LG Variable Frequency Drive

iS5 Series

1 - 30 HP (230/460V)

Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instruction

Read this manual carefully before installing, wiring, operating, servicing or inspecting the drive. Keep this manual within easy reach for quick reference.



Thank you for purchasing LG Variable Frequency Drives !

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Always follow safety instructions to prevent accidents and potential hazards from occurring.
- In this manual, safety messages are classified as follows:



Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death.

Improper operation may result in slight to medium personal injury or property damage.

Throughout this manual we use the following two illustrations to make you aware of safety considerations:



Identifies potential hazards under certain conditions. Read the message and follow the instructions carefully.

4

Identifies shock hazards under certain conditions. Particular attention should be directed because dangerous voltage may be present.

- Keep operating instructions handy for quick reference.
- Read this manual carefully to maximize the performance of SV-iS5 series inverter and ensure its safe use.

- Do not remove the cover while power is applied or the unit is in operation. Otherwise, electric shock could occur.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover removed. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock due to high voltage terminals or charged capacitor exposure.
- Do not remove the cover except for periodic inspections or wiring, even if the input power is not applied. Otherwise, you may access the charged circuits and get an electric shock.

 Wiring and periodic inspections should be performed at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the input power and after checking the DC link voltage is discharged with a meter (below DC 30V).

Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.

- Operate the switches with dry hands. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not use the cable when its insulating tube is damaged. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.

- Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface. Do not place flammable material nearby. Otherwise, fire could occur.
- Disconnect the input power if the inverter gets damaged. Otherwise, it could result in a secondary accident and fire.
- After the input power is applied or removed, the inverter will remain hot for a couple of minutes.

Otherwise, you may get bodily injuries such as skin-burn or damage.

Do not apply power to a damaged inverter or to an inverter with parts missing even if the installation is complete.

Otherwise, electric shock could occur.

Do not allow lint, paper, wood chips, dust, metallic chips or other foreign matter into the drive.

Otherwise, fire or accident could occur.

OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Handling and installation
 - Handle according to the weight of the product.
 - Do not stack the inverter boxes higher than the number recommended.
 - Install according to instructions specified in this manual.
 - Do not open the cover during delivery.
 - Do not place heavy items on the inverter.
 - Check the inverter mounting orientation is correct.
 - Do not drop the inverter, or subject it to impact.
 - Use the Class 3 earthing method (100ohm or less) for 200 V Class and for 400V class.
 - Take protective measures against ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) before touching the pcb for inspection or

installation.

Use the inverter under the following environmental conditions:

	Ambient temperature	- 10 ~ 40 $^{\circ}$ C (non-freezing)
t	Relative humidity	90% RH or less (non-condensing)
Environment	Storage temperature	- 20 ~ 65 °C
invir	Location	Protected from corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil mist or dust
ш	Altitude,	Max. 1,000m above sea level, Max. 5.9m/sec ² (0.6G)
	Vibration	or less
	Atmospheric pressure	70 ~ 106 kPa

(2) Wiring

- Do not connect a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor, or RFI filter to the output of the inverter.
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor will affect the direction of rotation of the motor.
- □ Incorrect terminal wiring could result in the equipment damage.
- □ Reversing the polarity (+/-) of the terminals could damage the inverter.
- Only authorized personnel familiar with LG inverter should perform wiring and inspections.
- Always install the inverter before wiring. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock or have bodily injury.
- (3) Trial run
 - Check all parameters during operation. Changing parameter values might be required depending on the load.
 - Always apply permissible range of voltage to the each terminal as indicated in this manual. Otherwise, it could lead to inverter damage.
- (4) Operation precautions
 - □ When the Auto restart function is selected, stay away from the equipment as a motor will restart suddenly after an alarm stop.
 - The Stop key on the keypad is valid only when the appropriate function setting has been made. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately.
 - □ If an alarm reset is made with the reference signal present, a sudden start will occur. Check that the reference signal is turned off in advance. Otherwise an accident could occur.
 - Do not modify or alter anything inside the inverter.
 - □ Motor might not be protected by electronic thermal function of inverter.
 - Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter.
 - Use a noise filter to reduce the effect of electromagnetic interference. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
 - In case of input voltage unbalance, install AC reactor. Power Factor capacitors and generators may become

overheated and damaged due to potential high frequency noise transmitted from inverter.

- Use an insulation-rectified motor or take measures to suppress the micro surge voltage when driving 400V class motor with inverter. A micro surge voltage attributable to wiring constant is generated at motor terminals, and may deteriorate insulation and damage motor.
- Before operating unit and prior to user programming, reset user parameters to default settings.
- □ Inverter can easily be set to high-speed operations, Verify capability of motor or machinery prior to operating unit.
- Stopping torque is not produced when using the DC-Break function. Install separate equipment when stopping torque is needed.
- (5) Fault prevention precautions
 - Provide a safety backup such as an emergency brake which will prevent the machine and equipment from hazardous conditions if the inverter fails.
- (6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement
 - Do not conduct a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter.
 - Refer to Chapter 6 for periodic inspection (parts replacement).
- (7) Disposal
 - Handle the inverter as an industrial waste when disposing of it.
- (8) General instructions
 - Many of the diagrams and drawings in this instruction manual show the inverter without a circuit breaker, a cover or partially open. Never run the inverter like this. Always place the cover with circuit breakers and follow this instruction manual when operating the inverter.

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USER SELECTION GUIDE (iS5 SPECIFICATIONS)

230V Class (1 ~ 30HP)

	odel Number V xxx iS5 - 2	008	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220	
Motor	HP	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	
Rating ¹	kW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	
	Capacity ² [kVA]	1.9	3.0	4.5	6.1	9.1	12.2	17.5	22.9	28.2	33.5	
Output	FLA [A]	5	8	12	16	24	32	46	60	74	88	
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 Hz (0-120Hz for Vector control)										
	Voltage	200 ~ 230 V ³										
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 200 ~ 230 V (± 10 %)										
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz (±5 %)										
	Braking Circuit	On the	Board	On the	Board	On the Board (Optional Resistor) Optional (Braking Unit, Resis			stor) ⁴			
Dynamic	Average Braking Torque	10	0%	100%		150%		150%				
Braking ^₄	Max. Continuous Baking Time	5 seconds		5 sec	5 seconds		15 seconds		Controlled by Braking Unit ⁵			
	Max. Duty	3 %	ED	2 %	ED	5 % ED		5 % ED				
	Weight [lbs]	10.1	10.1	10.6	10.8	16.5	17.0	30.4	31.5	42.8	44.1	

460V Class (1 ~ 30HP)

	Model Number SV xxx iS5 - 4	008	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220	
Motor	HP	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	
Rating ¹	kW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	
	Capacity ² [kVA]	1.9	3.0	4.5	6.1	9.1	12.2	18.3	22.9	29.7	34.3	
Output	FLA [A]	2.5	4	6	8	12	16	24	30	39	45	
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 Hz (0-120Hz for Vector control)										
	Voltage	380 ~ 460 V ³										
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 3	80 ~ 460 V	(± 10 %)								
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz	<u>z (±</u> 5 %)									
Dynamic Braking⁴	Braking Circuit	On the	Board	Board On the Board			On the Board (Optional Resistor)		Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor) ⁴			
-	Max. Braking Torque	10	0%	10	0%	150%		150%				

¹ Indicates the maximum applicable capacity when using a 4 Pole motor.

 $^{^2}$ Rated capacity ($\sqrt{3}^{\star}V^{\star}I)$ is based on 220V for 200V class and 440V for 400V class.

³ Maximum output voltage will not be greater than the input voltage. Output voltage less than the input voltage may be programmed.

⁴ 1~5 HP inverters have internal braking resistors as standard. 7.5~10 HP inverters utilize optional braking resistors.

Max. Continuous Baking Time	5 seconds		5 seconds		15 seconds		Controlled by Braking Unit ⁵			
Max. Duty	3 % ED		2 % ED		5 % ED		5 % ED			
Weight [lbs]	10.4	10.4	10.6	10.8	17.0	17.0	30.6	31.7	44.1	44.1

460V Class (40 ~ 100HP)

Mo	odel Number	300	370	450	550	750				
S	/ xxx iS5 - 4		070	100	000	100				
Motor	HP	40	50	60	75	100				
Rating ¹	kW	30	37	45	55	75				
	Capacity ² [kVA]	45	82	100						
Output	FLA [A]	61	75	91	110	152				
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 Hz (0-120Hz for Vector control)								
	Voltage	380 ~ 460 V ³								
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 380 ~ 460 V	(± 10 %)							
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz (±5 %)			55 75 82 100					
	Braking Circuit	Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor) ⁴								
D	Max. Braking Torque	150%								
Dynamic Droking4	Max. Continuous	Controlled by Decking	11-11-5							
Braking ⁴	Baking Time	Controlled by Braking	Unit ³							
	Max. Duty	5 % ED								
1	Neight [lbs]	45	45	63	63	68				

Common Features Specification

	Cor	ntrol Method	V/F Control,					
			Sensorless Vector Control (Speed/Torque), Sensored Vector Control (Speed/Torque) Selectable					
	Fre	quency Setting	Digital Reference: 0.01 Hz (Below 100 Hz), 0.1 Hz (Over 100 Hz)					
4	Resolution Analog Reference: 0.03 Hz / 60 Hz Frequency Accuracy Digital: 0.01 % of Max. Output Frequency Analog: 0.1 % of Max. Output Frequency Analog: 0.1 % of Max. Output Frequency V/F Ratio Linear, Square Pattern, User V/F Overload Capacity 150 % of Rated Current for 1 Min., 200% of Rated Current for 0.5 sec. (Characteristic is Inversely Proportional to Time) Proportional to Time) Torque Boost Manual Torque Boost (0 ~ 20 %), Auto Torque Boost Operation Method Key / Terminal / Communication Operation Frequency Setting Analog: 0 ~ 10V / 4 ~ 20mA / Additional ports (VR: +12V, 10mA, V2: 0-10V) for Sub-Boards							
TRC	Fre	quency Accuracy	Digital: 0.01 % of Max. Output Frequency					
NO	Image: Properties of the system of the sy							
0	V/F	Ratio	Linear, Square Pattern, User V/F					
	Ove	erload Capacity	150 % of Rated Current for 1 Min., 200% of Rated Current for 0.5 sec. (Characteristic is Inversely					
			Proportional to Time)					
	Tor	que Boost	Manual Torque Boost (0 ~ 20 %), Auto Torque Boost					
		Operation Method	Key / Terminal / Communication Operation					
		Frequency Setting	Analog: 0 ~ 10V / 4 ~ 20mA / Additional ports (VR: +12V, 10mA, V2: 0-10V) for Sub-Boards					
~	_		Digital: Keypad					
10	gna	Start Signal	Forward, Reverse					
RA.	ut Si	Multi-Step	Up to 8 Speeds can be Set (Use Multi-Function Terminal)					
OPE	Inpu	Multi Step	0 ~ 6,000 sec, Up to 4 Types can be Set and Selectable for Each Setting (Use Multi- Function					
-		Accel/Decel Time	Terminal)					
			Accel/Decel Pattern: Linear, U-Curve, S-Curve Selectable					
		Emergency Stop	Instantly Interrupts the Inverter Output					

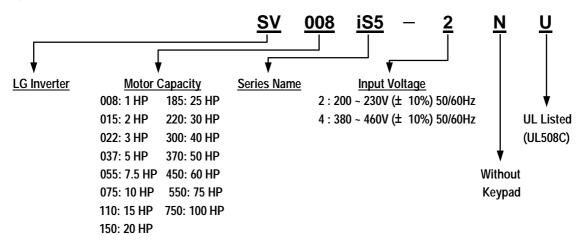
 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ Refer to Chapter 7 Options for DBU and DB Resistors

	Jo		Jog Operation					
		to Operation	Operates via Internal Sequence by Setting Multi-Function Terminal (5 Way * 8 Step)					
		ult Reset	Trip Status is Removed when Protection Function is Activated					
		erating Status	Frequency Detection Level, Overload Alarm, Stalling, Over Voltage, Under Voltage, Inverter					
		9 • • • •	Overheating, Running, Stop, Constant Speed, Inverter By-Pass, Speed Searching, Auto-Operation					
	t Sig.		Step, Auto-Operation Sequence					
	tndtnO	ult Output	Contact Output (30A, 30C, 30B) - AC 250V 1A, DC 30V 1A					
		licator(FM,LM)	Choose 1 from Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC Voltage, Output Torque					
			Output Voltage: 0 ~ 10V (for FM: Linear output, 15V Max., LM), Pulse output: 500Hz (for LM).					
	Operation Function		DC Braking, Frequency Limit, Frequency Jump, Second Function, Slip Compensation, Reverse					
			Rotation Prevention, Auto Restart, Inverter By-Pass, Auto-Tuning, PID Control					
_	Inverter Trip		Over Voltage, Under Voltage, Over Current, Fuse Open, Ground Fault, Inverter Overheating, Motor					
tion			Overheating, Output Phase Open,					
nnc-			Overload Protection, External Fault 1, 2, Communication Error, Loss of Speed Command, Hardware					
veF			Fault, Option Fault etc.					
Protective Function	Inverter	Alarm	Stall Prevention, Overload Alarm, Temperature Sensor Fault					
Pro	Momen	tary Power Loss	Less than 15msec: Continuous Operation,					
			More than 15msec: Auto Restart Possible					
		Operation	Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, Frequency Value Setting, Operating Speed, DC					
Display	Keypad	Information	Voltage, Output Torque					
Dis	кеурац	Trip	Indicates a Fault when the Protection Function activates, Retains Up to 5 Faults					
		Information						
	Ambien	t Temperature	-10 °C ~ 40 °C (14 °F ~ 104 °F), <i>CE Certification: 41 °F ~ 104 °F (5 °C ~ 40 °C)</i>					
ent	Storage	Temperature	-20 °C ~ 65 °C (-4 °F ~ 149 °F)					
Environment	Ambien	t Humidity	Less Than 90 % RH Max. (Non-Condensing), CE Certification: 5 ~85% (Non-Condensing)					
lviro	Altitude	- Vibration	Below 1,000m or 3,300ft above sea level · Below 5.9m/sec ² (=0.6g)					
ш	Air Pres	sure	86 ~ 106kPa					
	Applica	tion Site	No Corrosive Gas, Combustible Gas, Oil Mist, or Dust					
Cool	ing Meth	od	Forced Air Cooling					

CHAPTER 1 - INSTALLATION

1.1 Inspection

- Inspect the inverter for any damage that may have occurred during shipping.
- Check the nameplate on the inverter. Verify the inverter unit is the correct one for the application. The numbering
 system for the inverter is as shown below.

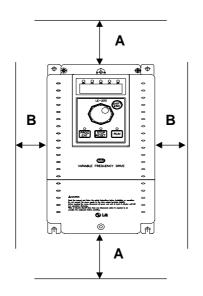


1.2 Environmental Conditions

- Verify ambient condition for the mounting location.
 - Ambient temperature should not be below 14°F (-10°C) or exceed 104°F (40°C).
 - Relative humidity should be less than 90% (non-condensing).
 - Altitude should be below 3,300ft (1,000m).
- Do not mount the inverter in direct sunlight and isolate it from excessive vibration.
- If the inverter is going to be installed in an environment with high probability of penetration of dust, it must be located inside watertight electrical boxes, in order to get the suitable IP degree.

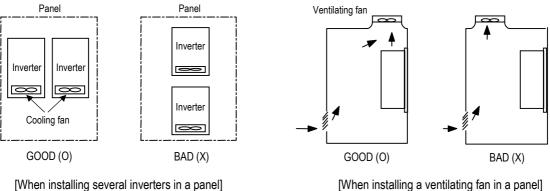
1.3 Mounting

 The inverter must be mounted vertically with sufficient horizontal and vertical space between adjacent equipment (A= Over 6" (150mm), B= Over 2" (50mm)).



1.4 Other Precautions

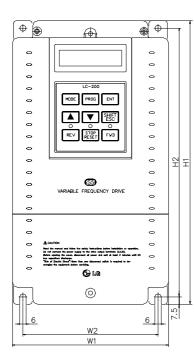
- Do not carry the inverter by the front cover.
- Do not install the inverter in a location where excessive vibration is present. Be cautious when installing on presses or moving equipment.
- The life span of the inverter is greatly affected by the ambient temperature. Install in a location where temperature are within permissible limits (- 10 ~ 40 $^{\circ}$ C).
- The inverter operates at high-temperatures install on a non-combustible surface. .
- Do not install the inverter in high-temperature or high-humidity locations.
- Do not install the inverter in a location where oil mist, combustible gas, or dust is present. Install the inverter in a clean location or in an enclosed panel, free of foreign substance.
- When installing the inverter inside a panel with multiple inverters or a ventilation fan, use caution. • If installed incorrectly, the ambient temperature may exceed specified limits.

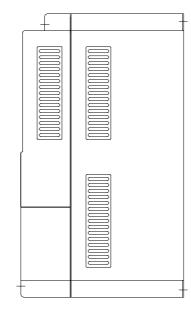


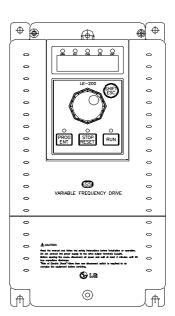
- [When installing a ventilating fan in a panel]
- Install the inverter using screws or bolts to insure the inverter is firmly fastened.

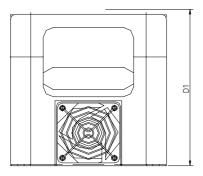
1.5 Dimensions

- Frame # 1: 1 ~ 5 HP
- Frame # 2: 7.5 ~ 10 HP



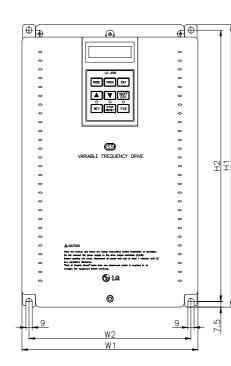


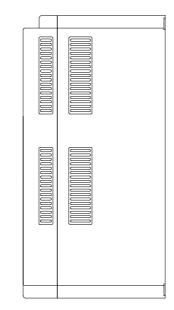


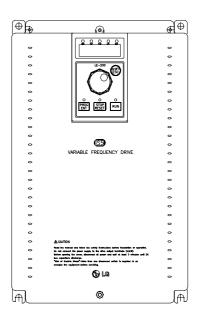


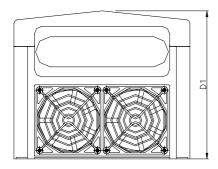
							mm (inches)
Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
	1	SV008iS5-2/4					
Frame # 1	2	SV015iS5-2/4	150	130	284	269	156.5
Frame # 1	3	SV022iS5-2/4	(5.91)	(5.12)	(11.18)	(10.69)	(6.16)
	5	SV037iS5-2/4					
Frame # 2	7.5	SV055iS5-2/4	200	180	355	340	182.5
Flame # 2	10	SV075iS5-2/4	(7.87)	(7.09)	(13.98)	(13.39)	(7.19)

- Frame # 3: 15 ~ 20 HP
- Frame # 4: 25 ~ 30 HP



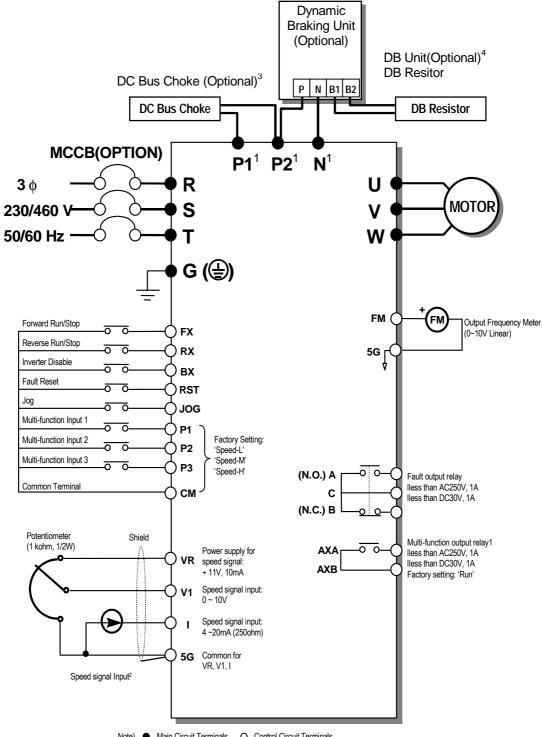






							mm (inches)
Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
Frame # 3	15	SV110iS5-2/4	250	230	385	370	201
Frame # 5	15 SV110iS5-2/4 20 SV150iS5-2/4	SV150iS5-2/4	(9.84)	(9.06)	(15.16)	(14.57)	(7.91)
Frame # 4	25	SV185iS5-2/4	304	284	460	445	234
Frame # 4	30	SV220iS5-2/4	(11.97)	(11.18)	(18.11)	(17.52)	(9.21)

1.6 Basic Wiring



Note)
Main Circuit Terminals O Control Circuit Terminals.

1 The terminal configuration varies depend on the model number. Please refer to the '1.7 Power terminals'.

Analog speed command may be set by Voltage, Current or both. When installing the DC Reactor, the Common Busbar between P1 and P2 must be removed. 2. 3.

- 4.
 - $1 \sim 10$ HP inverters have on-board braking circuit Parking resistor for dynamic braking to 1 ~ 5 inverters. 15 ~ 30 HP inverters need optional braking unit and resistor for dynamic braking.

1.7 Power Terminals

Type A Configuration: 1 ~ 5 HP (SV008iS5-2, SV015iS5-2, SV022iS5-2, SV037iS5-2, SV008iS5-4, SV015iS5-4, SV022iS5-4, SV037iS5-4)



Type B Configuration: 7.5 ~ 10 HP (SV055iS5-2, SV075iS5-2, SV055iS5-4, SV075iS5-4)



Type C Configuration: 15 ~ 30 HP (SV110iS5-2, SV150iS5-2, SV185iS5-2, SV220iS5-2, SV110iS5-4, SV150iS5-4, SV185iS5-4, SV220iS5-4)

R	S	Т	G	P1	P2	Ν	U	V	W
---	---	---	---	----	----	---	---	---	---

Symbols	Functions			
R				
S	AC Line Voltage Input (3 Phase, 200 ~ 230VAC or 380 ~ 460VAC)			
Т	(3 Fildse, 200 * 230 VAC 01 300 * 400 VAC)			
G	Earth Ground			
Р	<i>Positive DC Bus Terminal</i> DB Unit (P-P ⁵) Connection Terminals (DB Unit may be added when more braking duty (More than 30%ED) is required)			
P1	External DC Deaster (P1 P2) and DP Linit (P2 P6) Connection Terminals			
P2	External DC Reactor (P1-P2) and DB Unit (P2-P ⁶) Connection Terminals			
Ν	<i>Negative DC Bus Terminal</i> DB Unit (N-N ⁷) Connection Terminal			
B1	Dunamia Braking Desister (P1 P2) Terminala			
B2	- Dynamic Braking Resistor (B1-B2) Terminals			
U	2 Phase Dower Output Terminals to Mater			
V	3 Phase Power Output Terminals to Motor			
W	(3 Phase, 200 ~ 230VAC or 380 ~ 460VAC)			

"Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes,

240 volts maximum for 230V class models and 480 volts maximum for 460V class models."

⁶ This P terminal is provided on optional Dynamic Braking Unit.

⁷ This N terminal is provided on optional Dynamic Braking Unit.

1.7.1 Type A Configuration

As standard on the iS5 inverter, this type of configuration has internal dynamic braking resistor of 3% ED. When an application requires more braking duty, an external dynamic braking resistor may be connected instead of the internal resistor.

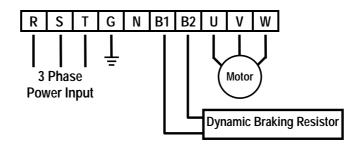


Figure 1 – Type A Dynamic Braking Resistor Installation

1.7.2 Type B Configuration

A Dynamic Braking Resistor or a Dynamic Braking Unit may be added to iS5 series inverters that have a Type B configuration power terminal strip. As standard, this type of configuration has in

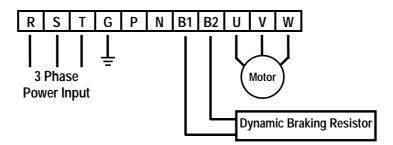


Figure 2 – Type B Dynamic Braking Resistor Installation

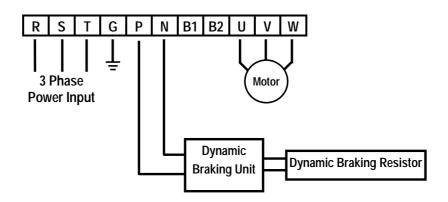


Figure 3 – Type B Additional Dynamic Braking Unit and Resistor Installation

1.7.3 Type C Configuration

A Dynamic Braking Unit or a DC Bus Choke or both of them may be added to iS5 series inverters that have a Type A Configuration power terminal strip.



Jumper Between P1 and P2 Must Be Removed in Order

to Install a DC Bus Choke.

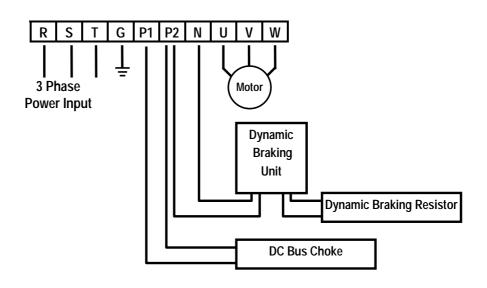


Figure 4 – Type C Dynamic Braking Unit, DC Bus Choke Installation



1.7.4 Wiring Power Terminals

- Wiring Precautions ∠
- The internal circuits of the inverter will be damaged if the incoming power is connected and applied to output terminals (U, V, W).
- Use ring terminals with insulated caps when wiring the input power and motor wiring.
- Do not leave wire fragments inside the inverter. Wire fragments can cause faults, breakdowns, and malfunctions.
- For input and output, use wires with sufficient size to ensure voltage drop of less than 2%.
- Motor torque may drop of operating at low frequencies and a long wire run between inverter and motor.
- When more than one motor is connected to one inverter, total wire length should be less than 500m (1,640ft). Do not use a 3-wire cable for long distances. Due to increased leakage capacitance between wires, over-current protective feature may operate or equipment connected to the output side may malfunction.
- Connect only recommended braking resistor between the B1 and B2 terminals. Never short B1 and B2 terminals. Shorting terminals may cause internal damage to inverter.
- The main circuit of the inverter contains high frequency noise, and can hinder communication equipment near the inverter. To reduce noise, install line noise filters on the input side of the inverter.
- Do not use power factor capacitor, surge killers, or RFI filters on the output side of the inverter. Doing so may damage these components.
- Always check whether the LCD and the charge lamp for the power terminal are OFF before wiring terminals. The charge capacitor may hold high-voltage even after the power is disconnected. Use caution to prevent the possibility of personal injury.
- Grounding
- The inverter is a high switching device, and leakage current may flow. Ground the inverter to avoid electrical shock. Use caution to prevent the possibility of personal injury.
- Connect only to the dedicated ground terminal of the inverter. Do not use the case or the chassis screw for grounding.
- The protective earth conductor must be the first one in being connected and the last one in being disconnected.
- As a minimum, grounding wire should meet the specifications listed below. Grounding wire should be as short as possible and should be connected to the ground point as near as possible to the inverter.

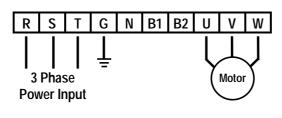
Invertor Conseitu	Grounding wire Sizes, AWG (mm ²)				
Inverter Capacity	200V Class	400VClass			
Below 5 HP	12 ((3.5)	14 (2)			
7.5 ~ 10 HP	10 (5.5)	12 (3.5)			
15 ~ 20 HP	6 (14)	8 (8)			
25 ~ 30 HP	4 (22)	6 (14)			

Wires and Terminal Lugs

Refer to the following table for wires, terminal lugs, and screws used to connect the inverter power input (R, S, T) and output (U, V, W).

		Terminal	Screw	Screw Ring Terminals		Wire ⁹				
Inverte	Inverter Capacity		Torque ⁸ (Kgf·cm)/lb-in	I orque ^o		mm²		AWG		
			(rigi oni)/io in	R,S,T	U,V,W	R,S,T	U,V,W	R,S,T	U,V,W	
	1~3 HP	M3.5	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	2	2	14	14	
	5 HP	M3.5	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	3.5	3.5	12	12	
	7.5 HP	M4	15 / 10	5.5-5	5.5-5	5.5	5.5	10	10	
200V	10 HP	M4	15 / 10	14-5	8-5	14	8	6	8	
Class	15 HP	M5	26 / 18	14-5	14-5	14	14	6	6	
	20 HP	M5	26 / 18	22-6	22-6	22	22	4	4	
	25 HP	M6	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	30	30	2	2	
	30 HP	M6	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	38	30	2	2	
	1 ~ 5 HP	M3.5	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	2	2	14	14	
	7.5 HP	M4	15 / 10	5.5-5	5.5-5	3.5	2	12	14	
4001/	10 HP	M4	15 / 10	14-5	8-5	3.5	3.5	12	12	
400V	15 HP	M5	26 / 18	14-5	14-5	5.5	5.5	10	10	
Class	20 HP	M5	26 / 18	22-6	22-6	14	8	6	8	
	25 HP	M6	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	14	8	6	8	
	30 HP	M6	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	22	14	4	6	

Power and Motor Connection



Power supply must be connected to the R, S, and T terminals. Connecting it to the U, V, and W terminals causes internal damages to the inverter. Arranging the phase sequence is not necessary. Motor should be connected to the U, V, and W terminals.

