver).
- In Monitor mode (IC-485S only), terminals 1 and 2 are, respectively, the positive and negative of receiver 1; while terminals 3 and 4 are, respectively, the positive and negative of receiver 2.

Pin	DCE/DTE	Monitor
1	Transmitter +V	Receiver 1 +V
2	Transmitter -V	Receiver 1 -V
3	Receiver -V	Receiver 2 -V
4	Receiver +V	Receiver 2 +V

DCE / DTE Connection Table

Because of the polarity of the communication signals, a DTE configured device must connect to a DCE configured device. The shaded area in the figure below is an example of a DTE to DCE connection:

Device's Connector Pin #		Cable		IC-485ASI			
DCE	DTE	DCE	DTE	25/2		DCE	DTE
DB-9	DB-9	DB-25	DB-25	9/25	5 pin	DB-25	DB-25
2	3	3	2	Тх	Rx,	2	3
3	2	2	3	Rx	Тx	3	2
8	7	5	4	RTS	CTS	4	5
7	8	4	5	CTS	RTS	5	4
4	6	20	6	DSR	DTR	6	20
6	4	6	20	DTR	DSR	20	6
5	5	7	7	GI 🔶	ND	7	7

Self Test

To test the internal circuit of the interface converter, connect a dumb terminal to the unit and do the following:

- 1. Set SW1 to DCE (if the dumb terminal is configured for DCE).
- 2. Set SW2 to TxON, RxON.
- 3. Connect a wire from pin 1 (Tx+) to pin 4 (Rx+)
- 4. Connect a wire from pin 2 (Tx-) to pin 3 (Rx-)
- 5. Set the terminal to full duplex and enter data.

If the data displays on the screen, the internal circuit is operational.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Action
Data Transmission Failure	Check that the power adapter is plugged in and working properly.
	Check that the IC-485S / IC-485SI units are securely plugged into the computers' serial ports.
	Check that the cables are properly set up and properly connected.
	Check that SW1 and SW2 are set properly.
Data Loss or Error	Check that the Data Rate and Data Format are the same for all devices.

Limited Warranty

ATEN warrants its hardware in the country of purchase against flaws in materials and workmanship for a Warranty Period of two [2] years (warranty period may vary in certain regions/countries) commencing on the date of original purchase. This warranty period includes the LCD panel of ATEN LCD KVM switches. Select products are warranted for an additional year (see *A*+ *Warranty* for further details). Cables and accessories are not covered by the Standard Warranty.

What is covered by the Limited Hardware Warranty

ATEN will provide a repair service, without charge, during the Warranty Period. If a product is detective, ATEN will, at its discretion, have the option to (1) repair said product with new or repaired components, or (2) replace the entire product with an identical product or with a similar product which fulfills the same function as the defective product. Replaced products assume the warranty of the original product for the remaining period or a period of 90 days, whichever is longer. When the products or components are replaced, the replacing articles shall become customer property and the replaced articles shall become the property of ATEN.

To learn more about our warranty policies, please visit our website:

http://www.aten.com/global/en/legal/policies/warranty-policy