If the forward command (FX) is on, the motor should rotate counter clockwise when viewed from the load side of the motor. If the motor rotates in the reverse, switch the U and V terminals.

⁸ Apply the rated torque to terminal screws. Loose screws can cause of short circuit or malfunction. Tightening the screws too much can damage the terminals and cause a short circuit or malfunction.

 $^{^9}$ Use copper wires only with 600V, 75 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ ratings.

1.8 Control Terminals



F	י1	P	2	Ρ	3	F	X	R	X	N	С	V	R	۷	/1	
	J0	G	CI	И	CI	М	B	Х	RS	ST	I		FI	N	50	G

Ту	ре	Symbol	Name	Description
		P1, P2, P3	Multi-Function Input	Used for Multi-Function Input Terminal.
	به	11,12,13	1, 2, 3	(Factory default is set to "Step Frequency 1, 2, 3".)
	elec	FX	Forward Run Command	Forward Run When Closed and Stopped When Open.
	on S	RX	Reverse Run Command	Reverse Run When Closed and Stopped When Open.
	unctio	JOG	Jog Frequency	Runs at Jog Frequency when the Jog Signal is ON. The Direction is set by
	ct Ε		Reference	the FX (or RX) Signal.
nal	Starting Contact Function Select	BX	Emergency Stop	When the BX Signal is ON the Output of the Inverter is Turned Off. When Motor uses an Electrical Brake to Stop, BX is used to Turn Off the Output Signal. When BX Signal is OFF (Not Turned Off by Latching) and FX Signal (or RX Signal) is ON, Motor continues to Run.
Input signal	S	RST	Fault Reset	Used for Fault Reset.
ndu		СМ	Sequence Common	Common Terminal for Contact Inputs.
		NC	-	Not Used.
	ting	VR VR	Frequency Setting Power	Used as Power for Analog Frequency Setting.
	set		(+12V)	Maximum Output is +12V, 100mA.
	quency	V1	Frequency Reference (Voltage)	Used for 0-10V Input Frequency Reference. Input Resistance is 20 $\ensuremath{K\!\Omega}$
	Analog frequency setting	Ι	Frequency Reference (Current)	Used for 4-20mA Input Frequency Reference. Input Resistance is 250 Ω
	An	5G	Frequency Setting	Common Terminal for Analog Frequency Reference Signal and FM
		<u> </u>	Common Terminal	(Frequency Meter).
	og		Analog Output (0~10V)	Outputs One of the Following: Output Frequency, Output Current, Output
	Analog	FM	(For External Monitoring)	Voltage, DC Link Voltage and Torque. Default is set to Output Frequency.
ਬ				Maximum Output Voltage and Output Current are 0-12V and 1mA.
Output signal		30A		Activates when Protective Function is Operating. AC250V, 1A or less; DC30V, 1A or less.
utpu	act	30C	Fault Contact Output	Fault: 30A-30C Closed (30B-30C Open)
ō	Contact	30B		Normal: 30B-30C Closed (30A-30C Open)
	0		Multi-Function Output	Use After Defining Multi-Function Output Terminal. AC250V, 1A or less;
		AXA, AXC	Relay	DC30V, 1A or less.
Con	nm.	CN3	Communication Port	Keypad Connection Port.

Tightening Torque: 5.2 lb-in maximum.

Chapter 1 - Installation

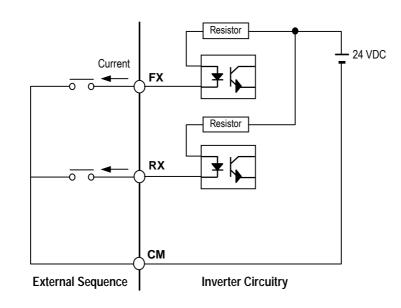
1.8.1 Wiring Control Terminals

Wiring Precautions

- CM and 5G terminals are insulated to each other. Do not connect these terminals with each other and do not connect these terminals to the power ground.
- Use shielded wires or twisted wires for control circuit wiring, and separate these wires from the main power circuits and other high voltage circuits.

Control Circuit Terminal

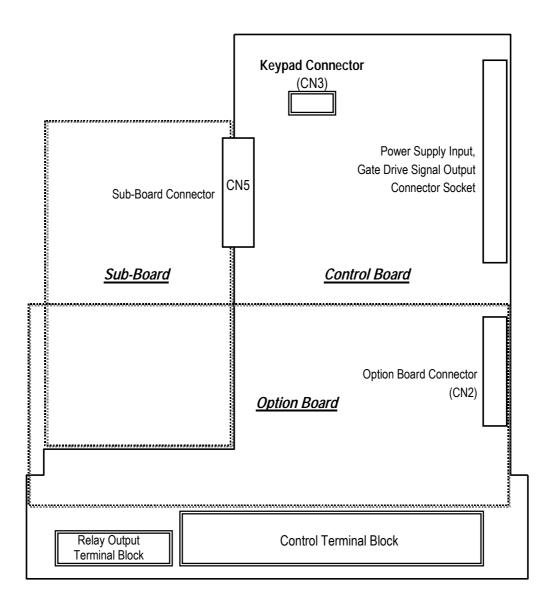
• The control input terminal of the control circuit is ON when the circuit is configured to the current flows out of the terminal, as shown in the following illustration. CM terminal is the common terminal for the contact input signals.



Do not apply voltage to any control input terminals (FX, RX, P1, P2, P3, JOG, BX, RST, CM).

1.8.2 Keypad Connection

Connect keypad to the keypad connector as illustrated below. The LCD output will not be displayed on the keypad if the keypad is not connected properly.



Notes:

CHAPTER 2 - OPERATION

The iS5 series inverter has seven parameter groups separated according to their applications as indicated in the following table.

The iS5 series inverter provides two kinds of keypad. One is of 32-character alphanumeric LCD keypad and the other is of 7-Segment LED keypad.

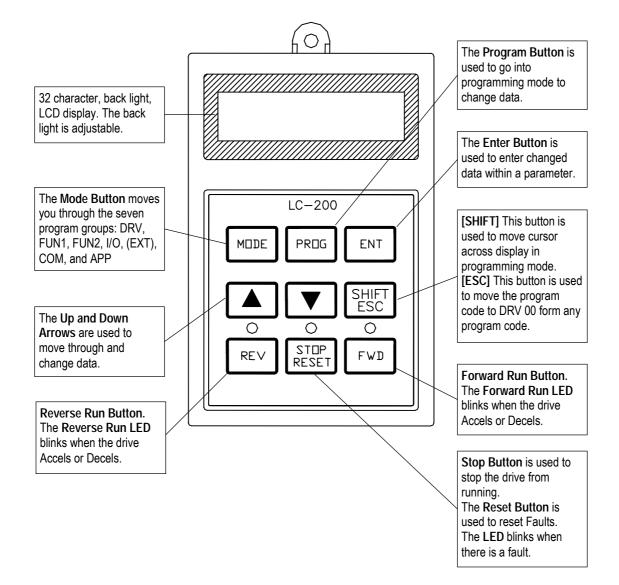
2.1 Parameter Groups

Parameter Group	LCD Keypad (Upper left Corner)	7-segment Keypad (LED is lit)	Description
Drive Group	DRV	'DRV' LED	Command Frequency, Accel/Decel Time etc. Basic Parameters
Function 1 Group	FU1	'FU1' LED Max. Frequency, Amount of Torque Boost etc. Basic Related Parameters	
Function 2 Group	FU2	'FU2' LED	Frequency Jumps, Max./Min. Frequency Limit etc. Basic Application Related Parameters
Input / Output Group	I/O	'I/O' LED	Multi-Function Terminal Setting, Auto Operation etc. Parameters needed for Sequence Operation
Sub-Board Group	EXT	'EXT' LED	Displayed when Sub-Board is Installed.
Option Group	СОМ	'I/O' + 'EXT' LED	Displayed when Option Board is Installed.
Application Group	APP	'FU2' + 'I/O' + 'EXT' LED	Traverse, MMC (Multi-Motor Control), Draw etc. Application Related Parameters

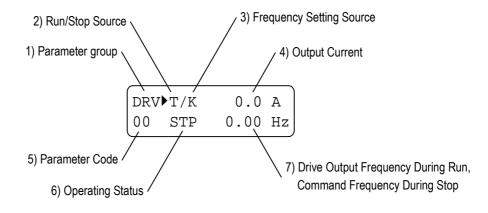
Refer to the function descriptions in Chapter 6 for detailed description of each group.

2.2 LCD Keypad

LCD keypad can display up to 32 alphanumeric characters, and various settings can be checked directly from the display. The following is an illustration of the keypad.



2.2.1 LCD Keypad Display



Displays	Description
1) Parameter Group	Displays the parameter group. There are DRV, FU1, FU2, I/O, EXT, COM, APP groups.
2) Run/Stop Source	Displays the source of motor Run and Stop
	K: Run/Stop using FWD, REV buttons on keypad
	T: Run/Stop using control terminal input FX, RX
	O: Run/Stop via option board
3) Frequency Setting	Displays the source of command frequency setting
Source	K: Frequency setting using keypad
	V: Frequency setting using V1 (0 ~10V) or V1 + I terminal
	I: Frequency setting using I (4 ~ 20mA) terminal
	U: Up terminal input when Up/Down operation is selected
	D: Down terminal input when Up/Down operation is selected
	S: Stop status when Up/Down operation is selected
	O: Frequency setting via Option board
	X: Frequency setting via Sub board
	J: Jog terminal input
	1 ~ 8: Step frequency operation
	* During Auto operation, 2) and 3) display the 'sequence number/step'.
4) Output Current	Displays the Output Current during operation.
5) Parameter Code	Displays the code of a group. Use the ▲ (Up), ▼ (Down) key to move through 0~99 codes.
6) Operating Status	Displays the operation information.
	STP: Stop Status
	FWD: During Forward operation
	REV: During Reverse operation
	DCB: During DC Braking
	LOP: Loss of Reference from Option Board (DPRAM fault)
	LOR: Loss of Reference from Option Board (Communication network fault)
	LOV: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (V1: 0~10V)
	LOI: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (I: 4~20mA)
	LOS: Loss of Reference from Sub-Board
7) Drive Output Frequency	Displays the Output Frequency during run.
Command Frequency	Displays the Command Frequency during stop.

Chapter 2 - Operation

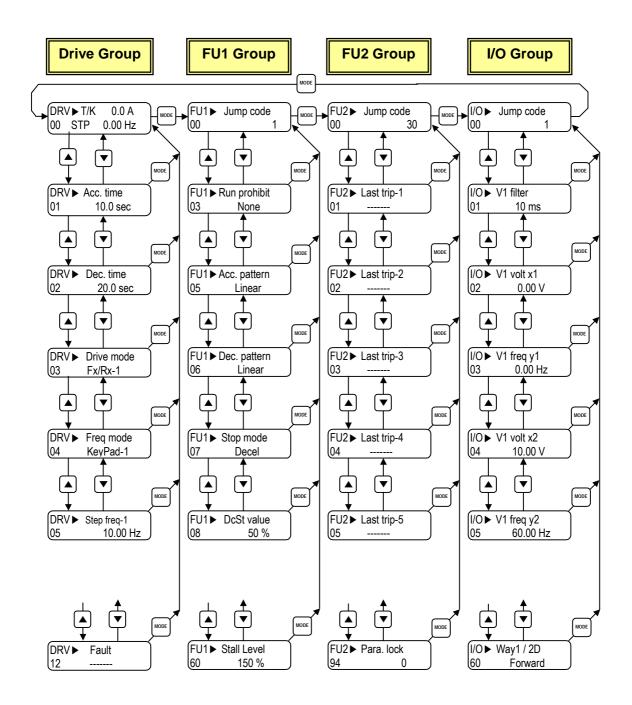
2.2.2 Procedure for Setting Data (LCD Keypad)

- 1. Press [MODE] key until the desired parameter group is displayed.
- 2. Press [▲] or [▼] keys to move to the desired parameter code. If you know the desired parameter code, you can set the code number of each parameter group in "Jump code", except DRV group.
- 3. Press **[PROG]** key to go into the programming mode, the cursor starts blinking.
- 4. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 5. Press $[\blacktriangle]$ or $[\lor]$ keys to change the data.
- 6. Press [ENT] key to enter the data. The cursor stops blinking.
- **Note:** Data cannot be changed when:

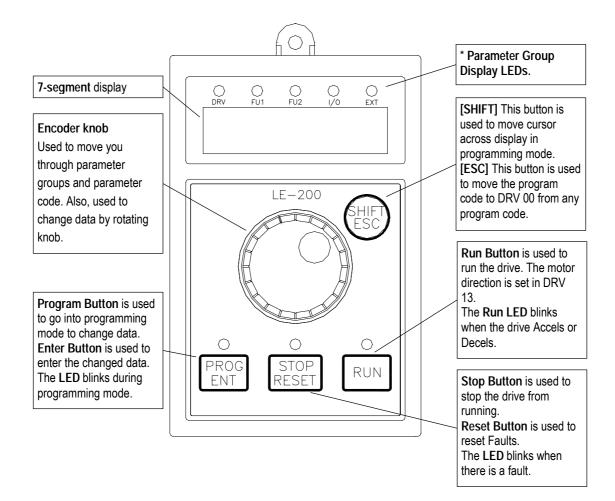
1) The parameter is not adjustable during the inverter is running. (Refer to the function table in Chapter 5), or, 2) Parameter Lock function is activated in FU2-94 [Parameter Lock].

2.2.3 Parameter Navigation (LCD Keypad)

The parameter group moves directly to DRV group by pressing [SHIFT/ESC] key in any parameter code.



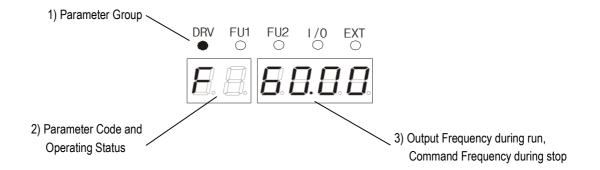
2.3 7-Segment Keypad



* **Parameter Group Display LEDs** – When parameter code is located on DRV 20, DRV 21, DRV 22 and DRV 23, respectively, by rotating the encoder knob, the parameter group display LEDs of DRV, FUN1, FUN2, I/O, EXT blink.

LED	Parameter Group	Description
DRV	Drive Group	Lit in Drive group.
FU1	FUNCTION 1 Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 20 [FUN1]. Lit when FUNCTION 1 group is selected.
FU2	FUNCTION 2 Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 21 [FUN2]. Lit when FUNCTION 2 group is selected.
I/O	Input/Output Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 22 [I/O]. Lit when Input/Output group is selected
EXT	Sub-Board Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 23 [EXT]. Lit when Sub-Board group is selected. This group appears only when a Sub-Board is installed.
I/O + EXT Option Group		Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 24 [EXT]. Lit when Option group is selected. This group appears only when an Option Board is installed.
FU2 + I/O + EXT	Application Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 25 [FUN2].

2.3.1 7-Segment Keypad Display



Display	Description
1) Parameter Group	Displays the parameter groups of DRV, FU1, FU2, I/O, EXT, COM, APP groups.
	Each LED is lit when its parameter group is selected and blinks when the parameter code is located on
	DRV 20, DRV 21, DRV 22, DRV 23, DRV 24, and DRV 25.
2) Parameter Code and	Displays the code of a group. Rotate the encoder knob to move through 0 ~ 99 codes.
Operating Status	Displays the operation information.
	[First digit]
	F: Forward operation
	r: Reverse operation
	[Second digit]
	d: DC Braking
	J: Jog Terminal Input
	1~8: Step Frequency Input (Displays the Step of the Auto operation)
	[Two digits] - when the reference is lost.
	LP: Loss of Reference from the Option Board (DPRAM fault)
	Lr: Loss of Reference from the Option Board (Communication network fault)
	Lv: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (V1: 0~10V)
	LI: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (I: 4~20mA)
	LX: Loss of Reference from the Sub-Board
3) Output Frequency,	Displays the Output Frequency during run.
Command Frequency	Displays the Command Frequency during stop.

2.3.2 Procedure for Setting Data (7-Segment Keypad)

In DRV Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until the desired parameter code is displayed.
- 2. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the programming mode, then the display blinks.
- 3. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 4. Rotate the encoder knob to change the data.
- 5. Press [PROG/ENT] key to enter the changed data.

■ In FUN1 Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '20' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the FUN1 group.
- 3. Rotate the encoder knob until the desired parameter code is displayed.
- 4. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the programming mode, then the display blinks.
- 5. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 6. Rotate the encoder knob to change the data.
- 7. Press [PROG/ENT] key to enter the changed data.

In FUN2 Group:

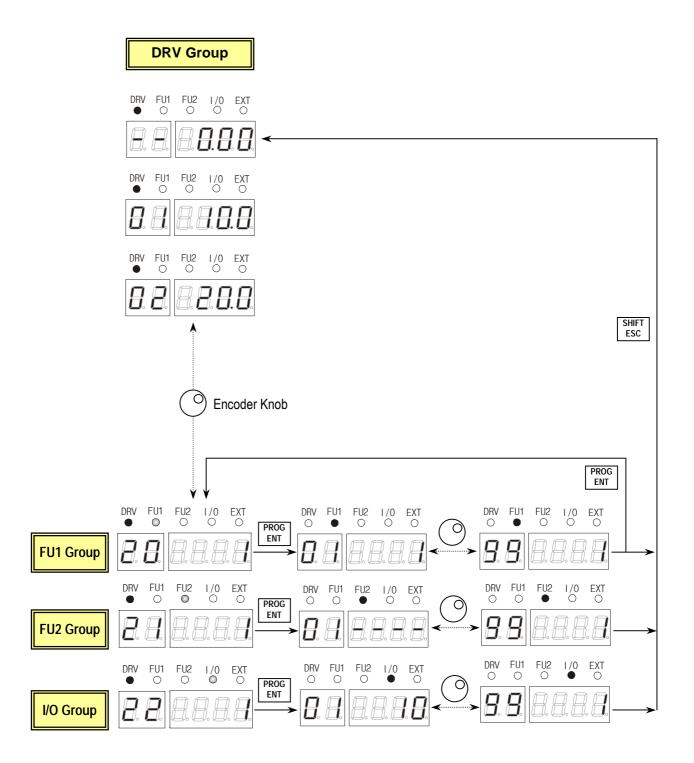
- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '21' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Go to step 2 of 'In FUN1 Group' above, and follow the rest procedure.

In I/O Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '22' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Go to step 2 of 'In FUN1 Group' above, and follow the rest procedure.

2.3.3 Parameter Navigation (7-Segment Keypad)

The parameter group moves directly to DRV group by pressing [SHIFT/ESC] key in any parameter code.



2.4 Operation Method

The iS5 has several operation methods as shown below.

Operation Method	Function	Function Setting
Operation using Keypad	Run/Stop command and frequency are set only through the	DRV 03: Keypad
	keypad.	DRV 04: Keypad-1 or -2
Operation using	Closing FX or RX terminal performs Run/Stop.	DRV 03: Fx/Rx-1 or -2
Control Terminals	Frequency reference is set through V1 or I or V1+I terminal.	DRV 04: V1 or I or V1+I
Operation using both	Run/Stop is performed by the keypad.	DRV 03: Keypad-1 or -2
Keypad and Control	Frequency reference is set through the V1 or I or V1+I	DRV 04: V1 or I or V1+I
Terminals	terminal.	
	Closing FX or RX terminal performs Run/Stop.	DRV 03: Fx/Rx-1 or -2
	Frequency reference is set through the keypad.	DRV 04: Keypad-1 or -2
Operation using	Operation using option board.	Please refer to 'Chapter 7 -
Option Boards	The iS5 has five option boards and three sub-boards.	Options' for more
	Option Boards: RS485, Device-Net, F-Net, ProfiBus and	information.
	ModBus	
	Sub-Boards: Sub-A Board, Sub-B Board, Sub-C Board and	
	Sub-D Board.	

Notes:

CHAPTER 3 - QUICK-START PROCEDURES

These Quick-Start Up instructions are for those applications where:

- The user wants to get the iS5 inverter started quickly
- The factory-preset values are suitable for the user application

The factory-preset values are shown on the 'Chapter 4 - Parameter List'. The iS5 inverter is configured to operate a motor at 60Hz (base frequency). If the application requires coordinated control with other controllers, it is recommended the user become familiar with all parameters and features of the inverter before applying AC power.

- 1. Mounting the inverter (mount the inverter as described in '1.3 Mounting')
 - Install in a clean, dry location
 - Allow a sufficient clearance around top and sides of inverter
 - The ambient temperature should not exceed 40°C (104°F)
 - If two or more inverters are installed in an enclosure, add additional cooling
- 2. Wiring the inverter (connect wiring as described in '1.7 Power Terminals')
 - AC power should be turned OFF
 - Verify the AC power matches the nameplate voltage
 - Remove the screw on the bottom front cover of the inverter for terminal board access (For terminal board access on 15~ 30HP inverters you must disconnect the keypad cable from the inverter and fully removed the cover)

3.1 Operation using Keypad

J. I	Operation using Reypau	LCD Display	7-Segment Display
1.	Apply AC power.	DRVÞT/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz	The DRV LED is ON.
2.	LCD: Press [▲] key three times. 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob until '03' is displayed.	DRV Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1	The DRV LED is turned ON.
3.	LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press[PROG/ENT] key.	DRV Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1	The PROG/ENT LED turned ON.
4.	LCD: Press [▼] key one time. 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob left.	DRV Drive mode 03 Keypad	The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.
5.	LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.	DRV Drive mode 03 Keypad	03 0
6.	Press [PROG/ENT] key.	DRV►K/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz	F 0.00
7.	LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.	DRV Cmd. freq 00 0.00Hz	The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.
8.	 LCD: Press [SHIFT/ESC] key and press [▲] key to increase the command frequency. 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob right to change the command frequency. The changing digit moves by pressing the [SHIFT/ESC] key. 	DRV Cmd. freq 00 60.00Hz	The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.
9.	LCD: Press [ENT] key to save the data. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key to save the data.	DRVÞK/K 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz	F 50.00
10.	LCD: Press [FWD] or [REV] key to start motor. 7-Seg: Press [RUN] key to start motor.	The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.	The RUN LED starts blinking. To change the motor running direction, change DRV 13 to '1'.
11.	Press [STOP/RESET] key to stop motor.	The FWD or REV LED starts blinking.	The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

3.2 Operation using Control Terminals

Install a potentiometer on terminals V1, VR, 5G 1. and connect wiring as shown below.

1 kΩ, 1/2 W ሳ 0 P1 P2 P3 FX RX NC VR VI JOG CM CM BX RST L FM 5G

- Apply AC power. 2.
- 3. Confirm that the DRV 03 is set at 'Fx/Rx-1'.
- 4. LCD: Press [▲] key to move DRV 04. 7-Seg: Rotate encoder knob until '04' is displayed.
- 5. LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 6. LCD: Press [] key and set at 'V1'. 7-Seg: Rotate encoder knob and set at '2'.
- 7. LCD: Press [ENT] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 8. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key.
- 9. Set the frequency by rotating the potentiometer.

LCD Display	7-Segmer	ıt Display
DRV►T/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz	The DRV LED is Of	
DRV▶ Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1	[]]	ł
DRV Freq mode 04 Keypad-1		
DRV► Freq mode 04 Keypad-1	The PROG/ENT LE	D is turned ON.
DRV Freq mode 04 V1	The PROG/ENT LE	D is turned ON.
DRV► Freq mode 04 V1	The PROG/ENT LE	D is turned OFF
DRV►T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz	F	
DRV►T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz	F 6	0.00

10. Close the FX or RX contact to run the motor.

11. Open the FX or RX contact to stop the motor.

The FWD or REV LED starts blinking.

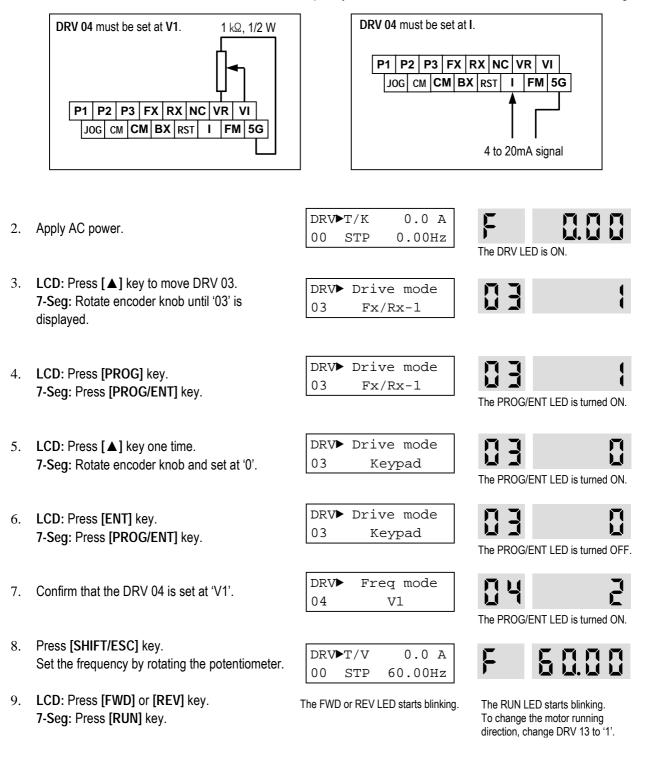
The RUN LED starts blinking.

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking. The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

3.3 Operation using Keypad and Control Terminals

3.3.1 Frequency set by External Source and Run/Stop by Keypad

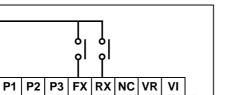
 Install a potentiometer on terminals V1, VR, 5G and connect wiring as shown below left. When a '4 to 20mA' current source is used as the frequency reference, use terminals I and 5G as shown below right.



7-Segment Display

3.3.2 Frequency set by Keypad and Run/Stop by External Source.

1. Connect wiring as shown below.



JOG CM CM BX RST I FM 5G

10. Open the FX or RX contact to stop the motor.

DRV►T/K 0.0 A Ę Apply AC power. 2. 00 0.00Hz STP The DRV LED is ON. Confirm that the DRV 03 is set at 'Fx/Rx-1'. 3. DRV Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1 Confirm that the DRV 04 is set at Freq mode 4. DRV 'Keypad-1'. 04 Keypad-1 DRV►T/K 0.0 A Ę Press [SHIFT/ESC] key. 5. 00 STP 0.00Hz DRV▶ Cmd. freq 6. LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key. 00 0.00Hz The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON. 7. LCD: Set the frequency using [SHIFT/ESC] and DRV▶ Cmd. freq [▲] key. 60.00Hz 00 The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON. 7-Seg: Set the frequency by rotating the encoder knob. 0.0 A 5000 DRV►T/V F 8. LCD: Press [ENT] key to save the data. 00 STP 60.00Hz 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key to save the data. The FWD or REV LED starts blinking. The RUN LED starts blinking. Close the FX or RX contact to run the motor. 9.

LCD Display

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking. The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

CHAPTER 4 - VARIOUS FUNCTION SETTING & DESCRIPTION

4.1 Function Setting

4.1.1 Basic function parameter setting

It is the basic function setting. All settings are factory defaults unless users make change. It is recommended to use factory setting value unless the parameter change is necessary.

1) Common parameter setting

The following table shows common parameter setting that should be checked before use but making change does not affect inverter control type.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Rated Motor Selection	FU2-30	Select motor and voltage rating suitable to the desired inverter
Parameters related to motor	FU2-31 ~ 36	Basic parameter value setting when selecting the motor rating. Note) If there is any discrepancy between parameter preset value and the actual motor parameter value, change the parameter value according to the actual motor.
Drive Mode	DRV-3	Operation via Keypad, Fx/Rx-1, Fx/Rx-2 setting enable
Frequency or Torque Mode	DRV-4	Frequency/Torque setting parameter It automatically changes to torque mode when FU2 39- [Control mode] is set to Sensorless_T, Vector_TRQ
Accel/Decel time setting	DRV-1, DRV-2	Setting Accel/Decel time enable

2) V/f control

FU2-39 [Control mode] is set to 0 (V/F) as factory setting. Operation via V/F control can be performed after common parameter settings are done and the followings are set.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Starting freq.	FU1-22	Setting frequency to start the motor
Torque boost	FU1-26	Manual or Auto torque boost settable in this parameter
Torque boost value in FWD/REV	FU1-27, FU1-28	If FU1-26 [torque boost] is set to manual, user sets the desired value and the direction in code FU1-27 and 28.

3) V/F + PG control

If FU2-39 [control mode] is set to V/F with PG (encoder) feedback using SUB-B or SUB-D boards, the control type is automatically changed to V/F + PG. The following parameters should be set accordingly to enable PG feedback using SUB-B or SUB-D boards.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Usage of Pulse Input Signal	EXT-12	Defines the use of pulse input signal with SUB-B or SUB- D mounted. This parameter should be set to 1 {Feed- back}.
Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-15	Three types of input signal settable; (A+B), A, -(A+B)
Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-16	Defines the number of encoders of the motor.
P-Gain for 'Sub-B' I-Gain for 'Sub-B'	EXT-22, EXT-23	PI gains for PI controller during PG operation
Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board	EXT-24	Setting as a percent of FU2-32 [Rated Motor Slip]

4) Slip compensation

operation is done via Slip compensation if FU2-39 is set to 1 {Slip compen}. This control keeps motor speed constant regardless of load change.

5) Auto-tuning of motor constant

This parameter enables auto-tuning of the motor constants. If set to 1 {All mode}, tuning type varies according to what control mode is set in [FU2-39]. Auto-tuning can be done in two ways – one is motor non-rotation mode, the other is motor rotation mode.

- ① Auto-tuning by non-rotation mode: Rs+Lsigma
- 2 Auto-tuning by rotation mode : All, Enc Test, Tr

Before performing Auto-tuning, set motor rating, motor parameter in common setting and select the desired control mode in FU2-39 [control mode selection]. However, when auto-tuning parameters related to encoder, detail functions settings of vector control should be pre-defined. If Enc Test, Tr and control mode are set to vector control, Sub-B or Sub-D board should be mounted.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Auto-tuning	FU2-40	No, All, Rs+Lsigma, Enc Test, Tr
Parameter value display	FU2-34, FU2-41 ~ 44	Tuned value monitoring (no-load current, stator/rotor resistance, leakage inductance, rotor filter time constant)

FU2-40	Description
No	Motor constants calculation disabled
All constants can be measured in this code but different constants are according to control mode type; For V/F, Slip compen , Sensorless_S, Sensorless_T: (No-load current, stator resistance, leakage inductance, stator inductan available) Note) Only no-load current can be calculated during V/F and Slip comp For Vector_SPD, Vector_T: No-load current, stator resistance, leakage inductance, stator inductan encoder test, rotor filter time constant	
Rs+Lsigma Calculate stator resistance, leakage inductance	
Enc Test Calculate the encoder status	
Tr	Calculate Rotor filter time constant

6) Sensorless vector control

Set FU2-39 to 2 {Sensorless_S} or 3 {Sensorless_T} to enable Sensorless vector control. It is strongly recommended to perform Auto-tuning for Sensorless before starting Sensorless control in order to maximize performance. Two types of Sensorless vector control are available; Sensorless_S or Sensorless_T.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Control mode selection	FU2-39	Select Sensorless_S or Sensorless_T
P, I gain for sensorless control	FU2-45, FU2-46	Setting gain for Sensorless_S control
Starting freq	FU1-22	Starting freq of the motor

7) Vector control

Set FU2-39 to 4 {Vector_SPD} or 5{Vector_TRQ} to enable Vector control. Encoder should be installed to the motor with Sub-B or Sub-D boards in the inverter to start this control.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Usage of Pulse Input Signal	EXT-12	Defines the method of pulse input with SUB-B or SUB-D boards mounted. Vector control setting is valid only after this parameter is set to 1 {Feed-back}.
Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-15	3 types of pulse input : (A+B), A, -(A+B)
Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-16	Enter the pulse number of encoder in the motor.

Before selecting Vector control mode, encoder setting should be done as indicated above. If the parameter value of actual motor is set in common setting, execute Auto-tuning before selecting vector control mode.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Select Vector_SPD or Vector_TRQ
Forward/ Reverse Torque Limit	EXT-27, EXT-28	Setting the FWD/REV limit to the torque current
P-Gain/ I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	EXT-25, EXT-26	Setting P/I Gain for Vector_SPD control
Speed Limit setting	EXT-50, EXT-51 EXT-52, EXT-53	Setting speed limit for Vector_TRQ
Zero Speed Detection Level/ Bandwidth	EXT-54, EXT-55	Setting on/off of Multi-function output terminal relay when the motor speed reaches to 0.
Torque Detection Level/Bandwidth	EXT-56, EXT-57	Detect certain level/bandwidth of Torque

4.1.2 Advanced function 1 setting

SV-iS5 inverter features advanced function parameters to maximize efficiency and performance of the motor. It is recommended to use as factory setting unless parameter value change is necessary.

1) V/F control

Parameter Name	Code	Description
V/F Pattern	FU1-29	Use it according to load characteristics. If User V/F is selected, User can select the optimum output V/F characteristic for the aplication and load characteristics in [FU1-30]~[FU1-37]
Dwell operation	FU2-07 FU2-08	Used to output torque in an intended direction. Inverter stops acceleration for the preset [FU2-08] Dwell time while running at Dwell frequency [FU2-07] and starts acceleration at commanded frequency. Setting [FU2-08] Dwell time to 0 disable the Dwell operation.
Frequency jump	FU2-10 FU2-11~16	When it is desired to avoid resonance attributable to the natural frequency of a mechanical system, these parameters allow resonant frequencis to be jumped. Up to three areas can be set, with the jump frequencies set to either the top or bottom point of each area. To enable the function, set [FU2-10] to 'Yes' and set the value in [FU2-11]~[FU2-16].
S-shaped curve Accel/Decel pattern	FU2-17/ FU2-18	This pattern has an effect on the prevention of cargo collapse on conveyor etc and reduction in an acceleration/ deceleration shock.

2) Sensorless vector control

Related parameters for starting during Sensorless vector control when FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection] is set to 2 {Sensorless_S}.

Status	Code	Description
	FU1-14	Setting pre-excitation time
When starting	I/O12~14 EXT2~4	Multi-function input terminal P1- P6 define

3) Vector control [Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ]

Related parameters for starting/ running/ stopping during Vector control when FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection] is set to 4 {Vector_SPD}.

Status	Code	Description	
	FU1-14	Setting pre-excitation time	
When starting	I/O12~14 EXT2~4	Multi-function input terminal P1- P6 define	
Pre-excitation current	FU1-16	Setting the Pre-excitation current	
	FU1-15	Setting hold time at a stop	
When stopping	FU1-7	Stopping method selection	

This parameter can limit the over-speeding (motor running above limit level) of the motor when FU2-39[Control mode] is set to 5 {Vector_TRQ}.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Speed limit level / bias / gain	EXT-50 ~ EXT-53	Function to limit the speed and change reference torque value according to speed

4) Parameters to view motor and inverter status

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Output current/ motor speed	DRV 8 ~ 9	Display output current and motor rpm
DC link voltage	DRV 10	Display DC link voltage
User display selection (Voltage and watt)	DRV11 FU2-73	Either output voltage or power selected in FU2-73 is displayed in DRV11.
Reference/ Feedback frequency display	DRV15	Display Reference/ Feedback frequency display
Fault display	DRV12	Display the current inverter fault

5) Parameter initialize

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Software version	FU2-79	Display the inverter software version
Parameter Read/Write/Initialize/Write protection	FU2-91 FU2-92 FU2-93 FU2-94	[FU2-91], [FU2-92]: Copying parameters from other inverter enabled [FU2-93]: Initializing parameters to factory setting values [FU2-94] : Parameter write disabled

6) Protection & fault detection level setting

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Electronic thermal	FU1-50 FU1-51 FU1-52 FU1-53	Protection of the motor from overheating without the use of external thermal relay. Refer to parameter descriptions for more detail.
Overload alarm and trip	FU1-54, FU1-55 FU1-56, FU1-57 FU1-58	Warning alarm outputs and displays the trip message when overcurrent above the threshold value keeps on.
Stall prevention	FU1-59, FU1-60	Set the output current level at which the output freq will be adjusted to prevent the motor from stoping due to over- current etc. it activates during accel/ constant speed/ decel to prevent the motor stall.

7) Starting / Accel/ Decel / Stopping pattern setting

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Accel/Decel pattern	FU1-05 FU1-06	5 types of Accel/ Decel pattern: 'Linear', 'S-curve', 'U- curve', 'Minimum', 'Optimum' settable according to appplication and load characteristic. If 'S-curve' is selected, the desired value of [FU2-17], [FU2-18] is settable.
Stopping method	FU1-07	3 types of stopping method 'Decel', 'DC-brake', 'Free-run' selectable. If 'DC-brake' is selected, the desired value of [FU1-8]~ [FU1-11] is settable.
Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage/ Time	FU1-12 FU1-13	The motor accelerates after the preset [FU1-12] for the preset [FU1-13] is applied. Starting DC injection braking is inactive when the value is set to 0 in control mode other than V/F and Slip compensation.
Frequency Limit selection	FU1-23 Fu1-24 FU1-25	Limits the active frequency. Inverter operates at the freq range between upper freq limit [FU1-25] and bottom freq limit [FU1-24] and higher/ lower freq value is entered, it is automatically replaced by limit value. Setting range: [FU1- 20] Maximum freq to [FU1-21] Base freq.
Dynamic braking	FU2-75 FU2-76	Select the DB resistor mode when the regenerative load. Is connected. Refer to DBU manual for more details.

8) Operation-starting method

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Starting method	FU2-20 FU2-21 FU2-26 FU2-27	Motor starting method: [FU2-20] : Power-on run, [FU2-21] Restart after Fault Reset, [FU2-26] Number of Auto Restart Attempt [FU2-27] Delay Time Before Auto Restart See parameter description for more.
Speed Search Selection	FU2-22 FU2-23 FU2-24 FU2-25	Speed search function is available during Accel, trip, instant power failure, restart after fault reset and auto restart. See parameter description for more.

4.1.3 Advanced function 2 setting

1) PID operation

The inverter can be used to exercise process control, e.g. flow rate, air volume or pressure via PID feedback control.

Parameter Name	Code	Description	
PID control setting	FU2-41~ FU2-60	Setting parameters for PID control	

2) Jog and Multi-speed operation

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Multi function input terminal setting	I/O-12 ~14 EXT2 ~ 4	If I/O-12 ~14 are set to Speed-H, Speed-M, Speed-L, multi- speed operation up to speed 7 enable
Filter time constant for input terminal	I/O-17	Effective for eliminating noise in the freq. setting circuit
Speed reference value	DRV-05 ~ 7 I/O-21 ~ I/O-24	Setting speed reference value for each step
Accel/Decel time setting for each step	I/O-25 ~ 38	Setting Accel/Decel time for each step
Jog freq.	I/O-20	Setting jog freq for jog operation

Speed-H	Speed-M	Speed-L	JOG	Speed Signal	Applied speed value
0	0	0	0	Speed 0	DRV-00
Х	х	Х	1	Jog freq.	I/O-20
0	0	1	0	Speed –1	DRV-05
0	1	0	0	Speed –2	DRV-06
0	1	1	0	Speed –3	DRV-07
1	0	0	0	Speed –4	I/O-21
1	0	1	0	Speed –5	I/O-22
1	1	0	0	Speed –6	I/O-23
1	1	1	0	Speed –7	I/O-24

3) Auto sequence operation

If I/O-50 [Auto (Sequence) Operation selection] is set to 1 {Auto-A} or 2 {Auto-B}, up to 5 sequences can be set with max of 8 steps (speed) in each sequence. Therefore, max 40 operating steps can be made. Two different types of auto sequence (A, B) operation are available.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Auto operation setting	I/O-50 ~ 84	Set 8 steps and 5 sequences (Max)

4) 2nd motor operation

2nd function setting is required to run the two motors by one inverter by exchange. If the terminal defined for 2nd function signal input is turned ON, 2nd motor operation is valid.

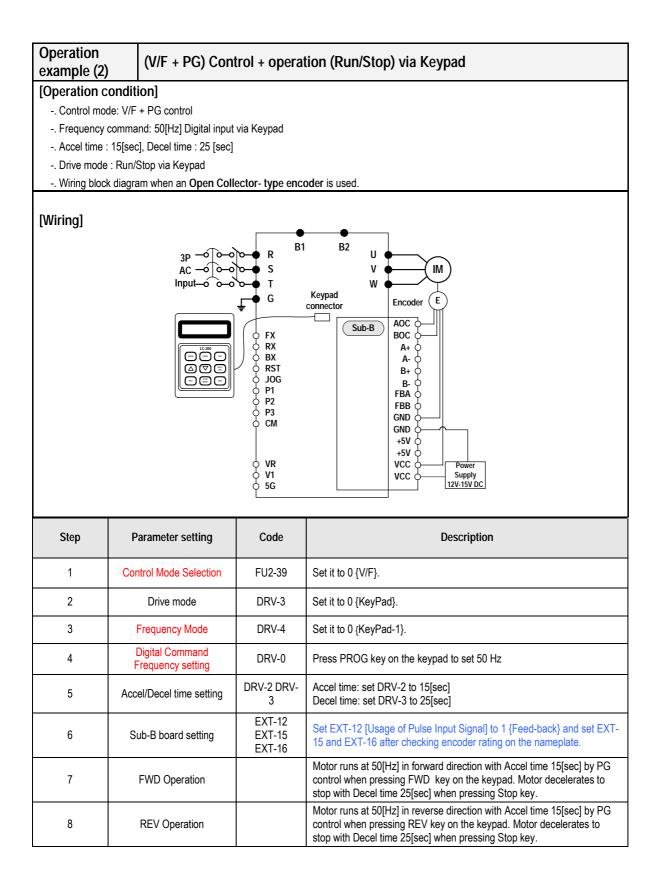
Parameter Name	Code	Description
Multi-function input	I/O-12 ~14	2 nd motor operation is available with Multi-function input
terminals setting	EXT2 ~ 4	terminals P1 ~ P3 or P4 ~ 6 set to 7 { 2^{nd} Func}.
Parameter setting for	FU2-81 ~ FU2-90	Setting parameters necessary to operate 2 nd motor such
2 nd motor operation	102-01 - 102-90	as base freq., Accel/Decl time, Stall.

5) Energy-saving operation

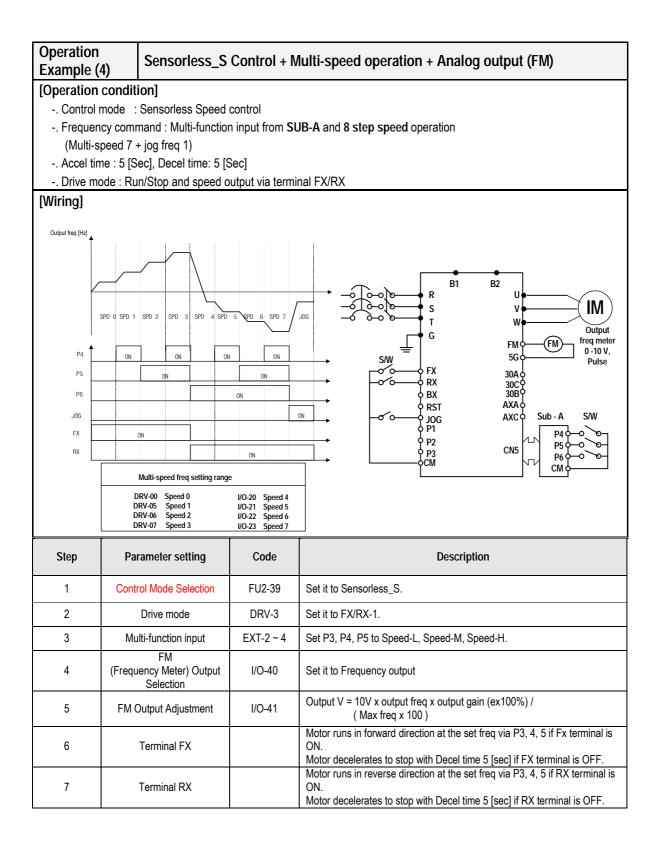
FU1-39 [Energy Save Level] tunes the inverter output voltage to minimize the inverter output voltage during during constant speed operation. Appropriate for energy-saving applications such as fan, pump and HVAC.

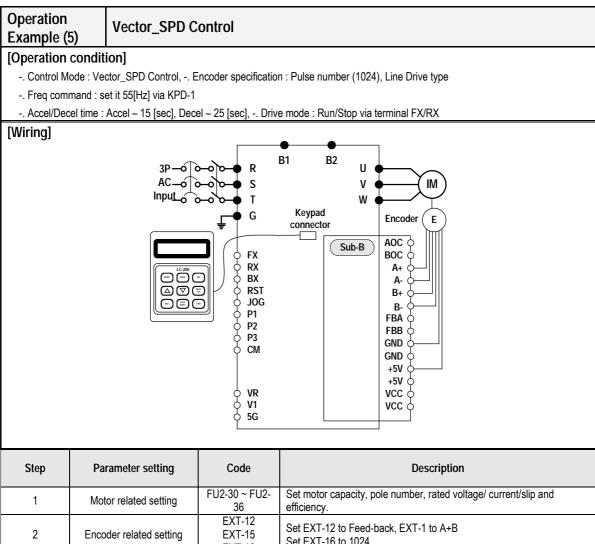
4.2 Operation Example

Operation Example		V/F Control +	Analog Volt	age Input (V1) + Operation via Terminal (FX/RX)
[Operation	condit	ion]		
Control r	node : V/F	- control		
Frequen	cy comma	nd : 50[Hz] analog inp	out via V1 termina	al
Accel/De	cel time :	Accel – 15 [Sec], Dec	el – 25 [Sec]	
Drive mo	de: Run/S	Stop via FX/RX termina	al	
[Wiring]			0 0 R 0 0 S 0 0 T 0 0 FX 0 0 CM 0 0 CM 0 0 CM 0 0 5G	B1 B2 U V V W FM O 5G O 30A O 30C O 30B O AXA O AXC O 0
Step	Pa	rameter setting	Code	Description
1	Cont	rol Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}
2		Drive Mode	DRV-3	Set it to Fx/Rx-1.
3		Analog input	DRV-4	set V1 Analog input value in frequency mode
4	50[⊦	Iz] freq command setting	DRV-0	set freq command 50[Hz] via V1(potentiometer)
5	A	ccel/Decel time	DRV-2 DRV- 3	Set Accel time to 15 [Sec] in DRV-2 Set Decel time to 25 [Sec] in DRV-3
6		Terminal FX		Motor starts to rotate in Forward direction at 50Hz with Accel time 15 [sec] when FX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25[sec] when FX terminal is turned OFF.
7		Terminal RX		When RX terminal is turned ON motor starts to rotate in Reverse direction at 50[Hz] with Accel time 15 [Hz]. When it is OFF, motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25 [Sec].



Operation Example		2 nd motor operation						
[Operation	n conditi	on]						
Contro	I mode: V/	F control						
1 st mot	or + 2 nd m	otor Operation by exchange	e using [2 nd F	Func] (Values can be set differently)				
Freque	ncy comm	and : Using Multi-speed						
				as main speed				
A 1/5				with P1 terminal set as multi-speed operation				
Accel/L	Decel time	: 1 st motor Accel time: 2 nd motor Accel time						
- Drive m	node · Rur	/Stop via FX/RX	. зојзесј, ре					
[Wiring]								
3P -o -o R B1 B2 U -o -o Ist motor AC -o -o								
Step		Parameter setting	Code	Description				
1	Co	ontrol Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.				
2		Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to Fx/Rx-1.				
3	Fr	equency Mode setting	DRV-4	Set it to 0 {keypad-1}. (setting 1 st motor freq)				
4	Multi-	function input terminal P2	I/O-13	Set P2 to 2nd Func.				
5	Multi-	function input terminal P1	I/O-12	Set P1 to Speed-L). (setting 2 nd motor freq)				
6	Fre	eq setting for 1st motor	DRV-0	Set it to 50[Hz].				
7	7 Accel/Decel time setting for 1 st motor DRV-1, DRV-2 Set Accel/Decel time to 15[sec]/25[sec].							
8	Fre	eq setting for 2nd motor	DRV-5	Set it to 10[Hz].				
9	Accel/De	cel time setting for 2nd motor	FU2-81/82	Set Accel/Decel time to 30[sec]/50[sec].				
10	- Run the motor in FWD/REV direction using FX/RX terminal.							
11		2 nd motor operation		 Set 2nd motor parameters by turning terminal P2 ON. Change the freq setting to 20[Hz] by turning terminal P1 ON. Change 2nd motor terminal by turning output relay ON. Run the motor in FWD/REV direction by terminal FX/RX. 				





1	Motor related setting	36	efficiency.
2	Encoder related setting	EXT-12 EXT-15 EXT-16	Set EXT-12 to Feed-back, EXT-1 to A+B Set EXT-16 to 1024
3	Control Mode Selection	Fu2-39	Encoder related setting should be done before setting control mode to Vector_SPD.
4	Auto-tuning	FU2-40	Auto-tuning starts when set to ALL. Read the encode rmanual carefully to clear the error if the messages " Enc Err", "Enc Rev" are displayed.
5	Keypad input setting	DRV-4 DRV-0	Set DRV-4 to KPD-1 and press the Prog key to set 55 [Hz] in Drv-0.
6	Accel/Decel time setting	DRV-1 DRV-2	Accel time: set 15[Sec] Decel time: set 25[Sec]
7	Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to FX/RX-1.
8	FX/RX terminal		Motor runs with Accel time 15 [Sec] at 55 [Hz] if FX/RX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25 [Sec] if FX/RX terminal is turned OFF.

Notes:

CHAPTER 5 - PARAMETER LIST

5.1 Drive Group [DRV]

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
DRV-00 ¹⁰	Command Frequency or Command Torque (Output Frequency/ Torque during motor run, Reference Frequency/ Torque during motor stop) Output Current (LCD)	Cmd. freq or Cmd. Trq	Forr (DRV-13)	0 to FU1-20 (N	lax. freq)	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-1
DRV-01	Acceleration Time	Acc. time	01	0 to 600	00	0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	6-2
DRV-02	Deceleration Time	Dec. time	02	0 to 600	00	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	6-3
	Drive Mode			Keypad	0				
DRV-03	(Run/Stop Method)	Drive mode	03	Fx/Rx-1 1		-	Fx/Rx-1	No	6-3
				Fx/Rx-2	2				
	E Mada			Keypad-1	0				
	Frequency Mode or	Freq mode		Keypad-2	1				
DRV-04	Torque Mode (Frequency/Torque	or	04	V1	2	-	Keypad-1	No	6-4
	setting Method)	Torque mode		I	3				
	Setting Method)			V1+I	4				
DRV-05	Step Frequency 1	Step freq-1	05	FU1-22 to F	114.00		10.00 [Hz]		
DRV-06	Step Frequency 2	Step freq-2	06			0.01	20.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-5
DRV-07	Step Frequency 3	Step freq-3	07	(Starting freq to	Max. Ireq)		30.00 [Hz]		
DRV-08	Output Current	Current	08	The Load Current in I	RMS	-	[A]	-	6-6
DRV-09	Motor Speed	Speed	09	The Motor Speed in r	pm	-	[rpm]	-	6-6
DRV-10	DC link Voltage	DC link Vtg	10	The DC Link Voltage	inside inverter	-	[V]	-	6-6
DRV-11	User Display Selection	User disp	11	Selected in FU2-73 (I	Jser Disp)	-	-	-	6-6
DRV-12	Fault Display	Fault	12	-	-	-	None nOn	-	6-6
DRV-13	Motor Direction Set	Not	13	Not available	0 [Forward]	_	0	Yes	6-7
DIV-13		displayed in LCD keypad	10		1 [reverse]	-	U	100	0-1
DRV-14	Target/Output Frequency Display	TAR OUT	14	-	-	-	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-7
DRV-15 ¹¹	Reference/Feedback	REF	15	-	-	-	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-7
	Frequency Display	FBK	16		0			Vee	67
DRV-16	Speed Unit Selection	Hz/Rpm Disp	16	Hz disp	0	-	-	Yes	6-7

 $^{^{10}}$ The speed unit is changed to [%] when FU2-39 is set to 'Sensorless_T' or 'Vector_TRQ'.

 $^{^{11}}$ Code DRV-15 appears only when FU2-47 is set to 'Yes'.

0 a da	Description	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange	11-14-	Factory	Adj.	Deres
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Rpm disp	1				
DRV-20	FU1 Group Selection		20						6-7
DRV-21	FU2 Group Selection		21		Dura		1	Yes	6-7
DRV-22	I/O Group Selection	Not	22	Not available	Press	-	1	res	6-7
DRV-2312	EXT Group Selection	displayed in	23	Not available	[PROG/ENT] key				6-7
DRV-24	COM Group Selection	LCD keypad	24		кеу	-	1	Yes	6-7
DRV-25	APP Group Selection		25			-	1	Yes	6-7

 $^{^{12}}$ Code DRV-23 through DRV-24 appears only when a Sub-Board or an Option Board is installed.

5.2 Function 1 Group [FU1]

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange	11	Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU1-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 60	Not available	1	1	Yes	6-9
				None	0				
FU1-03	Run Prevention	Run Prev.	03	Forward Prev	1	-	None	No	6-9
				Reverse Prev	2				
				Linear	0				
				S-curve	1				
FU1-05	Acceleration Pattern	Acc. pattern	05	U-curve	2	-	Linear	No	6-9
				Minimum	3				
				Optimum	4				
				Linear	0				
				S-curve	1				
FU1-06	Deceleration Pattern	Dec. pattern	06	U-curve	2	-	Linear	No	6-9
				Minimum	3				
				Optimum	4				
				Decel	0				
FU1-07	Stop Mode	Stop mode	07	DC-brake	1	-	Decel	No	6-10
				Free-run	2				
FU1-08 ¹³	DC Injection Braking Frequency	DcBr freq	08	FU1-22 to 6	0 [Hz]	0.01	5.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-09	DC Injection Braking On-delay Time	DcBlk time	09	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.01	0.1 [sec]	No	6.44
FU1-10	DC Injection Braking Voltage	DcBr value	10	0 to 200	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	6-11
FU1-11	DC Injection Braking Time	DcBr time	11	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	
FU1-12	Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage	DcSt value	12	0 to 200	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	6-12
FU1-13	Starting DC Injection Braking Time	DcSt time	13	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.1	0.0 [sec]	No	0-12
FU1-14	Pre-excitation Time	PreExTime	14	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	6-12
FU1-15	Hold Time	Hold Time	15	0 to 1000	[ms]	1	1000 [ms]	No	6-13
FU1-16	Pre-excitation Current	Flux Force	16	100 to 500) [%]	0.1	100.0 [%]	No	6-13
FU1-20	Maximum Frequency	Max freq	20	40 to 400	[Hz]	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-21	Base Frequency	Base freq	21	30 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	6-13
FU1-22	Starting Frequency	Start freq	22	0.01 to 60	[Hz]	0.01	0.50 [Hz]	No	
FU1-23	Frequency Limit selection	Freq limit	23	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	6-14
FU1-24 ¹⁴	Low Limit Frequency	F-limit Lo	24	FU1-22 to F	U1-25	0.01	0.50 [Hz]	No	

 $^{^{13}}$ Code FU1-08 through FU1-11 appears only when FU1-07 is set to 'DC-Brake'.

 $^{^{\}rm 14}$ Code FU1-24 through FU1-25 appears only when FU1-23 is set to 'Yes'.

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU1-25	High Limit Frequency	F-limit Hi	25	FU1-24 to F	U1-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-26	Manual/Auto Torque Boost Selection	Torque boost	26	Manual Auto	0 1	-	Manual	No	6-14
FU1-27	Torque Boost in Forward Direction	Fwd boost	27	0 to 15 [%]		0.1	2.0 [%]	No	6-14
FU1-28	Torque Boost in Reverse Direction	Rev boost	28	0 to 15	%]	0.1	2.0 [%]	No	0-14
FU1-29	Volts/Hz Pattern	V/F pattern	29	Linear Square User V/F	0 1 2	-	Linear	No	6-15
FU1-30 ¹⁵	User V/F – Frequency 1	User freq 1	30	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	No	ļ
FU1-31	User V/F – Voltage 1	User volt 1	31	0 to 100	[%]	1	25 [%]	No	
FU1-32	User V/F – Frequency 2	User freq 2	32	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-33	User V/F – Voltage 2	User volt 2	33	0 to 100	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	C 1C
FU1-34	User V/F – Frequency 3	User freq 3	34	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	45.00 [Hz]	No	6-16
FU1-35	User V/F – Voltage 3	User volt 3	35	0 to 100	[%]	1	75 [%]	No	Í
FU1-36	User V/F – Frequency 4	User freq 4	36	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-37	User V/F – Voltage 4	User volt 4	37	0 to 100	[%]	1	100 [%]	No	1
FU1-38	Output Voltage Adjustment	Volt control	38	40 to 110 [%]		0.1	100.0 [%]	No	6-17
FU1-39	Energy Save Level	Energy save	39	0 to 30	[%]	1	0 [%]	Yes	6-17
FU1-50	Electronic Thermal Selection	ETH select	50	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	
FU1-51 ¹⁶	Electronic Thermal Level for 1 Minute	ETH 1 min	51	FU1-52 to 2	00 [%]	1	150 [%]	Yes	
FU1-52	Electronic Thermal Level for Continuous	ETH cont	52	50 to FU	1-51	1	100 [%]	Yes	6-17
FU1-53	Electronic Thermal Characteristic Selection (Motor Type)	Motor type	53	Self-cool Forced-cool	0 1	-	Self-cool	Yes	
FU1-54	Overload Warning Level	OL level	54	30 to 150	[%]	1	150 [%]	Yes	ļ
FU1-55	Overload Warning Hold Time	OL time	55	0 to 30 [s	sec]	0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	6-18
FU1-56	Overload Trip Selection	OLT select	56	No Yes	0 1	-	Yes	Yes	6-19
FU1-57	Overload Trip Level	OLT level	57	30 to 150	[%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	0-19
FU1-58	Overload Trip Delay Time	OLT time	58	0 to 60 [s	sec]	1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU1-59	Stall Prevention Mode Selection	Stall prev.	59	000 to 1 (Bit Se		bit	000	No	6-19
FU1-60	Stall Prevention Level	Stall level	60	30 to 250	[%]	1	180 [%]	No	

 $^{^{15}}$ Code FU1-30 through FU1-37 appears only when FU1-29 is set to 'User V/F'.

 $^{^{16}}$ Code FU1-51 through FU1-53 appears only when FU1-50 is set to 'Yes'.

		Keypad Display		Setting Range			Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU1-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	-	-	6-20

5.3 Function 2 Group [FU2]

		Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-00	Jump to desired code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 94	Not available	1	1	Yes	6-15
FU2-01	Previous Fault History 1	Last trip-1	01		1 and [4] kay				
FU2-02	Previous Fault History 2	Last trip-2	02	By pressing [PROG] the frequency, c					
FU2-03	Previous Fault History 3	Last trip-3	03	operational status at	-	-	None	-	
FU2-04	Previous Fault History 4	Last trip-4	04	can be se					6-15
FU2-05	Previous Fault History 5	Last trip-5	05	Can be seen.					
FU2-06	Erase Fault History	Erase trips	06	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	
FU2-07	Dwell Frequency	Dwell freq	07	FU1-22 to F	U1-20	0.01	5.00 [Hz]	No	6-16
FU2-08	Dwell Time	Dwell time	08	0 to 10 [s	sec]	0.1	0.0 [sec]	No	0-10
FU2-10	Frequency Jump Selection	Jump freq	10	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	
FU2-11 ¹⁷	Jump Frequency 1 Low	Jump lo 1	11	FU1-22 to F	U2-12	0.01	10.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-12	Jump Frequency 1 High	Jump Hi 1	12	FU2-11 to F	U1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	No	0.40
FU2-13	Jump Frequency 2 Low	Jump lo 2	13	FU1-22 to F	U2-14	0.01	20.00 [Hz]	No	6-16
FU2-14	Jump Frequency 2 High	Jump Hi 2	14	FU2-13 to F	U1-20	0.01	25.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-15	Jump Frequency 3 Low	Jump lo 3	15	FU1-22 to F	U2-16	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-16	Jump Frequency 3 High	Jump Hi 3	16	FU2-15 to F	U1-20	0.01	35.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-17	Start Curve for S-Curve Accel/Dedel Pattern	Start Curve	17	1 to 100	[%]	1	40%	No	6-17
FU2-18	End Curve for S-Curve Accel/Dedel Pattern	End Curve	18	1 to 100	[%]	1	40%	No	0-17
FU2-19	Input/Output Phase Loss Protection	Trip select	19	00 to 1 (Bit Se		-	00	Yes	6-17
FU2-20	Power ON Start Selection	Power-on run	20	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	6-17
FU2-21	Restart after Fault Reset	RST restart	21	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	6-18
FU2-22	Speed Search Selection	Speed Search	22	0000 to 1 (Bit Se		-	0000	No	
FU2-23	Current Limit Level During Speed Search	SS Sup-Curr	23	80 to 200 [%]		1	100 [%]	Yes	C 40
FU2-24	P Gain During Speed Search	SS P-gain	24	0 to 300	00	1	100	Yes	6-18
FU2-25	I Gain During speed search	SS I-gain	25	0 to 300	00	1	1000	Yes	
FU2-26	Number of Auto Restart Attempt	Retry number	26	0 to 10)	1	0	Yes	6-19

 $^{^{17}}$ Code FU2-11 through FU2-16 appears only when FU2-10 is set to 'Yes'.

Code	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	lange	l lm ² ta	Factory	Adj.	Dorre
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-27	Delay Time Before Auto Restart	Retry Delay	27	0 to 60 [sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	Yes	6-19
FU2-28	Speed Search Hold Time	SS blk time	28	0 to 60 [sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	6-20
FU2-30	Rated Motor Selection	Motor select	30	0.75kW 1.5kW 2.2kW 3.7kW 5.5kW 7.5kW 11.0kW 15.0kW 18.5kW 22.0kW	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	-	18	No	6-20
FU2-31	Number of Motor Poles	Pole number	31	2 to 1		1	4	No	
FU2-32	Rated Motor Slip	Rated-Slip	32	0 t o10		0.01		No	
FU2-33	Rated Motor Current (RMS)	Rated-Curr	33	1 to 200		1	10	No	
FU2-34	No Load Motor Current (RMS)	Noload-Curr	34	0.5 to 20	0 [A]	1	19	No	
FU2-36	Motor Efficiency	Efficiency	36	70 to 100) [%]	1		No	
FU2-37	Load Inertia	Inertia rate	37	0 to ²	1	1	0	No	
FU2-38	Carrier Frequency	Carrier freq	38	1 to 15 [kHz]	1	5 [kHz]	Yes	6-21
FU2-39	Control Mode Selection	Control mode	40	V/F Slip comp Sensorless_S Sensorless_T Vector_SPD Vector_TRQ	0 1 2 3 4 5	-	V/F	No	6-22
FU2-40	Auto Tuning	Auto tuning	41	No All Rs + Lsigma Enc Test Tr	0 1	-	No	No	6-24
FU2-41 ²⁰	Stator Resistance of Motor	Rs	42	0 to (depending on	FU2-30) [ohm]	0.001	21	No	
FU2-42	Leakage Inductance of Motor	Lsigma	44	0 to (depending on	FU2-30) [mH]	0.001		No	

¹⁸ The rated motor is automatically set according to the inverter model name. If different, set the motor capacity connected.

¹⁹ This value is automatically entered according to the rated motor set in FU2-30. If different, set the correct value of the motor.

 $^{^{20}}$ Code FU2-41 through FU2-46 appears only when FU2-39 is set to 'Sensorless_X' or 'Vector_XXX'.

²¹ This value is automatically entered according to the rated motor set in FU2-30. If different, set the correct value of the motor.

0.1	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting F	Range		Factory	Adj.	D-
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-43	Stator Inductance of Motor	Ls	43	0 to (depending or	n FU2-30) [mH]			No	
FU2-44	Rotor Time Constant	Tr	44	0 to (depending or	n FU2-30) [mH]			No	
FU2-45	P Gain for Sensorless Control	SL P-gain	45	0 to 32	767	1	1000	Yes	6-25
FU2-46	l Gain for Sensorless Control	SL I-gain	46	0 to 32767		1	100	Yes	0-20
FU2-47	PID Operation Selection	proc PI mode	47	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	6-26
FU2-48 ²²	PID Reference Frequency Selection	PID Ref	48	Ramp freq. Target freq.	0 1	-	Ramp freq.	No	6-26
FU2-49	PID Reference Mode Selection	PID Ref Mode	49	Freq mode Keypad-1 Keypad-2 V1 I V2	0 1 2 3 4 5	-	Freq mode	No	6-26
FU2-50	PID Output Direction Selection	PID Out Dir	50	Ramp freq. Target freq.	0 1	-	Ramp freq.	No	6-26
FU2-51	PID Feedback Signal Selection	PID F/B	51	l V1 V2	0 1 2	-	I	No	
FU2-52	P Gain for PID Control	PID P-gain	52	0 to 999.	9 [%]	0.1	100.0 [%]	Yes	1
FU2-53	I Gain for PID Control	PID I-time	53	0 to 32.0	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	6-27
FU2-54	D Gain for PID Control	PID D-time	54	0 to 999.9	[msec]	0.1	0.0 [msec]	Yes	0-27
FU2-55	High Limit Frequency for PID Control	PID +limit	55	0 to 99.9	9 [Hz]	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-56	Low Limit Frequency for PID Control	PID -limit	56	0 to 99.9	9 [Hz]	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-57	PID Output Inversion	PID Out Inv.	57	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	
FU2-58	PID Output Scale	PID OutScale	58	0 to 999.	9 [%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	6-27
FU2-59	PID P2 Gain	PID P2-gain	59	0 to 100) [%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
FU2-60	P Gain Scale	P-gain Scale	60	0 to 100) [%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
FU2-69	Accel/Decel Change Frequency	Acc/Dec ch F	69	0 to FU	1-20			No	6-30
FU2-70	Reference Frequency for Accel and Decel	Acc/Dec freq	70	Max freq Delta freq	0 1	-	Max freq	No	6-30
FU2-71	Accel/Decel Time Scale	Time scale	71	0.01 [sec] 0.1 [sec] 1 [sec]	0 1 2	0.01	0.1 [sec]	Yes	6-30

 $^{\rm 22}$ Code FU2-48 through FU2-60 appears only when FU2-47 is set to 'Yes'.

	Description of the	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-72	Power On Display	PowerOn disp	72	0 to 1	2	1	0	Yes	6-30
FU2-73	User Display Selection	User disp	73	Voltage Watt	0 1	-	Voltage	Yes	6-31
FU2-74	Gain for Motor Speed Display	RPM factor	74	1 to 1000) [%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	6-31
FU2-75	DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor Mode Selection	DB mode	75	None Int. DB-R Ext. DB-R	0 1 2	-	Int. DB-R	Yes	6-31
FU2-76 ²³	Duty of Dynamic Braking Resistor	DB %ED	76	0 to 30	[%]	1	10 [%]	Yes	6-31
FU2-79	Software Version	S/W version	79	Ver 2	0	-	-	-	6-32
FU2-81 ²⁴	2 nd Acceleration Time	2nd Acc time	81	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	5.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU2-82	2 nd Deceleration Time	2nd Dec time	82	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU2-83	2 nd Base Frequency	2nd BaseFreq	83	30 to FU	1-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-84	2 nd V/F Pattern	2nd V/F	84	Linear Square User V/F	0 1 2	-	Linear	No	
FU2-85	2 nd Forward Torque Boost	2nd F-boost	85	0 to 15	[%]	0.1	2.0 [%]	No	1
FU2-86	2 nd Reverse Torque Boost	2nd R-boost	86	0 to 15		0.1	2.0 [%]	No	6-32
FU2-87	2 nd Stall Prevention Level	2nd Stall	87	30 to 150) [%]	1	150[%]	No	
FU2-88	2 nd Electronic Thermal Level for 1 minute	2nd ETH 1min	88	FU2-89 to 2	200 [%]	1	150 [%]	Yes	
FU2-89	2 nd Electronic Thermal Level for continuous	2nd ETH cont	89	50 to FU (Maximum		1	100 [%]	Yes	
FU2-90	2 nd Rated Motor Current	2nd R-Curr	90	1 to 200	[A]	0.1	3.6 [A]	No	
FU2-91	Read Parameters into Keypad from Inverter	Para. Read	91	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	6.00
FU2-92	Write Parameters to Inverter from Keypad	Para. Write	92	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	6-32
FU2-93	Initialize Parameters	Para. Init	93	No All Groups DRV FU1 FU2 I/O EXT COM APP	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	-	No	No	6-33

 $^{^{\}rm 23}$ Code FU2-76 appears only when FU2-75 is set to 'Ext. DB-R'.

 $^{^{24}}$ Code FU2-81 through FU2-90 appear only when one of I/O-12 \sim I/O-14 is set to '2nd function'.

Code	Description	Keypad Display		Setting Range			Factory	Adj.	D
		LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-94	Parameter Write Protection	Para. Lock	94	0 to 255		1	0	Yes	6-33
FU2-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	6-33

5.4 Input/Output Group [I/O]

	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	Run	Page
I/O-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 84	Not available	1	1	Yes	6-35
I/O-01	Filtering Time Constant for V1 Signal Input	V1 filter	01	0 to 10000 [ms]		1	10 [ms]	Yes	
I/O-02	V1 Input Minimum Voltage	V1 volt x1	02	0 to 10	[V]	0.01	0.00 [V]	Yes	
I/O-03	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Minimum Voltage	Vl freq yl	03	0 to FU1-20		0.01	0.00 {Hz}	Yes	6-35
I/O-04	V1 Input Maximum Voltage	V1 volt x2	04	0 to 10	[V]	0.01	10.00 [V]	Yes	
I/O-05	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Maximum Voltage	Vl freq y2	05	0 to FU1-20		0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-06	Filtering Time Constant for I Signal Input	I filter	06	0 to 10000 [ms]		1	10 [ms]	Yes	
I/O-07	I Input Minimum Current	I curr xl	07	0 to 20 [mA]		0.01	4.00 [mA]	Yes	6-35
I/O-08	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Minimum Current	I freq yl	08	0 to FU1-20		0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-09	I Input Maximum Current	I curr x2	09	0 to 20 [mA]		0.01	20.00 [mA]	Yes	
I/O-10	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Maximum Current	I freq y2	10	0 to FU1-20		0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-35
	Criteria for Analas Inc. 4		11	None	0				
I/O-11	Criteria for Analog Input Signal Loss	Wire broken		half x1	1	-	None	Yes	6-36
				below x1	2				
I/O-12	Multi-Function Input	Pl define	12	Speed-L	0	-	Speed-L	Yes	6-37
	Terminal 'P1' Define			Speed-M	1				
				Speed-H	2				
				XCEL-L	3				
				XCEL-M	4				
				XCEL-H	5				
				Dc-brake	6				
				2nd Func	7				
				Exchange	8				
				- Reserved -	9				

		Keypad Di	splay	Setting R		Factory	Adj.	_	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Up	10				
				Down	11				
				3-Wire	12				
				Ext Trip-A	13				
				Ext Trip-B	14				
				iTerm Clear	15				
				Open-loop	16				
				Main-drive	17				
				Analog hold	18				
				XCEL stop	19				
				P Gain2	20				
				SEQ-L	21				
				SEQ-M	22				
				SEQ-H	23				
				Manual	24				
				Go step	25				
				Hold step	26				
				Trv Off.Lo	27				
				Trv Off.Hi	28				
				Interlock1	29				
				Interlock2	30				
				Interlock3	31				
				Interlock4	32				
				Pre excite	33				
				Spd/Trq	34				
				ASR P/PI	35				
I/O-13	Multi-function Input	P2 define	13				Speed-M	Yes	
1/0-13	Terminal 'P2' Define	PZ deline	13	Same as A	hove	-	Speed-ivi	163	6-37
I/O-14	Multi-function Input	P3 define	14	Same as P	DOVE	_	Speed-H	Yes	0-37
1/0-14	Terminal 'P3' Define	PS derine	14			-	Speed-11	163	
I/O-15	Terminal Input Status	In status	15	000000000 to 1	11111111	-	-	-	6-42
I/O-16	Terminal Output Status	Out status	16	0000 to 1	111	-	-	-	
	Filtering Time Constant for								
I/O-17	Multi-Function Input	Ti Filt Num	17	2 to 50)	1	2	Yes	6-42
	Terminals								
I/O-20	Jog Frequency Setting	Jog freq	20	-			10.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-42
I/O-21	Step Frequency 4	Step freq-4					40.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-22	Step Frequency 5	Step freq-5		FU1-22 to F	U1-20	0.01	50.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-43
I/O-23	Step Frequency 6	Step freq-6					40.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-24	Step Frequency 7	Step freq-7	24				30.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-25	Acceleration Time 1	Acc time-1	25	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	6-43
	for Step Frequency			0.0000	[•]	.	[000]		

	Description	Keypad Display		Setting Range			Factory	Adj.	-
Code		LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units Default		During Run	Page
I/O-26	Deceleration Time 1 for Step Frequency	Dec time-1	26	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-27	Acceleration Time 2	Acc time-2	27	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-28	Deceleration Time 2	Dec time-2	28	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-29	Acceleration Time 3	Acc time-3	29	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-30	Deceleration Time 3	Dec time-3	30	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-31	Acceleration Time 4	Acc time-4	31	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	50.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-32	Deceleration Time 4	Dec time-4	32	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	50.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-33	Acceleration Time 5	Acc time-5	33	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-34	Deceleration Time 5	Dec time-5	34	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-35	Acceleration Time 6	Acc time-6	35	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-36	Deceleration Time 6	Dec time-6	36	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-37	Acceleration Time 7	Acc time-7	37	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-38	Deceleration Time 7	Dec time-7	38	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-40	FM (Frequency Meter) Output Selection	FM mode	40	Frequency Current Voltage	0 1 2	-	Frequency	Yes	6-43
				DC link Vtg Torque	3 4				
I/O-41	FM Output Adjustment	FM adjust	41	10 to 200) [%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	
I/O-42	Frequency Detection Level	FDT freq	42	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	Yes	-
I/O-43	Frequency Detection Bandwidth	FDT band	43	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	10.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-44
I/O-44	Bandwidth Multi-Function Auxiliary Contact Output Define (AXA, AXC)	Aux mode	44	FDT-1 FDT-2 FDT-3 FDT-4 FDT-5 OL IOL Stall OV LV OH Lost Command Run Stop Steady INV line COMM line Ssearch Step pulse	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	-	Run	Yes	6-44

0.1	D	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD 7-Segment		Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Seq pulse	19				
				Ready	20				
				Trv. ACC	21				
				Trv. DEC	22				
				MMC	23				
				Zspd Dect	24				
				Torq Dect	25				
I/O-45	Fault Output Relay Setting	Relay mode	45	000 to 1	11	-	010	Yes	6-48
1/0-45	(30A, 30B, 30C)	Keray mode	40	(Bit Se	t)	-	010	163	0-40
I/O-46 ²⁵	Inverter Number	Inv No.	46	1 to 3 ⁻	1	1	1	Yes	6-49
				1200 bps	0				
				2400 bps	1				
I/O-47	Baud Rate	Baud rate	47	4800 bps	2	-	9600 bps	Yes	6-49
				9600 bps	3				
				19200 bps	4				
	Operating selection at Loss of Freq. Reference			None	0				
I/O-48		Lost command	48	FreeRun	1	_	None	Yes	
1/0-40							None	105	6-49
				Stop	2				0 10
I/O-49	Waiting Time after Loss of Freq. Reference	Time out	49	0.1 to 120	[sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	Yes	
				None	0				
I/O-50	Auto (Sequence)	Auto mode	50	Auto-A	1	-	None	No	
1/0-30	Operation selection	Auto mout	50	Auto-A	2		None		
	Sequence Number			Auto-D	<u> </u>				6-49
I/O-51	Selection	Seq select	51	1 to 5		1	1	Yes	0 10
	The Number of Steps of								
I/O-52	Sequence Number #	Step number	52	1 to 8		1	2	Yes	
	1 st Step Frequency of								
I/O-53 ²⁶	Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1F	53	0.01 to FU	1-20	0.01	11.00 [Hz]	Yes	
110 54	Transient Time to 1st Step	~ 1 / 1-		0.4.10000				V	
I/O-54	of Sequence 1	Seql / 1T	54	0.1 to 6000 [sec]		0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-55	Steady Speed Time at 1 st			0.1 to 6000 []		0.1	1 1 []	Vee	0.54
1/0-55	Step of Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1S	55	0.1 to 6000 [sec]		0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	6-51
I/O-56	Motor Direction of 1st Step	Seq1 / 1D	56	Reverse 0		_	Forward	Yes	
1/0-50	of Sequence 1	pedi \ ID	50	Forward	1	-	i uiwaiu	162	
I/O-57	1 st Step Frequency of	Seq1 / 2F	57	0.01 to FU	11-20	0.01	21.00 [Hz]	Yes	
10-57	Sequence 2	DEAT \ 7L	57	0.01 10 FU	1 20	0.01	21.00 [112]	100	

 $^{^{25}}$ Code I/O-46 through I/O-49 are used in Option Board like RS485, Device, Net and F-net etc.

 $^{^{26}}$ The 'seq#' of code I/O-53 through I/O-60 varies according to the sequence number selected in I/O-51.

The parameter code may be extended to I/O-84 depending the number of steps set in I/O-52 because the steps can be set up to 8.

Codo	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting Range		Units	Factory	Adj.	Dama
Code		LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
I/O-58	Transient Time to 1 st Step of Sequence 2	Seql / 2T	58	0.1 to 6000 [sec]		0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-59	Steady Speed Time at 1 st Step of Sequence 2	Seql / 2S	59	0.1 to 6000 [sec]		0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	6-51
I/O-60	Motor Direction of 1 st Step of Sequence 2	Seql / 2D	60	Reverse Forward	0 1	-	Forward	Yes	
I/O-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	

5.5 External Group [EXT]

EXT group appears only when the corresponding Sub-Board is installed.

		Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory Default	Adj. During Run	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units			Page
EXT-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	6-53
				None	0				
				SUB-A	1				
				SUB-B	2				
				SUB-C	3			Automa	
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	Sub B/D	01	SUB-D	4	-	None	tically	6-53
				SUB-E	5			set	
				SUB-F	6				
				SUB-G	7				
				SUB-H	8				
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input	P4 define	02	Speed-L	0	-	XCEL-L	Yes	6-53
	Terminal 'P4' Define			Speed-M	1				
				Speed-H	2				
				XCEL-L	3				
				XCEL-M	4				
				XCEL-H	5				
				Dc-brake	6				
				2nd Func	7				
				Exchange	8				
				- Reserved -	9				
				Up	10				
				Down	11				
				3-Wire	12				
				Ext Trip-A	13				
				Ext Trip-B	14				
				iTerm Clear	15				
				Open-loop	16				

Orde	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	Setting Range		Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Main-drive	17				
				Analog hold	18				
				XCEL stop	19				
				P Gain2	20				
				SEQ-L	21				
				SEQ-M	22				
				SEQ-H	23				
				Manual	24				
				Go step	25				
				Hold step	26				
				Trv Off.Lo	27				
				Trv Off.Hi	28				
				Interlock1	29				
				Interlock2	30				
				Interlock3	31				
				Interlock4	32				
				Pre excite	33				
				Spd/Trq	34				
				ASR P/PI	35				
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5' Define	P5 define	03			-	XCEL-M	Yes	
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6' Define	P6 define	04	Same as A	bove	-	XCEL-H	Yes	6-53
				None	0				
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	V2 mode	05	Override	1	-	None	No	6-54
				Reference	2				
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	V2 filter	06	0 to 10000	2	1	10 [ms]	Yes	
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 volt x1	07	0 to 10 [[V]	0.01	0.00 [V]	Yes	
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 freq yl	08	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-54
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 volt x2	09	0 to 10 [[V]	0.01	10.00 [V]	Yes	
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 freq y2	10	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
EXT-12	Usage of Pulse Input Signal	F mode	12	None Feed-back Reference	0 1 2	-	None	No	6-55
EXT-13	Real Speed Direction	RealSpdDir	13	Reverse Forward	1 2	-	-	-	

		Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
EXT-14	Encoder Feedback Frequency	ENC FeedBack	14	* [Hz]	<u> </u>	-	-	-	
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	F pulse set	15	A+B A - (A+B)	0 1 2	-	A+B	No	6-55
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Number	F pulse num	16	10 to 40		1	1024	No	6-56
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal	F filter	17	0 to <mark>9999</mark>	[ms]	1	10 [ms]	Yes	6-56
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F pulse xl	18	0 to 100 [kHz]	0.01	0.00 [kHz]	Yes	6-56
EXT-19	Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F freq yl	19	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F pulse x2	20	0 to 100 [kHz]	0.01	10.00 [kHz]	Yes	6-56
EXT-21	Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F freq y2	21	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
EXT-22	P-Gain for 'Sub-B'	PG P-gain	22	0 to <mark>99</mark>	99	1	3000	Yes	0.50
EXT-23	I-Gain for 'Sub-B'	PG I-gain	23	0 to <mark>99</mark>	99	1	300	Yes	6-56
EXT-24	Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board	PG Slip Freq	24	0 to 200	[%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	6-57
EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR P-Gain	25	10 to 500) [%]	0.1	100.0 [%]	Yes	
EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR I-Gain	26	10 to 9999) [ms]	1	200 [ms]	Yes	
EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit	Trq + Limit	27	0 to 200	[%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	
EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit	Trq - Limit	28	0 to 200	[%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	
EXT-30	Multi-Function Output Terminal 'Q1' Define	Q1 define	30	FDT-1 FDT-2 FDT-3 FDT-4 FDT-5 OL IOL Stall OV LV OH Lost Command Run	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	-	FDT-1	Yes	6-57

Carla	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange	11	Factory	Adj.	Derry
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Stop	13				
				Steady	14				
				INV line	15				
				COMM line	16				
				Ssearch	17				
				Step pulse	18				
				Seq pulse	19				
				Ready	20				
				Trv. ACC	21				
				Trv. DEC	22				
				MMC	23				
				Zspd Dect	24				
				Torq Dect	25				
EXT-31	Multi-function Output		24				FDT-2	Yes	
EXI-31	Terminal 'Q2' Define	Q2 define	31	Same as A	have	-	FDI-2	res	6-57
EXT-32	Multi-function Output	Q3 define	32	Same as F	ADOVE		FDT-3	Yes	0-07
EVI-95	Terminal 'Q3' Define	Q3 deline	32			-	FD1-3	Tes	
				Frequency	0				
	LM (Load Meter) Output			Current	1				
EXT-34	Selection	LM mode	34	Voltage	2	-	Current	Yes	6-57
	Selection			DC link Vtg	3				
				Torque	4				
EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	LM adjust	35	100 to 20	0 [%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	6-57
				Frequency	0				
	AM1 (Analog Meter 1)			Current	1				
EXT-40	Output Selection	AM1 mode	40	Voltage	2	-	Frequency	Yes	
				DC link Vtg	3				
				Torque	4				
EXT-41	AM1 Output Adjustment	AM1 adjust	41	100 to 20	0 [%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	6-58
				Frequency	0				
EXT-42	AM2 (Analog Meter 2)	AM2 mode	42	Current	1	-	DC link Vtg	Yes	
LA1-42	Output Selection	AMZ MODE	42	DC link Vtg	2	-	DC III K VIG	163	
				Torque	4				
EXT-43	AM2 Output Adjustment	AM2 adjust	43	100 to 20	0 [%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	
EXT-50	Speed Limit Level	Speed Limit	44	0 to 100	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
EXT-51	Speed Limit Bias	Speed Bias	45	0 to 200	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
EXT-52	Speed Limit Gain	Speed Gain	46	1 to 1	0	1	1	No	
EXT-53	Speed Limit Direction	Speed Dir	47	Reverse	0	_	Forward	No	
EV1-33		speed DIT	41	Forward	1	-	Fulwalu	INU	
EXT-54	Zero Speed Detection Level	ZSD Level	48	0 to 120	[Hz]	0.01	2 [Hz]	Yes	
EXT-55	Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth	ZSD Band	49	0 to 5 [ł	Hz]	0.01	1 [Hz]	Yes	

0 - 1 -	Description	Keypad Di	Keypad DisplayLCD7-Segment		Setting Range		Factory	Adj. During	D
Code	Description	LCD			7-Segment	Units	Default	Run	Page
EXT-56	Torque Detection Level	TD Level	50	0 to 150	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	Yes	
EXT-57	Torque Detection Bandwidth	TD Band	51	0 to 10 [%]		0.1	5 [%]	Yes	
EXT-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	

5.6 Communication Group [COM]

COM group appears only when the corresponding Option Boards are installed. Please refer to the option manual for detail.

0.1		Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
COM-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	
				None	0				
				Device Net	1				
				Synchro	2				
COM-01	Option Board Type	Ont D/D	01	PLC-GF	3	_	None	Yes	
CON-01		Opt B/D	01	Profibus-DP	4	-	None	Tes	
				Digital-In	5				
				RS485	6				
				Modbus-RTU	7				
				None	0				
COM-02	Option Mode	Out Made	00	Command	1		None	No	
COIVI-02	Option Mode	Opt Mode	02	Freq	2	-	None	INO	
				Cmd + Freq	3				
COM-03	Option Version	Opt Version	03	-	-	-	-	No	
				8 Bit Bin	0				
				8 BCD 1%	1				
	Binary Option Input			8 BCD 1Hz	2				
COM-04	Selection	D-In Mode	04	12 Bit Bin	3	-	8 Bit Bin	No	
	Gelection			12 BCD 0.1%	4				
				12 BCD 0.1Hz	5				
				12 BCD 1Hz	6				
COM-05	Binary Input Filter Value	Digital Ftr	05	2-50		1	15	Yes	
COM-10	Device Net ID	MAC ID	10	0-63		1	0	Yes	
	Device Net			125 kbps	0				
COM-11	Communication Speed	Baud Rate	11	250 kbps	1	-	125 kbps	Yes	
	Sommunication Speed			500 kbps	2				
COM-12	Device Net Output	Out Instance	12	20	0	-	20	No	
	Instance			21	1				
				100	2				

0.1		Keypad Di	splay	Setting Range			Factory	Adj.	5
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				101	3				
				70	0				
COM-13	Device Net Insut Instance		10	71	1		70	No	
COM-13	Device Net Input Instance	In Instance	13	110	2	-	70	INO	
				111	3				
COM-17	PLC Option Station	Station ID	17	0 to 65	3	1	1	Yes	
000117	Number	Station iD	17	0.000	,	-	1	163	
COM-20	Profibus ID	Profi MAC ID	20	0 to 12	7	1	1	Yes	
COM-30	Output Number	Output Num	30	0 to 8		1	3	Yes	
COM-31	Output 1	Output 1	31	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000A(HEX)	Yes	
COM-32	Output 2	Output 2	32	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000E(HEX)	Yes	
COM-33	Output 3	Output 3	33	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000F(HEX)	Yes	
COM-34	Output 4	Output 4	34	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-35	Output 5	Output 5	35	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-36	Output 6	Output 6	36	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-37	Output 7	Output 7	37	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-38	Output 8	Output 8	38	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-40	Input Number	Input Num	40	0 to 8		1	2	Yes	
COM-41	Input 1	Input 1	41	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0005(HEX)	Yes	
COM-42	Input 2	Input 2	42	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0006(HEX)	Yes	
COM-43	Input 3	Input 3	43	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-44	Input 4	Input 4	44	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-45	Input 5	Input 5	45	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-46	Input 6	Input 6	46	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-47	Input 7	Input 7	47	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-48	Input 8	Input 8	48	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-52	ModBus Option Selection	ModBus Mode	52	ModBus F	RTU		ModBus RTU	Yes	
COM-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	

5.7 Application Group [APP]

Cada	Description	Keypad Display		Setting Range		Unite	Factory	Adj.	Dama
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	6-62
				None	0				
APP-01	Application Mode	Deser Mada	01	Traverse	1		Nana	No	6-62
APP-01	Selection	App Mode	01	MMC	2	-	None	No	0-02
				DRAW	3				

		Keypad Di	splay	Setting Range		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD 7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-0227	Traverse Amplitude	Trv. Amp	02	0.0 to 20.0 [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	6-63
APP-03	Traverse Scramble Amplitude	Trv. Scr	03	0.0 to 50.0 [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	6-63
APP-04	Traverse Accel Time	Trv Acc Time	04	0 to 6000 [sec]	0.1	2.0 [sec]	Yes	6-63
APP-05	Traverse Decel Time	Trv Dec Time	05	0 to 6000 [sec]	0.1	3.0 [sec]	Yes	6-63
APP-06	Traverse Offset (Hi) Setting	Trv Off Hi	06	0.0 to 20.0 [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	6-64
APP-07	Traverse Offset (Lo) Setting	Trv Off Lo	07	0.0 to 20.0 [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	6-64
APP-0828	Running Auxiliary Motor Number Display	Aux Mot Run	08	-	-	-	-	6-64
APP-09	Starting Aux. Motor Selection	Starting Aux	09	1 to 4	1	1	Yes	6-64
APP-10	Operation Time Display on Auto Change	Auto Op Time	10	-	-	-	-	6-64
APP-11	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 1	Start freq 1	11	0 to FU1-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-12	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 2	Start freq 2	12	0 to FU1-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	0.04
APP-13	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 3	Start freq 3	13	0 to FU1-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	6-64
APP-14	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 4	Start freq 4	14	0 to FU1-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-15	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 1	Stop freq 1	15	0 to FU1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-16	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 2	Stop freq 2	16	0 to FU1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-65
APP-17	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 3	Stop freq 3	17	0 to FU1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]]	Yes	0-00
APP-18	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 4	Stop freq 4	18	0 to FU1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-19	Delay Time before Operating Aux Motor	Aux start DT	19	0 to 9999 [sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	6 CE
APP-20	Delay Time before Stopping Aux Motor	Aux stop DT	20	0 to 9999 [sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	6-65
APP-21	The Number of Aux Motor	Nbr Aux's	21	0 to 4	1	4	Yes	6-65
APP-22	PID Bypass Selection	Regul Bypass	22	No 0 Yes 1	-	No	Yes	6-66
APP-23	Sleep Delay Time	Sleep Delay	23	0 to 9999 [sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	6-66
APP-24	Sleep Frequency	Sleep Freq	24	0 to FU1-20	0.01	19.00 [Hz]	Yes	6-66

 $^{^{\}rm 27}$ Code APP-02 through APP-07 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'Traverse'.

 $^{^{\}rm 28}$ Code APP-08 through APP-31 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'MMC'.

O a da	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting Range		11	Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-25	Wake-Up Level	WakeUp Level	25	0 to 100	[%]	1	35 [%]	Yes	6-66
APP-26	Auto Change Mode Selection	AutoCh-Mode	26	0 to 2		1	1	Yes	6-67
APP-27	Auto Change Time	AutoEx-intv	27	00:00 to 9	9:00	00:01	70:00	Yes	6-67
APP-28	Auto Change Level	AutoEx-level	28	0 to 100	[%]	0.1	20 [%]	Yes	0-07
APP-29	Inter-Lock Selection	Inter-lock	29	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	6-68
APP-30	Actual Value Display	Actual Value	30	-		-	-	Yes	6-68
APP-31	Actual Value Display in Percentage	Actual Perc	31	-		-	-	Yes	6-68
				None	0				
400 2220	Draw Mada Calastian		00	V1_Draw	1		Neze	Vee	c co
APP-3229	Draw Mode Selection	Draw Mode	32	I_Draw	2	-	None	Yes	6-68
				V2_Draw	3				
APP-33	Draw Size Setting	DrawPerc	33	0 to 150	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	Yes	6-68

 $^{^{\}rm 29}$ Code APP-32 through APP-33 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'Draw'.

5.8 Sub-Board Selection Guide According To Function

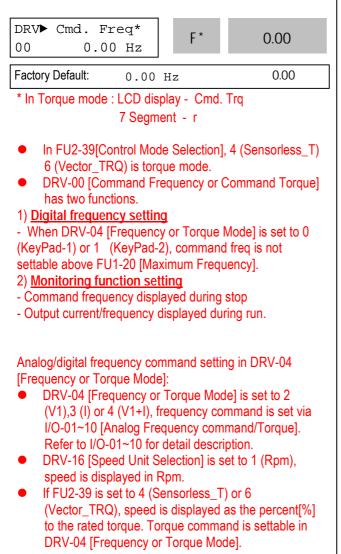
			Sub-Boa	ard Type	
Code	Function Description	SUB-A	SUB-B	SUB-C	SUB-D
		Board	Board	Board	Board
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P4'	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5'	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6'	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal		\checkmark		√
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection		\checkmark		√
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Selection		√		√
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal		\checkmark		√
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency		\checkmark		√
EXT-19	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum		\checkmark		d
EX1-19	Frequency		N		V
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency		√		√
EXT-21	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum		\checkmark		2
	Frequency		v		Y
EXT-22	P-Gain for PG Option		\checkmark		√
EXT-23	I-Gain for PG Option		√		√
EXT-24	Slip Frequency for PG Option		√		√
EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD				√
EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD				√
EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit				√
EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit				√
EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q1'	√		√	√
EXT-31	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2'	√			√
EXT-32	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q3'	√			
EXT-34	LM (Load Meter) Output Selection	√			
EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	√			
EXT-40	AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output Selection			\checkmark	
EXT-41	AM1 Output Adjustment			√	
EXT-42	AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output Selection			√	
EXT-43	AM2 Output Adjustment			\checkmark	

Notes:

CHAPTER 6 - PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

6.1 Drive group [DRV]

DRV-00: Command Frequency or Command Torque/ Output Current (LCD)



* Factory default setting = 100[%] (Up to 150[%] settable)

• Setting the DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode] (Note: In torque mode, speed unit is automatically displayed in [%])

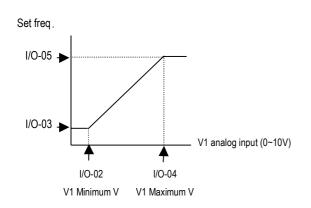
Setti ng	DRV-04	Parameter Name	Programming Description
0	KeyPad- 1		1. In DRV-00, press the [PROG] key. 2. Enter the desired freq. 3. Press the [ENT] key to write the new value into memory.
1	KeyPad- 2	Digital freq. command	1. In DRV-00, press the [PROG] key. 2. Press the [①(Up)] or [♣(Down)] key to set the desired freq., while the inverter keeps running. 3. Press the [ENT] key to write the new value into memory.
2	V1		Control terminal "V1" Voltage analog input (0 to 0V) See the description of I/O- 01~05.
3	I	Analog freq. command	Control terminal "I" Current analog input (4 to 20mA) See the description of I/O- 06~10.
4	V1+I		Control terminal "V1"+"I" (0- 10V/4-20mA) Analog input See the description of I/O- 01~10.

 Command Freq/Torque setting via "V1" input terminal when set DRV-04 [Frequency/Torque mode] to 2 (V1) or 4 (V1+I)

Code	Default setting	Setting range
I/O-01	10 [msec]	0 ~ 10000 [msec]
I/O-02	0 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-03	0 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq
I/O-04	10 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-05	60 [Hz]	0 ~ Max freq

Code	Keypad Display	Parameter Name
I/O-01	V1 filter	Filter Time Constant for V1 Signal Input
I/O-02	V1 volt x1	V1 Input Minimum Voltage
I/O-03	V1 freq y1	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Minimum Voltage
I/O-04	V1 volt x2	V1 Input Maximum Voltage
I/O-05	V1 freq y2	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Maximum Voltage

➡ Important : Increase I/O-01-[Filter Time Constant for V1 Signal Input] if the V1 signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



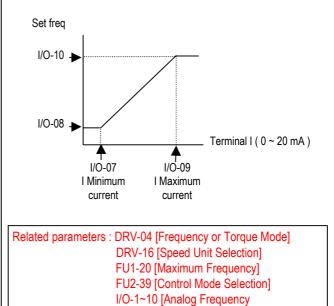
I/O-06~10 [Analog Current Input " I " Signal adjustment]

 Command Freq/Torque setting via "I" input terminal when set DRV-04 [Frequency/Torque mode] to 3 (I) or 4 (V1+I)

Code	Default setting	Setting range
I/O-06	10 [msec]	0 ~ 10000 [msec]
I/O-07	4 [mA]	0 ~ 20 [mA]
I/O-08	0 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq
I/O-09	20 [mA]	0 ~ 20 [mA]
I/O-10	60 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq

Code	Keypad display	Parameter Name
I/O-06	l filter	Filter time constant for I signal Input
I/O-07	I curr x1	I Input Minimum Current
I/O-08	I freq y1	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Minimum Current
I/O-09	l curr x2	I Input Maximum Current
I/O-10	I freq y2	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Maximum Current

➡ Important : Increase I/O-06-[Filter time constant for I signal Input] if the I signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



DRV-01: Acceleration Time DRV► Acc. time 01 10.0 sec 01 10.0

10.0

command/Torque]

Factory Default: 10.0 sec

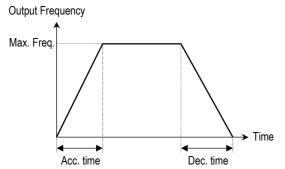
1

DRV-02: Deceleration Time				
DRV► Dec. time 02 20.0 sec 02 20.0				
Factory Default: 20.0 sec 20.0				

The inverter targets the FU2-70 when accelerating or decelerating. When the FU2-70 is set to "Maximum Frequency", the acceleration time is the time taken by the motor to reach FU1-20 from 0 Hz. The deceleration time is the time taken by the motor to reach 0 Hz from FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency].

When the FU2-70 is set to 'Delta Frequency', the acceleration and deceleration time is the time taken to reach a targeted frequency (instead the maximum frequency) from a frequency.

The acceleration and deceleration time can be changed to a preset transient time via multi-function inputs. By setting the multi-function inputs (P1, P2, P3) to 'XCEL-L', 'XCEL-M', 'XCEL-H' respectively, the Accel and Decel time set in I/O-25 to I/O-38 are applied according to the binary inputs of the P1, P2, P3.



- Related Functions: FU1-20 [Max freq] FU2-70 [Reference freq. for Accel/Decel] FU2-71 [Accel/Decel time scale] I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-function input terminal P1, P2, P3] I/O-25 to I/O-38 [Acc/Dec time for step frequency]
 FU2-70: Selects the frequency to be targeted for acceleration and deceleration. [Max Freq, Delta Freq]
 FU2-71: Selects the time scale. [0.01, 0.2, 1]
 I/O-12 to I/O-14: Sets the terminal function of P1, P2, P3
- I/O-12 to I/O-14: Sets the terminal function of P1, P2, P3 terminal inputs.
- I/O-25 to I/O-38: Presets the Accel/Decel time activated via multifunction inputs (P1, P2, P3)

Code	LCD display	Description	XCEL- H	XCEL- M	XCEL- L	Factory setting
DRV- 01	Acc time	Acc time 0	0	0	0	10 sec
DRV- 02	Dec time	Dec time 0	0	0	0	20 sec
I/O-25	ACC-1	Acc time 1	0	0	1	20 sec
I/O-26	DEC-1	Dec time 1	0	0	1	20 sec
I/O-27	ACC-2	Acc time 2	0	1	0	30 sec
I/O-28	DEC-2	Dec time 2	0	1	0	30 sec
I/O-29	ACC-3	Acc time 3	0	1	1	40 sec
I/O-30	DEC-3	Dec time 3	0	1	1	40 sec
I/O-31	ACC-4	Acc time 4	1	0	0	50 sec
I/O-32	DEC-4	Dec time 4	1	0	0	50 sec
I/O-33	ACC-5	Acc time 5	1	0	1	40 sec
I/O-34	DEC-5	Dec time 5	1	0	1	40 sec
I/O-35	ACC-6	Acc time 6	1	1	0	30 sec
I/O-36	DEC-6	Dec time 6	1	1	0	30 sec
I/O-37	ACC-7	Acc time 7	1	1	1	20 sec
I/O-38	DEC-7	Dec time 7	1	1	1	20 sec

Note: I/O-12 to I/O-14: Sets the terminal function of P1, P2, P3 terminal inputs.

FU2-71 [Accel/Decel time scale]

Set the Accel / Decel time unit.

Setting	Unit	Description
0	0.01 sec	Minimum 0 sec settable
0	0.01 Sec	Maximum 60 sec settable
		Minimum 0 sec settable
1	0.1 sec	Maximum 600 sec settable
		(Factory setting)
2	1	Minimum 0 sec settable
2	1 sec	Maximum 6000 sec settable*

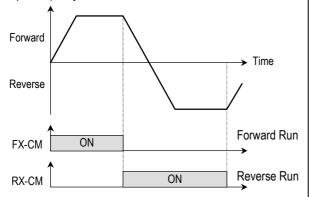
 * Up to 6000 sec setting is avaiable via LE-200 keypad.

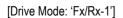
DRV-03: Drive Mode (Run/Stop Method) DRV► Drive mode 03 1 03 Keypad 03 1 Factory Default: Fx/Rx-1 1

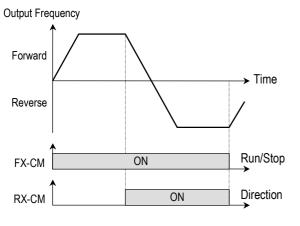
Select the source of run/stop command.

Setting Ra	nge	Description	
LCD	7-Seg		
Keypad	0	Run/Stop is controlled by Keypad.	
Fx/Rx-1	1	Control Terminals FX, RX and 5G control Run/Stop. (Method 1)	
Fx/Rx-2	2	Control Terminals FX, RX and 5G control Run/Stop. (Method 2)	

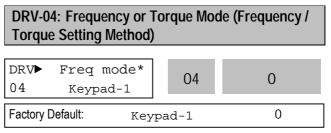
Output Frequency







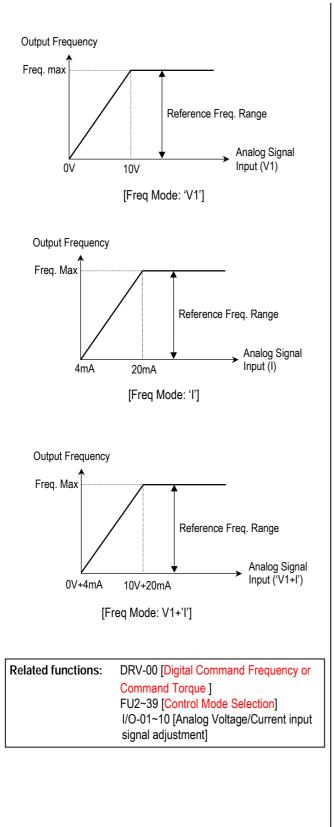




* In Torque mode : LCD display: "Trque mode" 7 Segment: "04"

- If the DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode] is set to 2 (V1), 3 (I), 4 (V1+I), see the description of I/O-01~10 [Analog Voltage/Current input signal adjustment].
- If FU2-39 is set to 4 (Sensorless_T) or 6 (Vector_TRQ), speed is displayed as the percent[%] to the rated torque. Torque command is settable in DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode].
- DRV-04 setting value is separately saved according to which control mode (Speed or Torque) is selected in FU2-39 [Control mode selection].

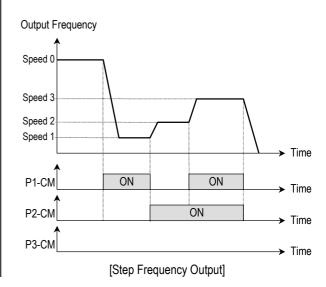
Setting Ra	nge	Description	
LCD	7-Seg		
Keypad-1	0	Frequency is set at DRV-00. The frequency is changed by pressing PROG key and entered by pressing ENT key. The inverter does not output the changed frequency until the ENT key is pressed.	
Keypad-2	1	Frequency is set at DRV-00. Press PROG key and then by pressing the ▲, ▼ key, the inverter immediately outputs the changed frequency. Pressing the ENT key saves the changed frequency.	
V1	2	Input the frequency reference (0-10V) to the "V1" control terminal. Refer to the I/O-01 to I/O-05 for scaling the signal.	
I	3	Input the frequency reference (4~20mA) to the "I" control terminal. Refer to the I/O-06 to I/O-10 for scaling the signal.	
V1+I	4	Input the frequency reference (0~10V, 4~20mA) to the "V1","I" control terminals. The 'V1' signal overrides the 'I' signal.	



DRV-05 ~ DRV-07: Step Frequency 1 ~ 3				
DRV► Step freq-1 05 10.00 Hz	05	10.00		
Factory Default: 10.00	Hz	10.00		
DRV► Step freq-2 06 20.00 Hz	06	20.00		
Factory Default: 20.00	Hz	20.00		
DRV► Step freq-3 07 30.00 Hz	07	30.00		
Factory Default: 30.00	Hz	30.00		

The inverter outputs preset frequencies set in these codes according to the multi-function terminals configured as 'Speed-L', 'Speed-M' and 'Speed-H'. The output frequencies are decided by the binary combination of P1, P2, P3 configured in I/O-12 to I/O-17. Refer to the following table for the preset frequency outputs.

Binary Co	mbination of	P1, P2, P3	Output	Ston Spood
Speed-L	Speed-M	Speed-H	Frequency	Step Speed
0	0	0	DRV-00	Speed 0
1	0	0	DRV-05	Speed 1
0	1	0	DRV-06	Speed 2
1	1	0	DRV-07	Speed 3



Related Functions:	I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Reference Inputs]
	I/O-17 [Filtering Time Constant]
	I/O-21 to I/O-21 [Step Frequency 4~7]
■ I/O-01 to I/O-10	: Scaling the analog input signals (V1 and I)

- for frequency reference.
 I/O-17: Adjusts the response sensibility of the input terminal to eliminate contact noise.
- I/O-21 to I/O-24: Sets the step frequency from 4 to 7.
- Note: The frequency setting method of 'Speed 0' is decided by DRV-04.

DRV-11: User Display Selection				
DRV User disp 11 Out 0.0 V	11	0.0		
Factory Default: 0.0 T	7	0.0		

This code displays the parameter selected in FU2-73 [User Display]. There are types of parameters in FU2-73: Voltage, Watt and Torque.

DRV-12: Fault Display

DRV-08: Output Current				
DRV Curre	ent D.O A	08	0.0	
Factory Default:	0.0 A		0.0	

This code displays the output current of the inverter in RMS.

DRV-09: Motor Speed

DRV Speed	Orpm	09	0
Factory Default:	Ormp		0

This code displays the motor speed in RPM while the motor is running.

Use the following equation to scale the mechanical speed using FU2-74 [Gain for Motor Speed display] if you want to change the motor speed display to rotation speed (r/min) or mechanical speed (m/min).

Motor speed = 120 * (F/P) * FU2-74 Where, F= Output Frequency and P= the Number of Motor Poles

DRV-10: DC Link Voltage

DRV DC link vtg 10 V	10			
Factory Default: v				

This code displays the DC link voltage inside the inverter.

DRV► 12	Fault None		12	n0n
Factory Defa	ult:	None		nOn

This code displays the current fault (trip) status of the inverter. Use the **PROG**, ▲ and ▼ key before pressing the **RESET** key to check the fault content(s), output frequency, output current, and whether the inverter was accelerating, decelerating, or in constant speed at the time of the fault occurred. Press the **ENT** key to exit. The fault content will be stored in FU2-01 to FU2-05 when the **RESET** key is pressed. For more detail, please refer to Chapter 7.

[Fault Contents]

Fault (Trip)	Keypad display			
i aut (inp)	LCD	7-Segment		
Over-Current 1	Over Current 1	OC		
Over-Voltage	Over Voltage	OV		
External Trip Input A	External-A	EXTA		
Emergency Stop (Not Latched)	BX	BX		
Low-Voltage	Low Voltage	LV		
Fuse Open	Fuse Open	FUSE		
Ground Fault	Ground Fault	GF		
Over-Heat on Heat sink	Over Heat	OH		
Electronic Thermal Trip	E-Thermal	ETH		
Over-Load Trip	Over Load	OLT		
Inverter H/W Fault - EEP Error - ADC Offset - WDOG Error - In-Phase Open	HW-Diag	HW		
External Trip Input B	External-B	EXTB		
Over-Current 2	Arm Short	ASHT		
Option Error	Option	OPT		

Output Phase Loss	Phase Open	PO
Inverter Over-Load	Inv. OLT	IOLT

This code shows the Reference Frequency and Feedback Frequency while PID operation.

This code appears only when 'PID' is selected in FU2-47.

w Note. There are WDOG		and ADC Offeet	1113 000			
Note: There are WDOG for the inverter Hardwar			DRV-16	: Hz/Rpm Displ	av	
when H/W fault occurs.				·····)	
the power.		5	DRV	Fault	12	n 0n
Note: Only the highest-	level fault will be di	splayed when	12	None	12	n0n
multiple faults occur.			Factory De	efault: None	2	n0n
		tory] s saved.	display sp Related F following p DRV	unctions: Chan barameter display. '-00, 05, 06, 07, 14	ging the Hz/Rpm	ncy, or to 1[Rpm] to display affects the
DRV-13: Motor Direction	on Set (7-Seam	ent Kevnad)		-20, 21,22, 24, 25,	32	
		chi (Cypuu)	■ FU2-			
	10	0)3, 05, 08, 10, 20, 2	21, 22, 23, 24, 42	, 43
	13	0		-08, 10		
Factory Default:		0		· Ell1 Group Se	alaction (7-Se	gment keypad)
This cada acts the motor .	direction when up	ing the 7		. FUT Group 30		gillent keypau)
This code sets the motor of Segment keypad.	direction when us	ing the <i>r</i> -			loction (7-Se	gment keypad)
oeginent keypad.			DRV-21	. 1 02 Group 30		gillent keypau)
7-Segment Display	Descrip			: I/O Group Sel	ection (7-Sec	iment kevnad)
0	Run to forward					
1	Run to reverse	edirection	DRV-23		election (7-Se	gment keypad)
			DRV 20			
DRV-14: Command/Ou (LCD Keypad)	Itput Frequency	y Display	DRV-24 keypad	: COM Group S)	Selection (7-S	egment
	7					
DRV►TAR 0.00Hz 14 OUT 0.00Hz				: APP Group S	election (7-Se	egment
		1	keypad))		
Factory Default: 0.00)Hz		Select th	e desired aroun a	and nress the D	ROG/ENT key to
This code shows the Com DRV00 and inverter Output		equency set in	move int	o the desired group to ead and written a	up. The parame	eter in the group
DRV-15: Reference/Fe (LCD Keypad)	edback Freque	ncy Display	group.			
DRV•REF 0.00Hz	7					
15 FBK 0.00Hz						
Factory Default: 0.00		1				

Notes:

6.2 Function 1 Group [FU1]

FU1-00: Jump to Desired Code

1

FU1►	Jump	code
00		1

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

FU1-03: Run Prevention				
FU1► 03	Run prev. None		03	0
Factory Default: None				0

This function prevents reverse operation of the motor. This function may be used for loads that rotate only in one direction such as fans and pumps.

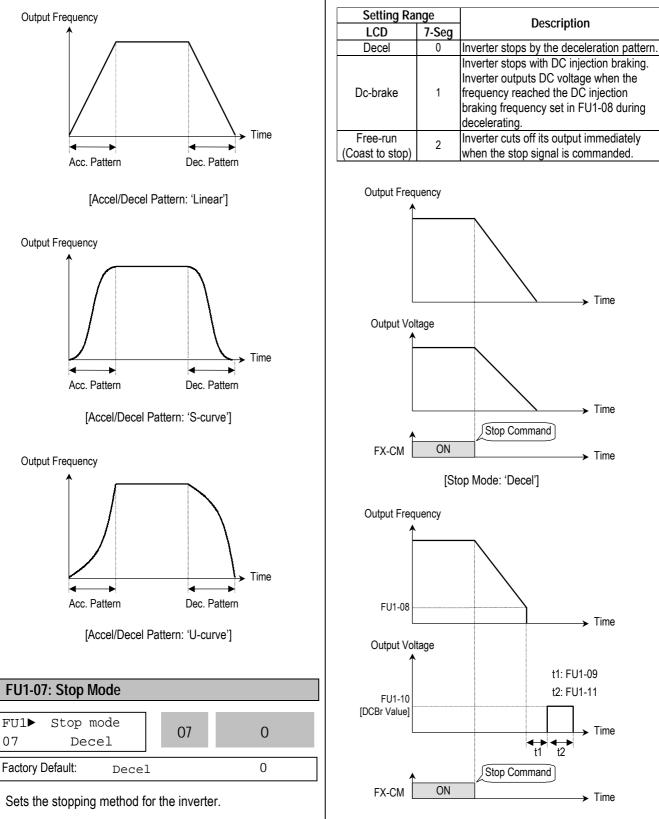
Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	Forward and Reverse run is available.	
Forward Prev	1	Forward run is prevented.	
Reverse Prev	2	Reverse run is prevented.	

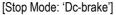
FU1-05: Acceleration Pattern FU1-06: Deceleration Pattern				
FU1►Acc. pattern 05 Linear	05	0		
Factory Default: Linear		0		
FU1⊳Dec. pattern 06 Linear	06	0		
Factory Default: Linear		0		

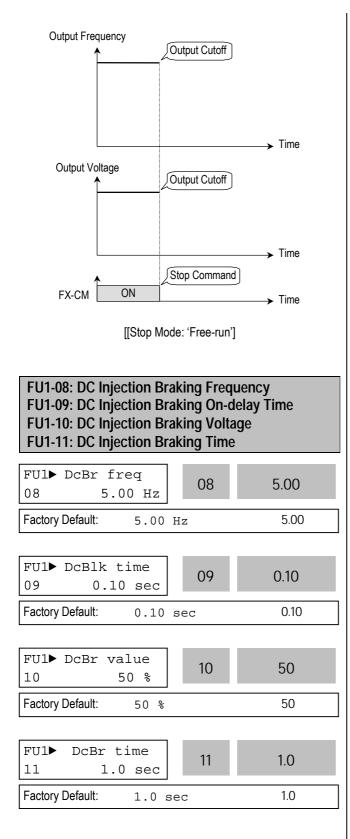
Different combinations of acceleration and deceleration patterns can be selected according to the application.

Setting Ra	nge	Description		
LCD	7-Seg	Description		
Linear	0	This is a general pattern for constant		
		torque applications. This pattern allows the motor to		
S-curve	1	accelerate and decelerate smoothly. The actual acceleration and deceleration time takes longer- about 40% than the time set in DRV-01 and DRV-02. This setting prevents shock during acceleration and deceleration, and prevents objects from swinging on conveyors or other moving equipment.		
U-curve	2	This pattern provides more efficient control of acceleration and deceleration in typical winding machine applications.		
Minimum	3	The inverter makes shorten the acceleration time by accelerating with a current rate of about 150% of its rated current and reduces the deceleration time by decelerating with a DC voltage rate of 95% of its over-voltage trip level. <i>Appropriate application:</i> When the maximum capability of the inverter and the motor are required. <i>Inappropriate application:</i> The current limit function may operate for a long period of time for loads that have high inertia such as fans.		
Optimum	4	The inverter accelerates with a current rate of about 120% of its rated current and decelerates with a DC voltage rate of 93% of its over-voltage trip level.		

- Note: In case of selecting the 'Minimum' or 'Optimum', the DRV-01 and DRV-02 is ignored.
- Note: 'Minimum' and 'Optimum' functions operate normally when the load inertia is less than 10 times compared to the motor inertia. (FU2-37)
- Note: 'Optimum' is useful when the motor capacity is smaller than the inverter capacity.
- Note: 'Minimum' and 'Optimum' functions are not appropriate for down operation in an elevator application.





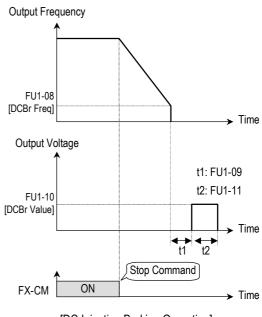


By introducing a DC voltage to the motor windings this function stops the motor immediately. Selecting 'DC-Brake' in FU1-07 activates FU1-08 through FU1-11.

FU1-08 [DC Injection Braking Frequency] is the frequency at which the inverter starts to output DC voltage during deceleration.

FU1-09 [DC Injection Braking On-delay Time] is the inverter output blocking time before DC injection braking. FU1-10 [DC Injection Braking Voltage] is the DC voltage applied to the motor and is based on FU2-33 [Rated Current of Motor].

FU1-11 [DC Injection Braking Time] is the time the DC current is applied to the motor.

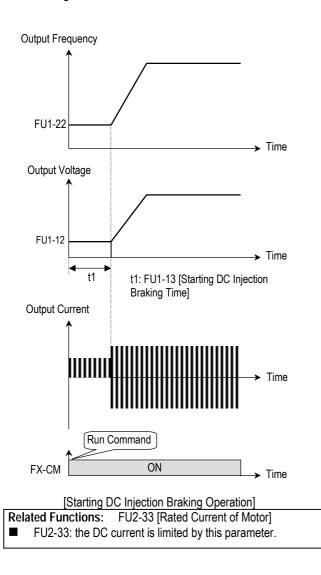


[DC Injection Braking Operation]

FU1-12: Starting DC Injection Braking Time	
FU1-13: Staring DC Injection Braking Time	

FU1► DcSt value 12 50 %	12	50
Factory Default:50 %		50
FU1 DcSt time 13 0.0 sec	13	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0 s	sec	0.0

Inverter holds the starting frequency for Starting DC Injection Braking Time. It outputs DC voltage to the motor for FU1-13 [Starting DC Injection Braking Time] with the FU1-12 [Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage] before accelerating.



- Note: The DC injection braking function does not function when either FU1-12 or FU1-13 is set to "0".
- Note: FU1-12 [Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage] is also used as the DC Injection Braking Voltage for the multifunction input when the multifunction input is set to "DC braking".

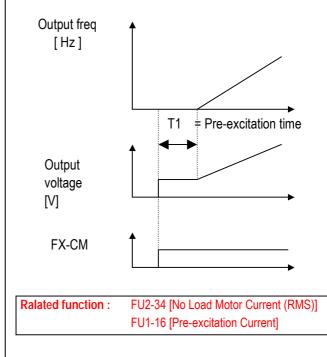
FU1-14: Pre-excitation Time

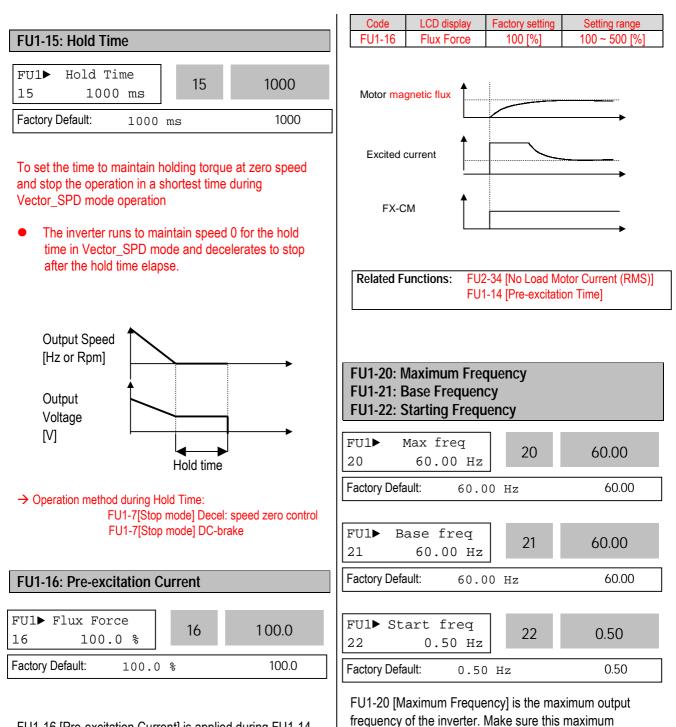
FU1► 14	PreExT 1.	ime 0 sec	14	1.0
Factory [Default:	1.0 s	ec	1.0

To set the time for pre-exitation (Flux gain time) before starting Vector or Sensorless Vector control

 After FU1-14 [Pre-excitation Time] elapses the motor starts acceleration,

Code	LCD display	Factory setting	Setting range
FU1-14	PreExTime	1 [sec]	0 ~ 60 [sec]





FU1-16 [Pre-excitation Current] is applied during FU1-14. When the motor magnetic flux increases to match the rated magnetic flux, pre-excitation current starts to decrease. When the motor magnetic flux reaches to the rated magnetic flux, the pre-excitation current matches the rated pre-excitation current.

frequency does not exceed the rated speed of the motor.

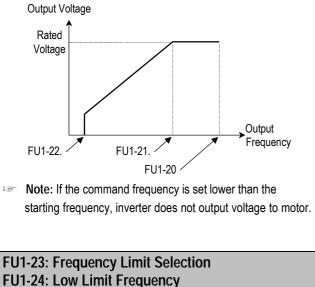
inverter outputs its rated voltage. In case of using a 50Hz

FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] is the frequency where the

FU1-21 [Base Frequency] is the frequency where the

motor, set this to 50Hz.

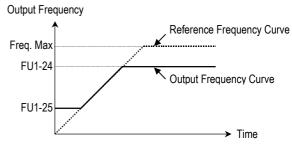
inverter starts to output its voltage.



FU1-25: High Limit Frequency

FU1► Freq limit 23 23	0
Factory Default: NO	0
FU1► F-limit Lo 24 24	0.50
Factory Default: 0.50 Hz	0.50
FU1▶ F-limit Hi 25 60.00 Hz 25	60.00
Factory Default: 60.00 Hz	60.00

FU1-23 selects the limits for the inverter operating frequency. If FU1-23 is set to 'Yes', inverter operates within the upper and lower limit setting. The inverter operates at the upper or the lower limit when the frequency reference is outside the frequency limit range.



[Freq. limit: 'Yes']

Note: Frequency limit does not work during accelerating and decelerating.

FU1-26: Manual/Auto Boost Selection FU1-27: Torque Boost in Forward Direction FU1-28: Torque Boost in Reverse Direction

FU1⊳Torque boost 26 Manual	26	0
Factory Default: Manua	al	0
FU1▶ Fwd boost 27 2.0 %	27	2.0
Factory Default: 2.0	00	2.0
FU1▶ Rev boost 28 2.0 %	28	2.0
Factory Default: 2.0	0/0	2.0

This function is used to increase the starting torque at low speed by increasing the output voltage of the inverter. If the boost value is set too high than required, it may cause the motor flux to saturate, causing over-current trip. Increase the boost value when there is excessive distance between inverter and motor.

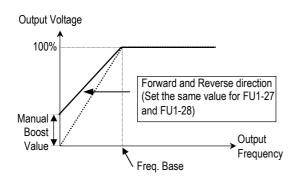
[Manual Torque Boost]: The forward and reverse torque boost is set separately in FU1-27 and FU1-28.

- Note: The torque boost value is the percentage of inverter rated voltage.
- Note: When FU1-29 [Volts/Hz Pattern] is set to 'User V/F', this function does not work.

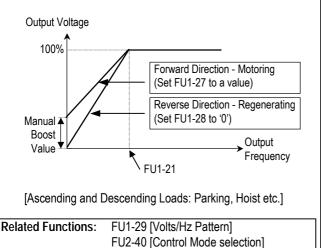
Note: When FU2-40 [Control Mode] is set to 'Sensorless', the torque boost value is the rate per thousand of inverter rated voltage.

[Auto Torque Boost]: Inverter outputs high starting torque by automatic boosting according to the load.

- Note: Auto torque boost is only available for the 1st motor. Manual torque boost must be used for the 2nd motor.
- Note: The auto torque boost value is added to the manual torque boost value.
- Note: Auto torque boost is available only when FU2-40 [Control Mode] is set to 'V/F'.
- Note: Conduct Auto tuning in FU2-41 [Auto tuning] to use Auto torque boost effectively.







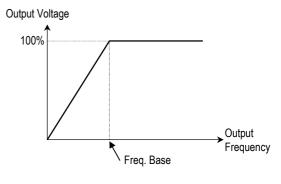
FUT-29: VOIIS/HZ Pattern		
FU1▶ V/F pattern	29	0
29 Linear	27	0
Factory Default	r	0

ELI1 20. Volte/Uz Datt

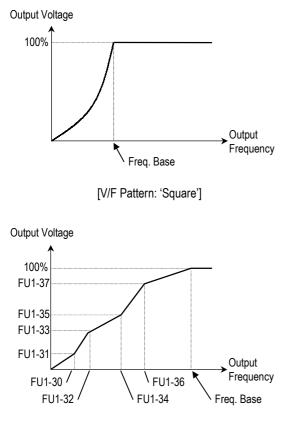
This is the pattern of voltage/frequency ratio. Select the proper V/F pattern according to the load. The motor torque is dependent on this V/F pattern.

[Linear] pattern is used where constant torque is required. This pattern maintains a linear volts/frequency ratio from zero to base frequency. This pattern is appropriate for constant torque applications.

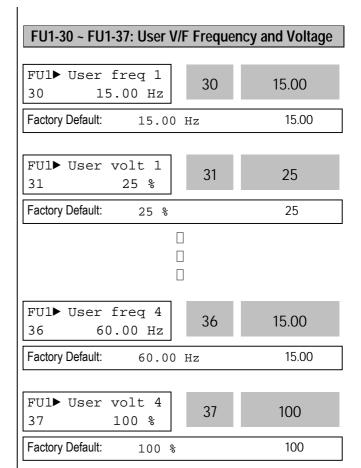
[Square] pattern is used where variable torque is required. This pattern maintains squared volts/hertz ratio. This pattern is appropriate for fans, pumps, etc. [User V/F] pattern is used for special applications. Users can adjust the volts/frequency ratio according to the application. This is accomplished by setting the voltage and frequency, respectively, at four points between starting frequency and base frequency. The four points of voltage and frequency are set in FU1-30 through FU1-37.



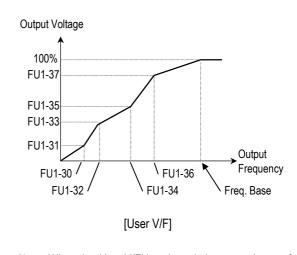
[V/F Pattern: 'Linear']



[V/F Pattern: 'User V/F']



These functions are available only when 'User V/F' is selected in FU1-29 [V/F pattern]. Users can make the custom V/F pattern by setting four points between FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] and FU1-21 [Base Frequency].



Note: When the 'User V/F' is selected, the torque boost of FU1-26 through FU1-28 is ignored.

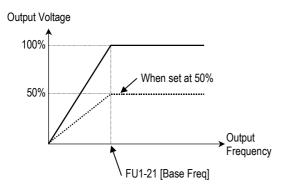
	Related Functions:	FU1-21 [Base Frequency] FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] FU1-29 [Volts/Hz Pattern]			
	FU1-38: Output Voltage Adjustment				
5	FU1⊳Volt contr	-01			
	38 100.0	8	38	100	

This function is used to adjust the output voltage of the inverter. This is useful when using a motor with a lower rated voltage than the main input voltage. When this is set at 100%, inverter outputs its rated voltage.

100.0 %

100

Factory Default:

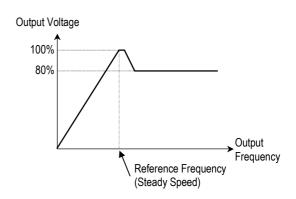


Note: The inverter output voltage does not exceed the main input voltage, even though FU1-38 is set at 110%.

FU1-39: Energy	Save Le	eve	el		
FU1▶ Energy 39	save 0 %		39	0	
Factory Default:	0 %			0	

This function is used to reduce the output voltage in applications that do not require high torque and current at its steady speed. The inverter reduces its output voltage after accelerating to the reference frequency (steady speed) if the energy save level is set at 20%. This function may cause over-current trip due to the lack of output torque in a fluctuating load.

This function does not work with 0% set point value.



[When Energy Save Level is set at 20%]

- Note: This function is not recommended for a large load or for an application that need frequent acceleration and deceleration.
- Note: This function does not work when 'Sensorless' is selected in FU2-40 [Control Mode].

FU1-50: Electronic Thermal (Motor i²t) Selection FU1-51: Electronic Thermal Level for 1 Minute FU1-52: Electronic Thermal Level for Continuous FU1-53: Electronic Thermal Characteristic (Motor type) selection

These functions are to protect the motor from overheating without using additional thermal overload relay. Inverter calculates the temperature rising of the motor using several parameters and determines whether or not the motor is overheated. Inverter will turn off its output and display a trip message when the electronic thermal feature is activated.

FU1▶ ETH select 50 No	50	0
Factory Default: No		0

This function activates the ETH parameters by setting 'Yes'.

FU1▶ ETH 1 51	lmin 150 %	51	150
Factory Default:	150 %		150

This is the reference current when the inverter determines

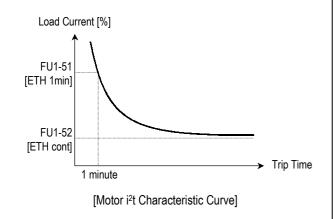
the motor has overheated. It trips in one minute when 150% of rated motor current established in FU2-33 flows for one minute.

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].

FU1► ETH			52	100
52	100 %		-	
Factory Default:	100	%		100

This is the current at which the motor can run continuously. Generally, this value is set to '100%' and which means the rated motor current set in FU2-33. This value must be set less than FU1-52 [ETH 1min].

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].



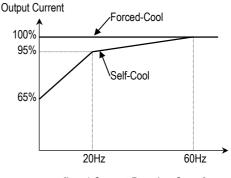
FU1▶ Motor type 53 Self-cool	53	0
Factory Default: Self	-cool	0

To make the ETH function (Motor i²t) work correctly, the motor cooling method must be selected correctly according to the motor.

[Self-cool] is a motor that has a cooling fan connected directly to the shaft of the motor. Cooling effects of a selfcooled motor decrease when a motor is running at low speeds. The motor current is derated as the motor speed decreases.

[Forced-cool] is a motor that uses a separate motor to

power a cooling fan. As the motor speed changes, the cooling effects doe not change.



[Load Current Derating Curve]

Note: Despite the motor current changing frequently due to load fluctuation or acceleration and deceleration, the inverter calculates the i²t and accumulates the value to protect the motor.

Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current]

FU1-54: Overload Warning Level FU1-55: Overload Warning Time

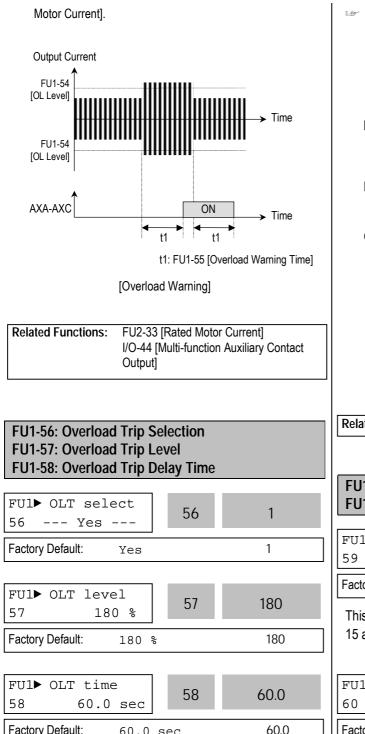
FU1► OL 54	level 150 %		54	150
Factory Default: 150 क्ष		00		150

FU1►	OL time	<u> </u>	55	10.0
55	10.0	sec	55	10.0
Factory	Default:	10.0	sec	10.0

The inverter generates an alarm signal when the output current has reached the FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] for the FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]. The alarm signal persists for the FU1-55 even if the current has become the level below the FU1-54.

Multi-function output terminal (AXA-AXC) is used as the alarm signal output. To output the alarm signal, set I/O 44 [Multifunction Auxiliary Contact Output] to 'OL'.

- Note: Inverter is not tripped by this function.
- Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated

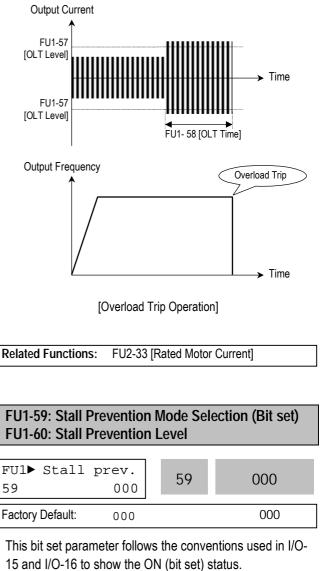


Inverter cuts off its output and displays fault message when the output current persists over the FU1-57 [Overload Trip Level] for the time of FU1-58 [Overload Trip Time]. This function protects the inverter and motor from abnormal load conditions.

60.0 sec

Factory Default:

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].



FU1► Stall level 60 180 %		60	180
Factory Default:	180 %		180

This function is used to prevent the motor from stalling by reducing the inverter output frequency until the motor current decreases below the stall prevention level. This function can be selected for each mode of acceleration, steady speed, and deceleration via bit combination.

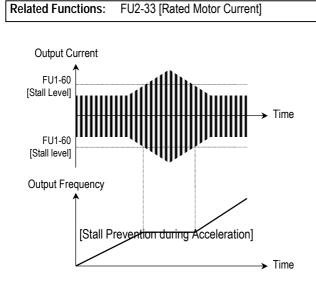
Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].

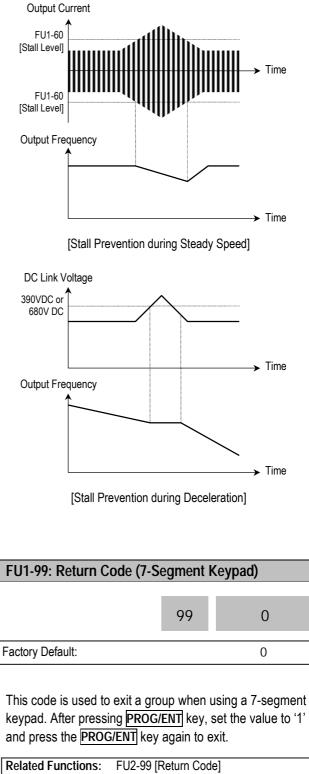
FU1-59 [Stall Prevention Mode Selection]

	Setting Range		FU1-59	Description	
3 rd bit	2 nd bit	1 st bit	101-37	Description	
٥	0	1	001	Stall Prevention during	
0	0	1	001	Acceleration	
٥	1	0	010	Stall Prevention during Steady	
0	1	0	010	Speed	
1	0	0	100	Stall Prevention during	
I	0	0	100	Deceleration	

When FU1-59 is set to '111', stall prevention works during accelerating, steady speed and decelerating.

- Note: The acceleration and deceleration time may take longer than the time set in DRV-01, DRV-02 when Stall Prevention is selected.
- Note: If stall prevention status persists, inverter may stop during acceleration.





Notes:

6.3 Function 2 Group [FU2]

1

FU2► Jump code 00 1

Factory Default:

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

FU2-01: Previous Fault History 1 FU2-02: Previous Fault History 2 FU2-03: Previous Fault History 3 FU2-04: Previous Fault History 4 FU2-05: Previous Fault History 5 FU2-06: Erase Fault History

FU2► Last trip-1 01 None	01	0
Factory Default: Non	e	0
FU2► Last trip-5 05 None	05	0

This code displays up to five previous fault (trip) status of the inverter. Use the **PROG**, ▲ and ▼ key before pressing the **RESET** key to check the fault content(s), output frequency, output current, and whether the inverter was accelerating, decelerating, or in constant speed at the time of the fault occurred. Press the **ENT** key to exit. The fault content will be stored in FU2-01 through FU2-05 when the **RESET** key is pressed. For more detail, please refer to Chapter 7.

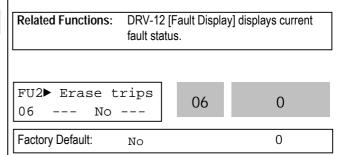
None

[Fault	Contents]

Fault (Trip)	Keypad Display			
Fault (TTP)	LCD	7-Segment		
Over-Current 1	Over Current 1	OC		
Over-Voltage	Over Voltage	OV		
External Trip Input A	External-A	EXTA		
Emergency Stop (Not Latched)	BX	BX		
Low-Voltage	Low Voltage	LV		
Fuse Open	Fuse Open	FUSE		
Ground Fault	Ground Fault	GF		
Over-Heat on Heat sink	Over Heat	OH		
Electronic Thermal Trip	E-Thermal	ETH		
Over-Load Trip	Over Load	OLT		
Inverter H/W Fault - EEP Error - ADC Offset - WDOG Error - In-Phase Open	HW-Diag	HW		
External Trip Input B	External-B	EXTB		
Over-Current 2	Arm Short	ASHT		
Option Error	Option	OPT		
Output Phase Loss	Phase Open	PO		
Inverter Over-Load	Inv. OLT	IOLT		

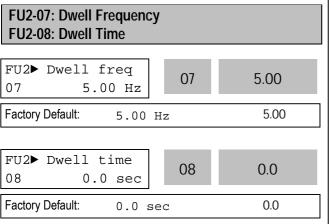
Note: There are WDOG error, EEP error, and ADC Offset for the inverter Hardware Fault, and the inverter will not reset when H/W fault occurs. Repair the fault before turning on the power.

Note: When multiple faults occur, only the highest-level fault will be displayed.



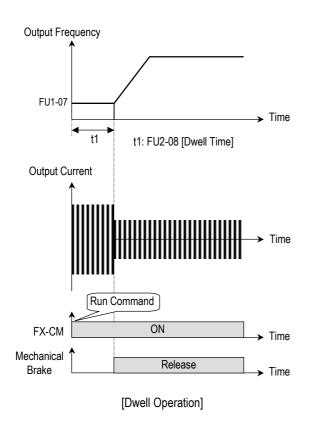
This function erases all fault histories of FU2-01 to FU-05 from the memory.

0



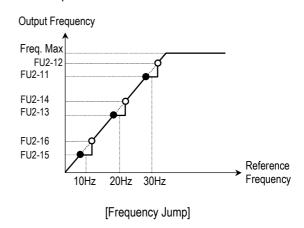
This function is used to output torque in an intended direction. It is useful in hoisting applications to get enough torque before a releasing mechanical brake. If the dwell time is set at '0', this function is not available. In dwell operation, the inverter outputs AC voltage not a DC voltage.

Note: DC Injection Braking does not output torque to an intended direction. It is just to hold the motor.



FU2-10 ~ FU2-16: Frequency Jump				
FU2► Jump freq 10 No	0 0			
Factory Default: NO	0			
FU2▶ jump lo 1 11 10.00 Hz	11 10.00			
Factory Default: 10.00 Hz	10.00			
FU2► jump Hi 1 12 15.00 Hz	12 15.00			
Factory Default: 15.00 Hz	15.00			
FU2► jump lo 3 15 30.00 Hz	5 30.00			
Factory Default: 30.00 Hz	30.00			
FU2► jump Hi 3 16 35.00 Hz	6 35.00			
Factory Default: 35.00 Hz	35.00			

To prevent undesirable resonance and vibration on the structure of the machine, this function locks out the potential resonance frequency from occurring. Three different jump frequency ranges may be set. This avoidance of frequencies does not occur during accelerating or decelerating. It only occurs during continuous operation.



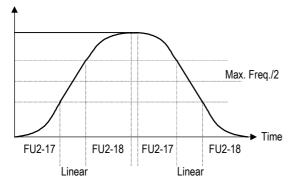
- Note: When the reference frequency is set inside the jump frequency, the output frequency goes to the frequency marked by "●" symbol.
- Note: If one frequency jump range is required, set all ranges to the same range.

FU2-17: Start Curve for S-Curve Accel/Decel Pattern FU2-18: End Curve for S-Curve Accel/Decel Pattern

FU2 Start Curve 17 40 %	17	40
Factory Default: 40%		40
FU2► End Curve 18 40 %	18	40
Factory Default: 40%		40

This parameter is used to adjust the Accel and Decel pattern when 'S-Curve' is selected in FU1-05 and FU1-06 respectively. To use this function, the Reference Frequency for Accel and Decel set in FU2-70 should be set to 'Delta freq'.

Output Frequency



[S0Curve Adjustment]

Actual Accel Time = DRV-01 + (DRV-01 * FU2-17)/2 + (DRV-01*FU2-18)/2

Actual Decel Time = DRV-02 + (DRV-02 * FU2-17)/2 + (DRV-02*FU2-18)/2

Ex) If DRV-10: 1 sec, FU2-17: 40%, FU2-18: 20%, Actual Accel Time = 1 sec + (1sec*0.4)/2 + (1sec*0.2)/2 = 1.3 sec

FU2-19: Input/Output Phase Loss Protection (Bit Set)

FU2 Trip select 19 00		19	00
Factory Default:	00		00

This function is used to cut the inverter output off in case of phase loss in either input power or inverter output.

FU2-19 [Phase Loss Protection Select]

Setting 2 nd bit	Range 1 st bit	FU2-19	Description
0	0	00	Phase loss protection does not work
0	1	01	Protect inverter from output phase loss
1	0	10	Protect inverter from input phase loss
1	1	11	Protect inverter from input and output phase loss

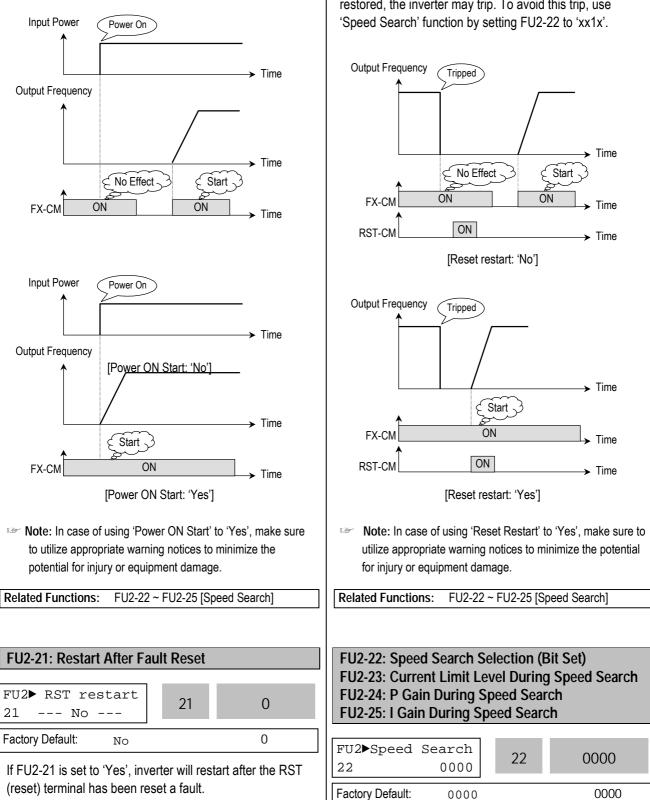
Related Functions: FU2-22 to FU2-25 [Speed Search]

FU2-20: Power ON Start Selection

FU2⊳Power-on run 20 No	20	0
Factory Default: NO		0

If FUN-20 is set to 'No', restart the inverter by cycling the FX or RX terminal to CM terminal after power has been restored.

If FUN-20 is set to 'Yes', the inverter will restart after power is restored. If the motor is rotating by inertia at the time power is restored, the inverter may trip. To avoid this trip, use 'Speed Search' function by setting FU2-22 to '1xxx'.



reset. If the motor is rotating by inertia at the time power is restored, the inverter may trip. To avoid this trip, use

If FU2-21 is set to 'No', restart the inverter by cycling the FX or RX terminal to CM terminal after the fault has been

FU2▶ SS Sup-Curr 23 100 %	23	100
Factory Default: 100 %	2	100
FU2▶ SS P-gain 24 100	24	100
Factory Default: 100		100
FU2► SS I-gain 25 1000	25	1000
Factory Default: 1000		100

This function is used to permit automatic restarting after Power ON, Fault Reset, and Instant Power Failure without waiting for the motor to stop.

The speed search gain should be set after considering the inertia moment (GD²) and magnitude of torque of the load. FU2-37 [Load Inertia] must be set at the correct value to make this function operate correctly.

FU2-22	[Speed	Search	Select]

Setting Range			;	Description
4 th bit	3 rd bit	2 nd bit	1st bit	Description
0	0	0	0	Speed search function does not work
0	0	0	1	Speed search during Accelerating
0	0	1	0	Speed search during a Fault Reset restarting (FU2-21) and Auto restarting (FU2-26)
0	1	0	0	Speed search during Instant Power Failure restarting.
1	0	0	0	Speed search during Power ON starting (FU2-20)

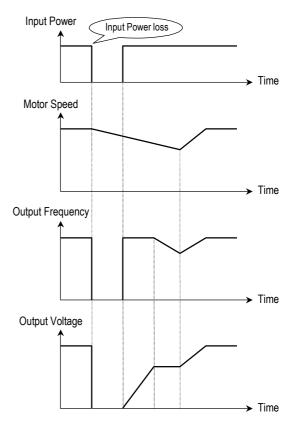
When FU2-22 is set to '1111', Speed Search works for all conditions.

FU2-22 [Speed Search Selection] selects the speed search function.

FU2-23 [Current Limit Level] is the current that the inverter limits its current rise during speed searching. (The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current])

FU2-24 [P Gain] is the proportional gain used for speed search. Set this value according to load inertia set in FU2-37.

FU2-25 [I Gain] is the Integral gain used for speed search. Set this value according to load inertia set in FU2-37.



[Speed Search Operation]

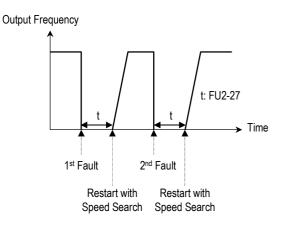
- 1		
	Related Functions:	FU2-20 [Power ON Start]
		FU2-21 [Restart after Fault Reset]
		FU2-26 ~ FU2-27 [Auto Restart]
		FU2-30 ~ FU2-37 [Motor Parameters]

FU2-26: Number of Auto Restart Attempt FU2-27: Delay Time Before Auto Restart

FU2▶Retry n 26	umber 0	26	0
Factory Default:	0		0
FU2▶Retry d 27 1.	elay 0 sec	27	1.0
Factory Default:	1.0 s	ec	1.0

This function is used to allow the inverter to reset itself for a selected number of times after a fault has occurred. The inverter can restart itself automatically when a fault occurs. To use the speed search function during auto restarting set FU2-22 to 'xx1x'. See FU2-22 ~ FU2-25.

When an under voltage (LV) fault, inverter disable (BX) or Arm short occurs, the drive does not restart automatically.



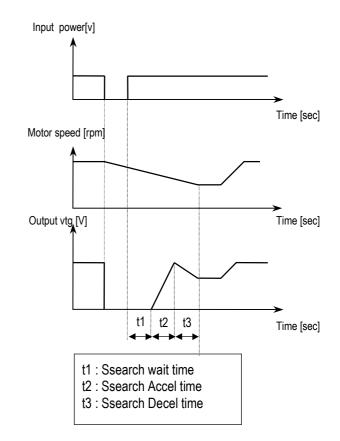
Note: Inverter decreases the retry number by one as a fault occurs. When restarted without a fault during 30 seconds, the inverter increases the retry number by one.

FU2▶ SS blk time	28	10
28 1.0 sec	20	1.0
Factory Default: 1.0 s	sec	1.0

FU2-28: Speed search hold time

The inverter starts speed search function after the preset time t1 elapses. Set the desired time for inverter to restart the previous operation using Speed search function. Speed search function [FU2-22] is activated automatically during exchanging function.

Code	Keypad display	Description	Factory setting	Setting Range
FU2-28	SS blk time	Speed search hold time during speed search	1 sec	0 ~ 60 sec



Note: This parameter is not valid when low voltage (LV) fault or instant power loss (within 15msec) occurs.

FU2-30: Rated Motor Selection
FU2-31: Number of Motor Pole
FU2-32: Rated Motor Slip
FU2-33: Rated Motor Current
FU2-34: No Load Motor Current
FU2-36: Motor Efficiency
FU2-37: Load Inertia

If you do not set these values, inverter will use its default values.

FU2►Motor select 30 0.75kW			30	0
Factory Default: 0.75 kW 0				0
(This value is set according to the model number before shipping)				

This parameter sets the motor capacity. Other motor related parameters are changed automatically according to

motor capacity. The motor related parameters are FU2-32 [Rated Motor Slip], FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current], FU2-34 [No Load Motor Current], FU2-42 [Stator Resistance], FU2-43 [Rotor Resistance], and FU2-44 [Leakage Inductance].

If you know the motor parameters, set the values in the relevant codes for better control performance.

FU2⊳ Pole 31	number 4	31	4
Factory Default:	4		4

This is used to display the motor speed. If you set this value to 2, inverter will display 3600 rpm instead 1800rpm at 60Hz output frequency. (See motor nameplate)

FU2►	Rated-Sl	ip	22	3.00
32	3.00	Hz	32	3.00
Factory [Default: 3	.00 H	Z	3.00

This is used in 'Slip Compensation' control. If you set this value incorrectly, motor may stall during slip compensation control. (See motor nameplate)

FU2► 33	Rated-Curr 3.6 A	33	3.6	
Factory Default: 3.6 A 3.6 (This value is set according to the motor capacity set in FU2-30)				

This is very importance parameter that must be set correctly. This value is referenced in many other inverter parameters. (See motor nameplate)

FU2► Noload-Curr 34 1.8 A	34	1.8
Factory Default: 1.8 2 (This value is set according to		1.8 acity set in FU2-30)

This parameter is only displayed when 'Slip Compen' is selected in FU2-40 [Control Method].

This function is used to maintain constant motor speed. To keep the motor speed constant, the output frequency varies within the limit of slip frequency set in FU2-32 according to the load current. For example, when the motor speed decreases below the reference speed (frequency) due to a heavy load, the inverter increases the output frequency higher than the reference frequency to increase the motor speed. The inverter increases or decreases the output by delta frequency shown below.

Delta _	Output current – No load current	X Deted Olin
Freq.	Rated current – No load current	 – × Rated Slip

Output frequency = Reference freq. + Delta freq.

FU2► 36	Efficiency 72 %		36	72
Factory [o tha	motor con	72
(This val	ue is set according t	o the	e motor capa	acity set in FU2-30)

This value is used for calculating the output wattage when FU2-72 is set to 'Watt'.

FU2▶Inertia 37	rate 0	37	0
Factory Default:	0		0

This parameter is used for sensorless control, minimum Accel/Decel, optimum Accel/Decel and speed search. For better control performance, this value must be set as exact as possible.

Set '0' for loads that has load inertia less than 10 times that of motor inertia.

Set '1' for loads that have load inertia about 10 times that of motor inertia.

FU2-38: Carrier Frequency

FU2►Carrier 38 5	freq kHz	38	5
Factory Default:	5 kH	Z	5

Code	LCD Display	Description	Factory setting	Setting range
FU2- 38	Carrier freq	Carrier Frequency	5 [kHz]	1 ~ 15 [kHz]

This parameter affects the audible sound of the motor, noise emission from the inverter, inverter termperature, and leakage current. If the ambient temperature where the inverter is installed is high or other equipment may be affected by potential inverter noise, set this value lower. If set above 10kHz, use it by reducing 5%[1kHz] of the rated current. Setting Carrier frequency set below 2.5[kHz] when the FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ could weaken the control performance.

FU2-39: Control mode selection

FU2►Control mode 39 V/F	39		0
Factory Default: V/F		0	

• Selects the control mode of the inverter

FU2-40 setting	LCD Display	Description
0	V/F	V/F Control
1	Slip compen	Slip compensation
2	Sensorless S	Sensorless vector
2	Sel18011685_S	control speed operation
3	Sensorless T	Sensorless vector
5	Sel15011655_1	control torque operation
4	Vector SPD	Vector control speed
4		operation
5	Vector TRQ	Vector control torque
5		operation

Note) Setting Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ is only valid when the inverter is equipped with SUB-B board and EXT-12[F mode] is set to Feed-back. Vector control comprises of Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ with secsorless vector Sensorless_S and Sensorless_T.

• V/F control:

This parameter controls the voltage/frequency ratio constant. It is recommended to use the torque boost function when a greater starting torque is required. Related function : FU1-26~28 [Torque boost]

• Slip compensation :

This function is used to maintain constant motor speed. To keep the motor speed constant, the output frequency varies within the limit of slip frequency set in FU2-32

according to the load current. For example, when the motor speed decreases below the reference speed (frequency) due to a heavy load, the inverter increases the output frequency higher than the reference frequency to increase the motor speed. The inverter increases or decreases the output by delta frequency shown below.

Delta freq = Rated slip * (Output current - Motor No load current) / rated current - Motor No load current) Output freq = Reference freq + Delta freq

Motor parameters must be set correctly for better performance of control.

FU2-32~36 [Motor related parameters] is automatically determined by FU2-30 [Rated Motor selection]. Most suitable motor capacity corresponding inverter capacity is set as factory setting, but the following setting value can be adjusted if necessary.

Related parameter :FU2-30~37	Motor related	parameters]
	[initial initial initi	paramotoroj

Code	LCD Display	Description
FU2-30	Motor select	Select motor capacity
FU2-32	Rated-Slip	Motor rated slip (Hz)
FU2-33	Rated-Curr	Motor rated current (rms)
FU2-34	Noload-Curr	Motor no load current (rms)
FU2-36	Efficiency	Motor efficiency (%)
FU2-37	Inertia rate	Motor inertia rate

 Sensorless_S (Sensorless vector speed control) operation :

Use it when 1) high starting torque needed at low speed 2) load fluctuation is high 3) rapid response needed.

If not using LG 220V/440V Class motor: Set Yes in FU2-40 [Auto tuning] first.

Vector_SPD (Vector control speed) operaation : only valid when Sub-B board is mounted (Speed-detecting Encoder installed to the motor).

Related parameters : FU2-30~37 [Motor related parameters] FU2-41~44 [Motor constant] FU2-45~46 [P/I gain for Sensorless] EXT-25~26 [P/I gain for Vector_SPD], EXT-27~28 [Torque limit for Vector_SPD]

Conditions for Sensorless Vector Control

Conditions for sensorless control are as follows. If one of the following conditions is not satisfied, the inverter may malfunction with insufficient torque, irregular rotation, or excessive motor noise. It is recommended to use V/F control.

- □ Use a motor capacity that is equal to or one horsepower level lower than the inverter capacity.
- Two different motor parameters can be set for one inverter, but use only one motor parameter for sensorless control.
- □ If the motor in use is not LG 220V/440V Class motor or using 220V/380V dual use motor, utilize the auto tuning feature in FU2-40 [Auto tuning] before starting.
- Set appropriate values for the electronic thermal function, the overload limit function and the stall prevention. The set values should not exceed 150% of the rated motor current.
- When DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to "V1", "I", or "V1+I", eliminate any potential noise influence with the frequency reference.
- Pole number of the motor should be 2 pole, 4 pole, or 6 pole.
- □ The distance between the inverter and the motor should not exceed 100m (328 ft).

Precautions When Using Sensorless Control

- □ Forced-cooling should be used for the motor when the average operating speed is under 20Hz and more than 100% load is used constantly.
- □ The motor may rotate 0.5% faster than the maximum speed if the motor temperature does not reach normal operating temperature.
- The performance can be improved during regeneration for systems with frequent acceleration and deceleration operations by installing the DB (Dynamic Brake) braking unit option.
- □ Utilize the auto-tuning feature when the motor reaches normal temperature (average temperature where the motor normally operates).
- Output torque may be reduced when an output filter option is used between the inverter and the motor.
- □ Speed change is more frequent than the V/F control.
- □ If the speed changes excessively when the FU2–38 [Carrier Frequency Selection] is set to a value more than 10kHz, change the setting to 5~10kHz.

- Over current fault can occur if the FU2-41 [Stator Resistance (Rs)] is set to a value more than twice the auto tuned value
- □ Max setting range is 300 Hz.

Detail Tuning Method for Sensorless Vector Control

- □ Adjust the FU2–34 [No Load Motor Current (RMS)] value larger or smaller by 5% units if the current is larger or smaller than that of V/F control with small load.
- □ Adjust the FU2–32 [Rated Motor Slip] value larger or smaller by 5% units if the speed is faster or slower than that of V/F control with small load.
- Sensorless_T(Sensorless Vector Torque) Operation:
- Vector_TRQ(Vector control torque) Operation: All settings are the same as Vector_SPD except using torque reference for torque control.

FU2-40 ~ 44 [Auto tuning]			
FU2 Auto tuning	40	0	
Factory Default: NO		0	
FU2► Rs * 41 0.171 ohm	41	0.171	
Factory Default: 0.1	.71 ohm	0.171	
FU2 Lsigma * 42 3.34 mH	42	3.34	
Factory Default: 3.3	4 mH	3.34	
FU2► Ls * 43 29.03 mH	43	29.03	
Factory Default: 29.	03 mH	29.03	
FU2► Tr * 44 260 ms	44	260	
Factory Default: 260	ms	260	

Note) * These values are automatically entered according to the FU2-30 [Rated motor selection]. The above values are displayed when FU2-30 is set to 5 (7.5 kW).

- The auto tuning function automatically measures the motor parameters needed for control selected in FU2-39[Control mode selection] such as stator resistance, rotor resistance, leakage inductance, no-load current and Encoder feedback frequency. The motor does not rotate during auto tuning so there is no need to separate the motor from the system.
- Encoder operating status can be checked.
- The rated current, voltage, efficiency and slip described in the motor nameplate should be entered before performing auto tuning. If efficiency is not indicated on the nameplate, use the preset value.
- All or selected parameters can be tuned in Autotuning mode.

[Motor rotation mode when set to All, Enc Test, Tr]

- With PG Option installed: if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr), Speed Encoder status and Rotor constants (Tr) are calculated.
- 2. Without PG Option installed: if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls) and No-load current (Noload-Curr) are calculated.
- 3. if FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) are calculated.
- 4. Either PG Status or Rotor constant (Tr) can be checked with PG option card installed.

[Motor non-rotation mode when set to Rs + Lsigma]

- Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) can be calculated by setting FU2-40 to Rs + Lsigma.
- 2. User should set Stator resistance (Rs), No-load current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr).
- To automatically calculate the Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr), set the motor rotation mode and FU2-40 to All.

[With PG option card installed]

- 1. Set EXT-12 to Feed-back.
- 2. Set EXT-15 to (A + B).
- if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr), and Rotor constants (Tr) are calculated.
- Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) can be calculated by setting FU2-40 to Rs + Lsigma.
- User should set the Stator inductance (Ls), Noload current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr) if FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma.

[Without PG option card installed]

- if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr) are calculated.
- 2. If FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) is calculated.
- 3. User should set the Stator inductance (Ls), Noload current (Noload-Curr).

FU2-40	LCD display	Description
0	No	Auto-tuning disabled
1	All	Auto-tuning all
I	All	parameters
		Stator resistance (Rs) and
2	Rs + Lsigma	Leakage inductance
	-	(Lsigma) Auto-tuning
3	Enc Test	PG status check
Λ	Tr	Rotor constant(Tr)
4	11	calculation

- Note 1 : Ls and Noload-Curr are only valid during Motor Rotation mode.
- Note 2 : The motor constants values change with temperature change, so auto tuning is to be conducted after the temperature of the motor is stabilized.
- Note 3 : The auto-tuning result could be different unless LG motor is used.
- Note 4 : The actual motor parameters (Rs, Rr, Lsigma, Tr) can be used or set by user.

Code	LCD display	Name	Description
FU2- 34	Noload-Curr	No Load Motor Current (RMS)	Setting and display the No Load Motor Current (RMS)
FU2- 40	Auto tuning	Auto Tuning	Auto-tuning enable
FU2-	Rs	Stator	Setting and display the
41	КS	resistance	Stator resistance Rs
FU2-	Laiama	Leakage	Setting and display the
42	Lsigma	inductance	Lsigma
FU2-	Ls	Stator	Setting and display the
43	LS	inductance	Stator inductance Ls
FU2-	Tr	Rotor	Setting and display the
44	11	constant	Rotor constant Tr.

[Keypad display during Auto-tuning of motor parameters]

Code	Display		Description
Code	LED	7-Segment	Description
FU2- 40	Rs Tuning	T1	Displayed during Stator resistance (Rs) Auto-tuning
	Lsigma Tuning	T2	Displayed during Leakage inductance (Lsigma) auto- tuning.
	Ls Tuning	Т3	Displayed during Stator inductance (Ls) and No-load current auto-tuning.
	ENC Test	T4	Displayed during Encoder auto-tuning.

	1	
	T5	Displayed during Rotor filter
Tr Tuning		time constant (Tr) auto-
		tuning

[Keypad error display after Encoder test]

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Code	Display		Description	
Code	LED	7-Segment	Description	
FU2-	Enc Err	Т6	Displayed when incorrect	
			Encoder wiring error occurs	
40	Enc Rev	T7	Displayed when Encoder	
	LICKEV		wiring is connected reversly.	

[Motor parameter display corresponding to inverter capacity]

Class	inverter		Motor par	ameter	
Cidos	capacity	Rs	Lsigma	Ls	Tr
	0.8[kW] ~	X.XXX	X.XX	X.XX	XXX
200V	5.5[kW]	ohm	mH	mΗ	ms
200 V	7.5[kW] ~	X.X	X.XXX	X.XX	XXX
	55[kW]	mohm	mH	mΗ	ms
	0.8[kW] ~	X.XX	X.X mH	X. mH	XXX
	1.5[kW]	ohm		Λ. ΠΠ	ms
400V	2.2[kW] ~	X.XXX	X.XX	X.X mH	XXX
400 V	15[kW]	ohm	mH	A.A IIIII	ms
	18.5[kW] ~	X.X	X.XXX	X.XX	XXX
	75[kW]	mohm	mH	A.AA	ms

► Note : For 7-segment Keypad, parameter unit is not displayed.

Related Functions:	FU2-30~37 [Motor related parameters]
	FU2-39 [Control mode selection]
	EXT-01 [Sub Board Type Display]
	EXT-14 [Encoder Feedback Frequency]
	EXT-15 [Pulse Input Signal Selection]

FU2-45: P Gain for Sensorless Control FU2-46: I Gain for Sensorless Control

FU2▶ SL P-gain 45 32767		45	3276
Factory Default: 32767			3276

SL P-gain is the proportional gain of speed controller. If this value is set high, you can get fast speed response characteristic. However, if this value is set too high, the steady state characteristics may become unstable.

FU2▶ SL I-gain 46 3276		46	3276
Factory Default: 3276			3276

SL I-gain is the integral gain of speed controller. If this value is set low, you can get better transient response characteristic and steady state characteristic. However, if this value is set too low, there may be an overshoot in speed control.

Note: The response time of a system is affected by the load inertia. For better control performance, set the FU2-37 [Load Inertia] correctly.

Related Functions: FU2-30 ~ FU2-37 [Motor Parameters] FU2-40 [Control Method]

FU2-47: PID Operation Selection

FU2▶Proc PI mode 47 No	47	0
Factory Default: NO		0

This code selects the PID control.

For HVAC or Pump applications, the PID control can be used to adjust the actual output by comparing a feedback with a 'Set-point' given to the inverter. This 'Set-point' can be in the form of Speed, Temperature, Pressure, Flow level, etc. The 'Set-point' and the feedback signals are provided externally to the inverter analog input terminals V1, V2 or I. The inverter compares the signals in calculating 'total-error' which is reflected in the inverter output.

Please see FU2-50 to FU2-54 for more detail.

Note: PID control can be bypassed to manual operation temporarily by defining one of the multifunction input terminals (P1~P3) to "Open-loop". The inverter will change to manual operation from PID control when this terminal is ON, and change back to PID control when this terminal is OFF. Related Functions:DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Setting]I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]EXT-15 to EXT-21 [Pulse Input Setting]FU2-50 to FU2-54 [PID Feedback]

FU2-48: PID Reference Frequency Selection FU2-49: PID Reference Mode Selection FU2-50: PID Output Direction Selection

FU2▶ PID Ref 48 Ramp freq.	48	0
Factory Default: NO		0

This code selects reference frequency for PID control.

[Ramp Freq]: PID control references frequency with Accel and Decel pattern and time.

[Target Freq]: PID control references frequency without Accel and Decel pattern and time.

FU2⊳PID Ref Mode 49 Freq mode		49	0
Factory Default:	Freq	mode	0

This code selects reference input for PID control.

[Freq Mode]: PID control references signal set in DRV-04. When selected other than 'Freq mode', PID control references the selected signal regardless the selection in DRV-04.

FU2▶ PID Out Dir 50 Ramp Freq.		FO	0			
		50		0		
Factory Default: Ramp		Fr	eq.		0	

This code selects the direction of output value of PID controller. The output value is added to reference frequency.

FU2-51: PID Feedback Signal Selection FU2-52: P Gain for PID Control FU2-53: I Gain for PID Control FU2-54: D Gain for PID Control FU2-55: High Limit Frequency for PID Control FU2-56: Low Limit Frequency for PID Control

FU2 PID F/B 51 I	51	0
Factory Default: I		0

Select the feedback signal for PID control. This can be set one of 'l', 'V1', 'V2' according to the signal (current or voltage) and the terminal (V1 or V2).

FU2▶ PID P-gain 52 300.0 %		52	300.0
Factory Default: 300	.0 %		300.0

Set the proportional gain for PID control. When P-Gain is set at 100% and I-Gain at 0.0 second, it means the PID controller output is 100% for 100% error value.

FU2► PID I- 53 30	time 0 sec	53	30.0
Factory Default:	30.0 s	sec	30.0

Set the integral gain for PID control. This is the time the PID controller takes to output 100% for 100% error value.

FU2⊳ PID I 54	D-time 0.0 ms	54	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0 m		ns	0.0

Set the differential gain for PID control.

FU2▶ P 55	ID +limit 60.00 Hz	55	60.00
	e 1.		
Eactory De	etault. 60 0	0 17	60.00

This is the frequency at which the output frequency is limited under during PID control.

FU2▶ PID -limit 56 60.00 Hz	56	60.00
Factory Default: 60.0	0 Hz	60.00

This is the frequency at which the output frequency is limited over during PID control.

FU2-57: PID Output Inversion FU2-58: PID Output Scale FU2-59: PID P2 Gain FU2-60: P Gain Scale

FU2▶PID Out Inv. 57 No	57	0
Factory Default: No	·	0

This code is used to inverter PID controller output.

FU2>PID OutScale		58	100.0
58 100.0 %		00	100.0
Factory Default: 100	.0 %		100.0

This code sets the scale of PID controller output.

FU2▶ PID P2-gain 59 100.0 %	59	9 100.0
Factory Default: 100.	0 %	100.0

This code sets the second P-Gain for PID control. The second P-Gain is can be selected for PID controller by setting a multi-function input (I/O-12 \sim I/O14 or EXT-02 \sim EXT-04) to 'Open-loop'.

FU2▶P-gain 9	Scale).0 %		60	100.0
Factory Default:	100.	0 9	00	100.0

This code sets the scale of P-Gain and P2-Gain. (FU2-52, FU2-59)

- PID output value can be set to '0' by setting a multifunction input terminal (P1 ~ P6) to 'Open loop' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 or EXT-02 ~ EXT-04.
- The accumulated value by I-Gain can be set to '0' by setting a multi-function input terminal (P1 ~ P6) to 'iTerm Clear' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 or EXT-02 ~ EXT-04.

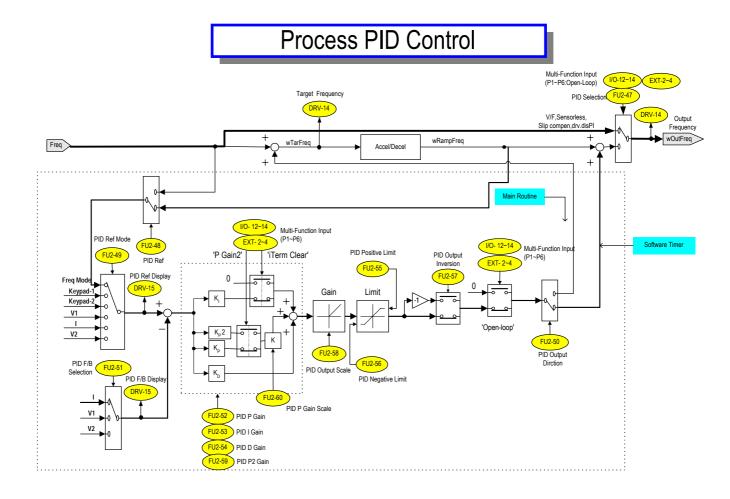
[P Control] This is to compensate the error of a system proportionally. This is used to make the controller response fast for an error. When P control is used alone, the system is easily affected by an external disturbance during steady state.

[I Control] This is to compensate the error of a system integrally. This is used to compensate the steady state error by accumulating them. Using this control alone makes the system unstable.

[PI control] This control is stable in many systems. If "D control" is added, it becomes the 3rd order system. In some systems this may lead to system instability.

[D Control] Since the D control uses the variation ratio of error, it has the merit of controlling the error before the error is too large. The D control requires a large control quantity at start, but has the tendency of increasing the stability of the system. This control does not affect the steady state error directly, but increases the system gain because it has an attenuation effect on the system. As a result, the differential control component has an effect on decreasing the steady state error. Since the D control operates on the error signal, it cannot be used alone. Always use it with the P control or PI control.

Related Functions:	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
	FU2-40 [Control Method]
	I/O-01 ~ I/O-10 [Analog Signal Scaling]
	EXT-15 ~ EXT-21 [Pulse Input Signals]

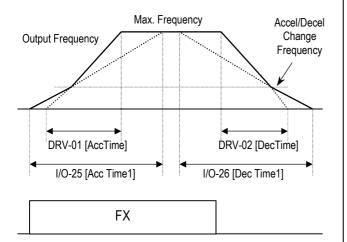


[PID Control Block Diagram]

FU2-69: Accel/Decel Change Frequency			
FU2►Acc/Dec ch F 69 0.00 Hz	69	0	
Factory Default: 0.00 Hz 0			

This function is used to change Accel/Decel ramp at a certain frequency. This is useful in textile machine application.

Note: If the multi-function input terminal (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14) is set to 'XCEL-L', XCEL-M', or XCEL-H', The Multi-Accel/Decel Time (I/O-25 ~ I/O-38) has the priority.





FU2-70: Reference Frequency for Accel/Decel		
FU2►Acc/Dec freq 70 Max freq	70	0
Factory Default: Max f	freq	0

This is the reference frequency for acceleration and deceleration. If a decided Accel/Decel time from a frequency to a target frequency is required, set this value to 'Delta freq'.

Setting Range		Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
Max freq		The Accel/Decel time is the time that takes to reach the maximum frequency from 0 Hz.

Delta freq	1	The Accel/Decel time is the time that takes to reach a target frequency from a frequency (currently operating frequency).
Related Functions: DRV-01, DRV-02 [Accel/Decel Time] FU2-71 [Accel/Decel Time Scale] I/O-25 ~ I/O-38 [1 st ~ 7 th Accel/Decel Time]		

FU2-71: Accel/Decel Time Scale

FU2► Time scale 71 0.1 sec	71	0.1
Factory Default: 0.1 :	sec	0.1

This is used to change the time scale.

Related Functions:	DRV-01, DRV-02 [Accel/Decel Time]
	FU2-70 [Reference Freq. for Accel/Decel]
	I/O-25 ~ I/O-38 [1 st ~ 7 th Accel/Decel Time]

Setting R	ange	Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
0.01 sec	0	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 0.01 second. The maximum setting range is 600 seconds.	
0.1 sec	1	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 0.1 second. The maximum setting range is 6000 seconds.	
1 sec	2	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 1 second. The maximum setting range is 60000 seconds.	

FU2-72: Power On Displa	у	
FU2⊳PowerOn disp 72 0	72	0
Factory Default: 0		0

This code selects the parameter to be displayed first on keypad (DRV-00) when the power is turned on.

Setting Range	Description
0	DRV-00 [Command Frequency]
1	DRV-01 [Acceleration Time]
2	DRV-02 [Deceleration Time]
3	DRV-03 [Drive Mode]

1

4	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
5	DRV-05 [Step Frequency 1]
6	DRV-06 [Step Frequency 2]
7	DRV-07 [Step Frequency 3]
8	DRV-08 [Output Current]
9	DRV-09 [Motor Speed]
10	DRV-10 [DC link Voltage
11	DRV-11 [User Display selected in FU2-73]
12	DRV-12 [Fault Display]

FU2-73: User display selection

Related parameter : DRV-11 [User display selection]

Select the display as shown below in FU2-73 [User display selection].

Setting	FU2-73	Name	Description
0	Voltag	Output	Display output voltage of the
0 e	voltage	inverter (Factory setting)	
1	Watt	Output	Display output power of the
1	Wall	power	inverter

Note) The display of "Watt" is approximate value.

FU2-74: Gain for Motor Speed Display

FU2▶ RPM factor 74 100 %	74	100
Factory Default: 100 s	20	100

This code is used to change the motor speed display to rotating speed (r/min) or mechanical speed (m/min). The display is calculated by following equation.

Rotating speed = 120 x F / P, where F=Output frequency, P= motor pole number

Mechanical speed = Rotating speed x Motor RPM Display Gain

Related Functions:	DRV-00 [Output Frequency] DRV-09 [Motor Speed]
	FU2-31 [Number of Motor Pole]

FU2-75: DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor Mode Selection FU2► DB mode 75 1 75

This code is used to protect the DB resistor from over heating.

Int. DB-R

Int. DB-R

Factory Default:

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	This is selected when there is no resistor connected. At this time, inverter does not generate DB turn on signal.	
Int. DB-R	1	This is selected when using the internal DB resistor. This must be selected for 1~5 HP inverters because they have internal DB resistor as a default. Enable Duty (%): 2 ~ 3 % Continuous Turn On Time: 5 seconds	
Ext. DB-R	2	This is selected when using an external DB resistor. This must be selected for 7.5~10 HP inverters. This must be selected for 1~5 HP inverters in case of using an external DB resistor. Enable Duty (%): 0 ~ 30 % Continuous Turn On Time: 15 seconds	

- The inverter turns the DB turn on signal OFF when the Continuous Turn On Time expires during dynamic braking, and an over voltage fault can occur. When this happens, increase the deceleration time or install an external highduty DB resistor.
- Install an exterior high-duty DB resistor when the load accelerates and decelerates frequently. Set the FU2-75 [DB Resistor Mode selection] to 'Ext. DB-R', and set the FU2-76 [Duty of DB Resistor].
- This does not apply to 15~30 HP inverters. They need the Optional DB unit to use DB resistor.

FU2-76: Duty of DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor			
FU2► DB %ED 76 10 %	76	10	
Factory Default: 10 %		10	

This must be set when using an external DB resistor. The

duty is calculated by '%ED=Decel time * 100 / (Accel time + Steady speed time + Decel time + Stop status time)'.

FU2-79: Software Version				
FU2► S/W Version		79	20	
79 Ver 2.0		,,	2.0	
Factory Default: Ver.	2	.0	2.0	

Displays the software version.

FU2-81 ~ FU2-90: 2nd Motor Related Functions

These functions are displayed only when one of the multifunction inputs is set at '2nd func' in I/O-12 to I/O-14. When using two motors with an inverter by exchanging them, different values can be set for the 2nd motor by using the multifunction input terminal.

Following table is the 2^{nd} functions corresponding to the 1^{st} functions.

2 nd Functions	1 st Functions	Description
FU2-81	DRV-01	Acceleration time
[2nd Acc time]	[Acc. time]	
FU2-82	DRV-02	Deceleration time
[2nd Dec time]	[Dec. time]	
FU2-83	FU1-21	
[2nd BaseFreq]	[Base freq]	Base Frequency
FU2-84	FU1-29	Volts/Hz mode
[2nd V/F]	[V/F Pattern]	
FU2-85	FU1-27	Forward torque boost
[2nd F-boost]	[Fwd Boost]	Forward torque boost
FU2-86	FU1-28	Poverce terraue beest
[2nd R-boost]	[Rev Boost]	Reverse torque boost
FU2-87	FU1-60	Stall prevention level
[2nd Stall]	[Stall Level]	Stall prevention level
FU2-88	FU1-51	ETH level for 1 minute
[2nd ETH 1min]	[ETH 1min]	
FU2-88	FU1-52	ETH level for continuous
[2nd ETH cont]	[ETH cont]	
FU2-90	FU2-33	Motor rated current
[2nd R-Curr]	[Rated-Curr]	

The 1st functions are applied if the multifunction terminal is not defined to '2nd Func' or if it is not ON. The 2nd function parameters are applied when the multifunction input terminal set to '2nd Func' is ON. Parameters not listed on the table above are applied to the 2nd motor as to the 1st motor.

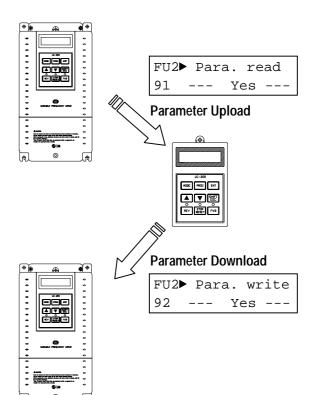
- Exchange the motor connection from the 1st motor to the 2nd motor or the opposite when the motor is stopped. Over voltage or over current fault can occur when the motor connection is exchanged during operation.
- The 'User V/F' function of FU1-29 [V/F Pattern] is used for both the 1st motor and the 2nd motor.

FU2-91: Parameter Read FU2-92: Parameter Write

FU2► Para	. read
91 1	No
Factory Default:	No

FU2▶ Para. write
92 No
Factory Default: NO

This is useful for programming multiple inverters to have same parameter settings. The LCD keypad can read (upload) the parameter settings from the inverter memory and can write (download) them to other inverters. This function is only available with LCD keypad.



FU2-93: Parameter Initialize				
FU2▶ Para. init 93 No	93	0		
Factory Default: NO		0		

This is used to initialize parameters back to the factory default values. Each parameter group can be initialized separately.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
No	0	Displayed after initializing parameters.	
All Groups	1	All parameter groups are initialized to factory default value.	
DRV	2	Only Drive group is initialized.	
FU1	3	Only Function 1 group is initialized.	
FU2	4	Only Function 2 group is initialized.	
I/O	5	Only Input/Output group is initialized.	
EXT	6	Only External group is initialized.	
СОМ	7	Only Communication group is initialized.	
APP	8	Only Application group is initialized.	

Note: FU1-30 ~ FU1-37 [Motor Parameters] must be set first after initializing parameters.

FU2-94: Parameter Write Protection					
FU2▶ Para. lock 94 0	94	0			
Factory Default: 0		0			

This function is used to lock the parameters from being changed. When the parameters are locked, the display arrow changes from solid to dashed line. The lock and unlock code is '12'.

FU2-99: Return Code (7-Segment Keypad)

Ì

	99	0	
Factory Default:		0	
This and is used to suit a many when using a 7 service of			

This code is used to exit a group when using a 7-segment keypad. After pressing **PROG/ENT** key, set the value to '1' and press the **PROG/ENT** key again to exit.

Related Functions:	FU1-99 [Return Code]
	I/O-99 [Return Code]
	EXT-99 [Return Code]
	COM-99 [Return Code]

Notes:

6.4 Input/Output Group [I/O]

I/O-00:	Jump	to	Desired	Code	#
---------	------	----	---------	------	---

1

I/O► Jump code 00 1

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

I/O-01 ~ I/O-05: Analog Voltage Input (V1) Signal Adjustment

This is used to adjust the analog voltage input signal when the frequency is referenced by the control terminal 'V1'. This function is applied when DRV-04 is set to 'V1' or 'V1+I'. Reference frequency versus Analog voltage input curve can be made by four parameters of I/O-02 ~ I/O-04.

I/O► V1 fi 01	lter 10 ms	01	10
Factory Default:	10 ms	3	10

This is the filtering time constant for V1 signal input. Increase this value if the V1 signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter. Increasing this value makes response time slower.

I/O► V1 volt x1 02 0.00 V	02	0.00
Factory Default: 0.00	V	0.00

This is the minimum voltage of the V1 input at which inverter outputs minimum frequency.

I/O► V1 volt y1 03 0.00 Hz	03	0.00
Factory Default: 0.00	Hz	0.00

This is the inverter output minimum frequency when there is the minimum voltage (I/O-02) on the V1 terminal.

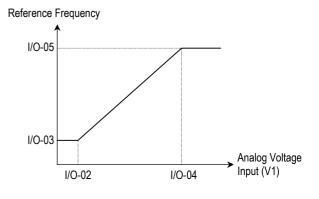
I/O► V1 volt x2 04 0.00 V	04	10.00
Factory Default: 10.0	0 V	10.00

I

This is the maximum voltage of the V1 input at which inverter outputs maximum frequency.

I/O► V1 volt y2 05 60.00 Hz	05	60.00
Factory Default: 60.0	0 Hz	60.00

This is the inverter output maximum frequency when there is the maximum voltage (I/O-03) on the V1 terminal.



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Voltage Input, V1 (0 to 10V)]

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency]

I/O-06 ~ I/O-10: Analog Current Input (I) Signal Adjustment

This is used to adjust the analog current input signal when the terminal 'l' references the frequency. This function is applied when DRV-04 is set to 'V1' or V1+l'. Reference frequency versus Analog current input curve can be made by four parameters of $I/O-07 \sim I/O-10$.

I/O► I fi	lter	06	10	
06	10 ms		10	
Factory Default:	10 ms	3	10	

This is the filtering time constant for 'l' signal input. If the 'l' signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter, increase this value. Increasing this value makes response time slower.

I/0► I cur 07 4.	r x1 00 mA	07	4.00
Factory Default:	4.00	mA	4.00

This is the minimum current of the 'l' input at which inverter outputs minimum frequency.

I/O► I fre 08 0.	q yl 00 Hz	08	0.00
Factory Default:	0.00 H	Z	0.00

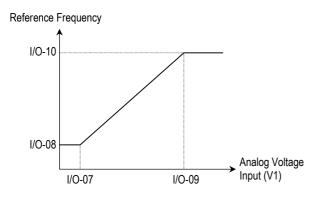
This is the inverter output minimum frequency when there is minimum current (I/O-07) on the 'I' terminal.

I/O► 09	I curr 20.0			09	20.00
Factory	Default:	20.0	- 0 n	nA	20.00

This is the maximum current of the 'l' input at which inverter outputs maximum frequency.

I/0► 10	I freq y2 60.00 Hz		10	60.00
Factory	Factory Default: 60.00		Hz	60.00

This is the inverter output maximum frequency when there is the maximum current (I/O-09) on the 'I' terminal.



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Current Input, I (4 to 20mA)]

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency]

I/O-11: Criteria for Analog Input Signal LossI/O> Wire broken
11 None110Factory Default:None0

This is to set the criteria for analog input signal loss when DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to 'V1', 'I' or 'V1+I'. Following table shows the setting value.

Setting Rar	nge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
None	0	Does not check the analog input signal.
half of x1	1	The inverter determines that the frequency reference is lost when the analog input signal is less than half of the minimum value (I/O-02 or I/O-07).
below x1	2	The inverter determines that the frequency reference is lost when the analog input signal is less than the minimum value (I/O-02 or I/O-07).

When the analog input signal is lost, inverter displays the following table.

Setting I	Range	Description
LCD	7-Seg	·
LOP	IP	Loss of frequency reference from Option
LOF	LUP	Board (DPRAM time out)
	LR	Loss of frequency reference from Option
LOR LR	LN	Board (Communication fault)
LOV	LV	Loss of analog input signal, V1
LOI	LI	Loss of analog input signal, I
LOX	LX	Loss of frequency reference from Sub-
LUX	LX	Board, V2 or ENC

Related Functions: I/O-48 [Lost command] selects the operation after determining the loss of frequency reference.

The following table shows the selection in I/O-48.

Setting I	Range	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
None	0	Continuous operating after loss of frequency reference.
FreeRun	1	Inverter cuts off its output after determining loss of frequency reference.
Stop	2	Inverter stops by its Decel pattern and Decel time after determining loss of frequency reference.

I/O-49 [Time out] sets the waiting time before determining the loss of reference signal. Inverter waits to determine the loss of a reference signal until times out.

Note: I/O-48 and I/O-49 also apply when DRV-04 is set to 'Keypad-1' or 'Keypad-2' for determining the loss of command frequency.

Related Functions:	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] I/O-02 [V1 Input Minimum Voltage] I/O-07 [I Input Minimum Current]
	I/O-48 [Lost command] I/O-49 [Time out]

I/O-12: Multi-function Input Terminal 'P1' Define I/O-13: Multi-function Input Terminal 'P2' Define I/O-14: Multi-function Input Terminal 'P3' Define

I/O► P1 dedine 12 Speed-L	12	0
Factory Default: Spec	ed-L	0
I/O► P2 dedine 13 Speed-M	13	1
Factory Default: Spe	ed-M	1
I/O► P3 dedine 14 Speed-H	14	2
Factory Default: Spec	ed-H	2

Multi-function input terminals can be defined for many different applications. The following table shows the various definitions for them.

Setting Range		Description
LCD	7-Seq	1 .
Speed-L	0	Multi-step speed - Low
Speed-M	1	Multi-step speed - Mid
Speed-H	2	Multi-step speed - High
XCEL-L	3	Multi-accel/decel - Low
XCEL-M	4	Multi-accel/decel - Mid
XCEL-H	5	Multi-accel/decel - High
Dc-brake	6	DC injection braking during stop
2nd Func	7	Exchange to 2 nd functions
Exchange	8	Exchange to commercial power line
-Reserved-	9	Reserved for future use
Up	10	Up drive
Down	11	Down drive
3-Wire	12	3 wire operation
Ext Trip-A	13	External trip A
Ext Trip-B	14	External trip B
iTerm Clear	15	Used for PID control
Open-loop	16	Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode
Main-drive	17	Exchange between Option and Inverter
Analog hold	18	Hold the analog input signal
XCEL stop	19	Disable accel and decel
P Gain2	20	Used for PID control
SEQ-L	21	Sequence operation - Low
SEQ-M	22	Sequence operation - Mid
SEQ-H	23	Sequence operation - High
Manual	24	Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation
Go step	25	Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B)
Hold step	26	Hold last step (Auto-A)
Trv Off.Lo	27	
Trv Off.Hi	28	Used for Traverse Operation
Interlock1	29	
Interlock2	30	
Interlock3	31	Used for MMC operation
Interlock4	32	1

[Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H]

By setting P1, P2, P3 terminals to 'Speed-L', 'Speed-M' and 'Speed-H' respectively, inverter can operate at the preset frequency set in DRV-05 \sim DRV-07 and I/O-20 \sim I/O-24.

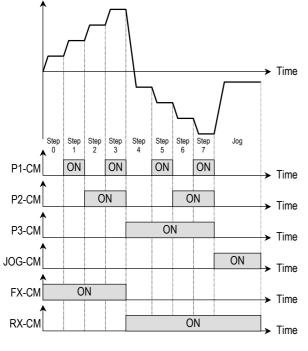
The step frequencies are determined by the combination of P1, P2 and P3 terminals as shown in the following table.

Step	Parameter	Speed-H	Speed-M	Speed-L
Frequency	Code	(P3)	(P2)	(P1)
Step Freq-0	DRV-00	0	0	0
Step Freq-1	DRV-05	0	0	1
Step Freq-2	DRV-06	0	1	0
Step Freq-3	DRV-07	0	1	1
Step Freq-4	I/O-21	1	0	0
Step Freq-5	I/O-22	1	0	1
Step Freq-6	I/O-23	1	1	0
Step Freq-7	I/O-24	1	1	1

0: OFF, 1: ON

- I/O-20 [Jog Frequency] can be used as one of the step frequencies.
- If the 'Jog' terminal is ON, inverter operates to Jog frequency regardless of other terminal inputs.

Output Frequency



[Multi-Step Frequency Operation]

Related Functions: DRV-05 ~ DRV-07 [Step Frequency] I/O-20 [Jog Frequency] I/O-20 ~ I/O-24 [Step Frequency]

Note: The frequency for 'Speed 0' is determined by DRV-04.

[XCEL-L, XCEL-M, XCEL-H]

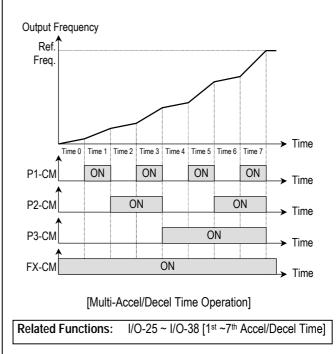
By setting P1, P2 and P3 terminals to 'XCEL-L', 'XCEL-M'

and 'XCEL-H' respectively, up to 8 different Accel and Decel times can be used. The Accel/Decel time is set in DRV-01 \sim DRV-02 and I/O-25 \sim I/O-38.

The Accel/Decel time is determined by the combination of P1, P2 and P3 terminals as shown in the following table.

Accel/Decel Time	Parameter Code	XCEL-H (P3)	XCEL-M (P2)	XCEL-L (P1)
Accel Time-0	DRV-01	0	0	0
Decel Time-0	DRV-02	0	0	0
Accel Time-1	I/O-25	0	0	1
Decel Time-1	I/O-26	0	0	Ι
Accel Time-2	I/O-27	0	1	0
Decel Time-2	I/O-28	0	I	0
Accel Time-3	I/O-29	0	1	1
Decel Time-3	I/O-30	0	Ι	Ι
Accel Time-4	I/O-31	1	0	0
Decel Time-4	I/O-32	I	0	0
Accel Time-5	I/O-34	1	0	1
Decel Time-5	I/O-35	1	0	-
Accel Time-6	I/O-36	1	1	0
Decel Time-6	I/O-37	I	I	U
Accel Time-7	I/O-38	1	1	1
Decel Time-7	I/O-39		I	1



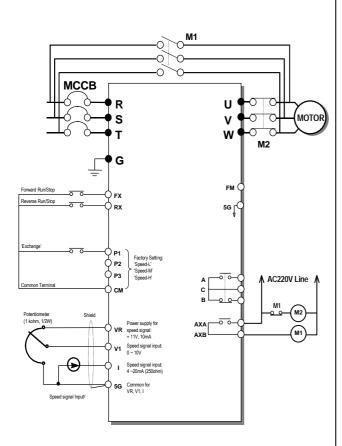


[Dc-brake]

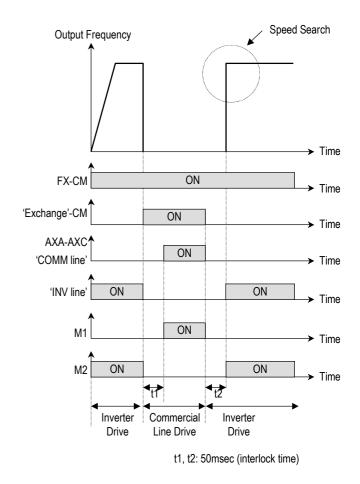
DC Injection Braking can be activated during inverter stopped by configuring one of the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Dc-bake'. To activate the DC Injection Braking, close the contact on the assigned terminal while the inverter is stopped.

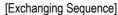
[Exchange]

Exchange is used to bypass the motor from the inverter line to commercial power or the opposite. To bypass the motor to commercial line, set the 'Exchange' function in multi-function output terminal and 'INV line', 'COMM line' function in multi-function output terminal. Speed search function (FU2-22) is activated automatically during exchanging operation.



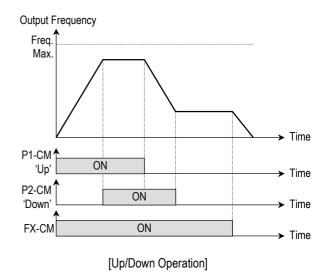
[Wiring to By-Pass Motor to Commercial line]





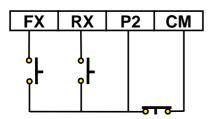
[Up, Down]

By using the Up and Down function, the drive can accelerate to a steady speed and decelerate down to a desired speed by using only two input terminals.



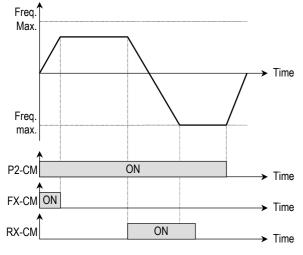
[3-Wire]

This function is for 3-wire start/stop control. This function is mainly used with a momentary push button to hold the current frequency output during acceleration or deceleration.



[Wiring for 3-Wire Operation, P2 set to '3-Wire']







[Ext Trip-A]

This is a normally open contact input. When a terminal set to 'Ext Trip-A' is ON, inverter displays the fault and cuts off its output. This can be used as an external latch trip.

[Ext Trip-B]

This is a normally closed contact input. When a terminal set to 'Ext Trip-B' is OFF, inverter displays the fault and cuts off its output. This can be used as an external latch trip.

[iTerm Clear]

This function is used for PID control. When this terminal is ON, the accumulated value by I-Gain is set to '0'. Refer to <u>PID Control Block Diagram</u>.

[Open-loop]

This is used to exchange the control mode of inverter from PID mode (Close Loop) to V/F mode (Open Loop). DRV-03 [Drive Mode] and DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: This function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

[Main-drive]

When an option board (like RS485, DeviceNet, F-Net) is installed and used for the frequency setting and the run/stop command, the inverter operation can be changed to manual operation using this function without changing parameters.

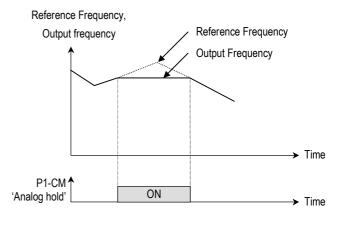
FU1-02 [Frequency Mode] and FU1-01 [Drive Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: this function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

[Analog hold]

When there is an analog input signal for frequency reference and 'Analog hold' terminal is ON, inverter fixes its output frequency regardless of the frequency reference change. The changed frequency reference is applied when the terminal is OFF.

This function is useful when a system requires constant speed after acceleration.



[Analog hold Operation]

[XCEL stop]

Inverter stops accelerating and decelerating when this terminal is ON.

[P Gain2]

This function is used to change P-Gain during PID operation. When this terminal is ON, PID controller changes P-Gain with PID P2-Gian set in FU2-59. Refer to <u>PID Control Block Diagram</u>.

[SEQ-L, SEQ-M, SEQ-H]

These functions are used for Auto drive (I/O-50). Five different sequences can be selected according to the combination of these terminals. Eight step frequencies, Accel/Decel time and steady speed time can be set for each sequence. The following table shows the sequence of selection.

Step	Parameter	Speed-H	Speed-M	Speed-L
Frequency	Code	(P3)	(P2)	(P1)
Sequence 1		0	0	1
Sequence 2		0	1	0
Sequence 3	I/O-50 ~ I/O-84	1	0	0
Sequence 4	1/0-04	0	1	1
Sequence 5		1	0	1

0: OFF, 1: ON

Note: The inverter stops after finishing all steps of that sequence once the Auto (Sequence) operation is started. To stop the inverter during sequence operation, use 'BX' terminal on the control terminal strip.

Related Functions: I/O-51 ~ I/O-84 [Sequence Operation]

[Manual]

This is used to exchange the operation mode of inverter from Auto (Sequence) to manual operation.

DRV-03 [Drive Mode] and DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: This function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

[Go step]

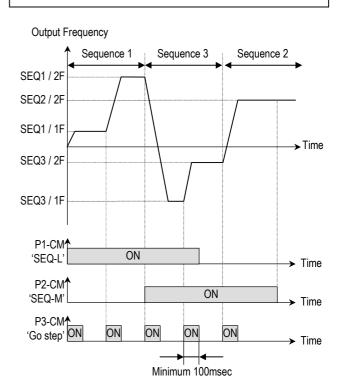
This is used to trigger the next step in a sequence of Auto-B operation.

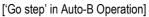
Related Functions: I/O-51 ~ I/O-84 [Sequence Operation]

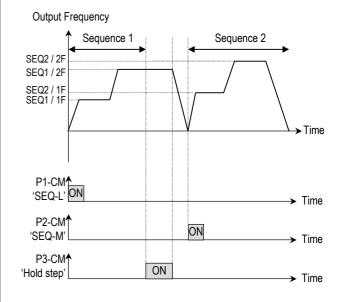
[Hold step]

This is used to hold the last step frequency in Auto-A operation.

Related Functions: I/O-51 ~ I/O-84 [Sequence Operation]







['Hold step' in Auto-A Operation]

[Trv Off.Lo]

This function is used to make negative offset during traverse operation.

Related Functions: APP-06 ~ APP-07 [Traverse Offset]

[Trv Off.Hi]

This function is used to make positive offset during traverse operation.

Related Functions: APP-06 ~ APP-07 [Traverse Offset]

[Interlock1, 2, 3, 4]

This function is used for MMC operation. Refer to MMC operation.

Related Functions: APP-29 [Inter-Lock Selection]

	: Terminal Input : Terminal Outpu	
T / O	In atatua	

Factory	actory Default: 00000		00	00	
15	0000	00000	1	15	0000
	III SC	acus		15	0000

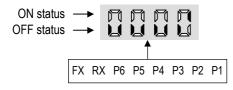
This code displays the input status of control terminals. Terminals P4, P5, P6 and Q1, Q2, Q3 are provided on optional Sub-Board.

[LCD Keypad Display]

Input	JOG	FX	RX	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1
Terminals	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
OFF status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ON status	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[7-Segment Keypad Display]

The 'JOG' terminal is not displayed on 7-Segment keypad.



I/0► Out status 16 0000	16	0000
Factory Default: 0000		

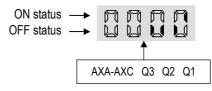
This code displays the output status of control terminals.

[LCD Keypad Display]

Output	AXA-AXC	Q3	Q2	Q1
Terminals	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
OFF status	0	0	0	0
ON status	1	1	1	1

[7-Segment Keypad Display]

The 'JOG' terminal is not displayed on 7-Segment keypad.



I/O-17: Filtering Time Constant for Multi-function Input Terminals

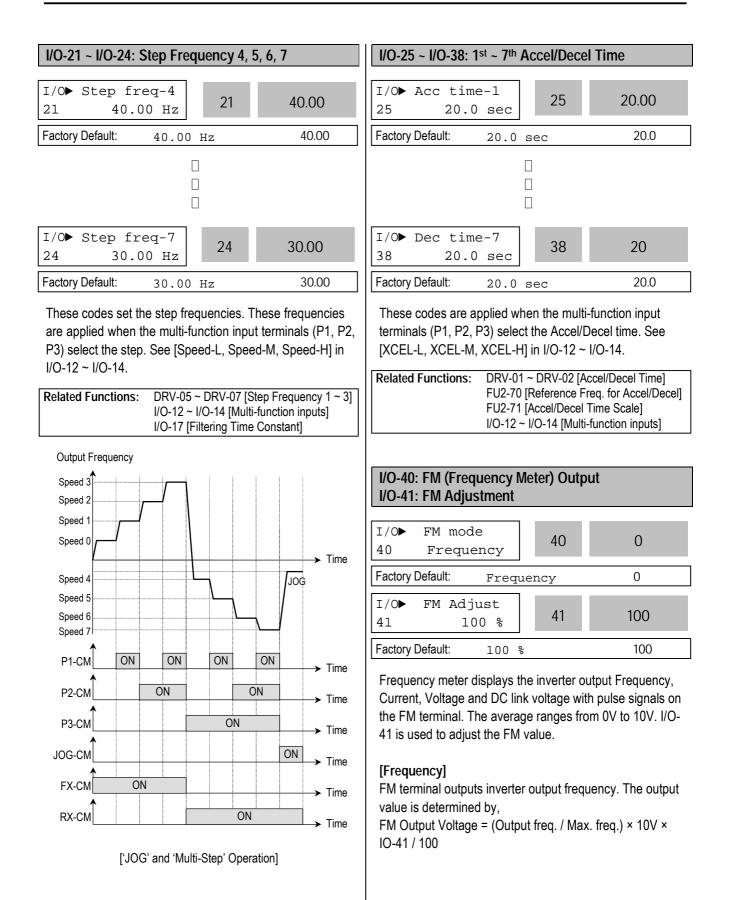
I/O►Ti Filt 17	: Num 15	17	15
Factory Default:	15		15

This is the response time constant for terminal inputs (JOG, FX, RX, P3, P2, P1, RST, BX). This is useful where there is a potential for noise. The response time is determined by 'Filtering time constant * 0.5msec'.

I/O-20: Jog Frequency

I/O► Jog freq 20 10.00 Hz	20	10.00
Factory Default: 10.0	0 Hz	10.00

This code sets the jog frequency. See [Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H] in I/O-12 \sim I/O-14.



[Current]

FM terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V × IO-41 / 150

[Voltage]

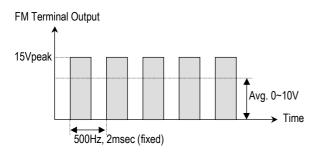
FM terminal outputs inverter output voltage. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output voltage) × 10V × IO-41 / 100

[DC link vtg]

FM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V × IO-41 / 100

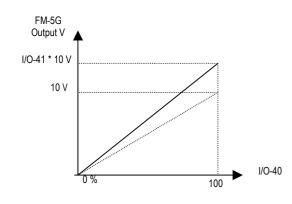


[FM Output (FM-CM terminal)]

[Torque]

FM terminal outputs the torque of inverter. The output value is determined by

FM Output Voltage = (Torque current / Max.Torque current) × 10V × IO-41 / 150



Note : 1. Max output voltage : 200V class -> 220V

400V class -> 440V 2. Max DC link voltage : 200V class -> 400V 400V class -> 800V

3. Refer to chapter 2 Specification for inverter rated current.

I/O-42: FDT (Frequency Detection) Level I/O-43: FDT Bandwidth

I/O► 42		req 00 Hz	42	30.00
Factory	Default:	30.00	Hz	30.00

I/O► 43	FDT band 10.00 Hz		43	10.00
Factory Default: 10.00		00	Hz	10.00

These functions are used in I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Contact Output]. See [FDT-#] in I/O-44.

Related Functions: I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Output]

I/O-44: Multi-function Auxiliary Contact Output define (AXA-AXC)

I/O►	Aux mode	7	4.4	10
44	Run		44	IZ
Factory	Default: Run			12

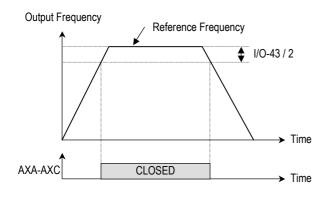
The auxiliary contact works (Close) when the defined condition has occurred.

Setting Rang	e	Decorintian
LCD	7-Seg	Description
FDT-1	0	Output frequency arrival detection
FDT-2	1	Specific frequency level detection
FDT-3	2	Frequency detection with pulse
FDT-4	3	Frequency detection with contact
FD1-4	3	closure
FDT-5	4	Frequency detection with contact
FD1-3	Ŧ	closure (inverted FDT-4)
OL	5	Overload detection
IOL	6	Inverter overload detection
Stall	7	Stall prevention mode detection
OV	8	Over voltage detection
LV	9	Low voltage detection
OH	10	Overheat detection

Setting Rang	je	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
Lost Command	11	Lost command detection
Run	12	Inverter running detection
Stop	13	Inverter stop detection
Steady	14	Steady speed detection
INV line	15	Exchange signal outputs
COMM line	16	
Ssearch	17	Speed search mode detection
Step pulse	18	Step detection in Auto mode
Seq pulse	19	Sequence detection in Auto mode
Ready	20	Inverter ready detection
Trv. ACC	21	Traverse acceleration frequency
Trv. DEC	22	Traverse deceleration frequency
MMC	23	Used for MMC operation
Zspd Dect	24	0 Rpm detection signal during vector control
Torq Dect	25	Torque detection signal during vector and sensorless control.

[FDT-1]

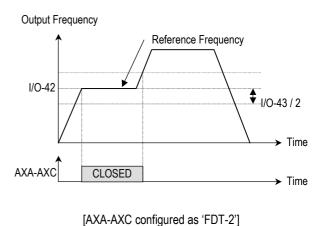
When the output frequency reaches the reference frequency (target frequency), AXA-AXC terminal is CLOSED.



[[]AXA-AXC configured as 'FDT-1']

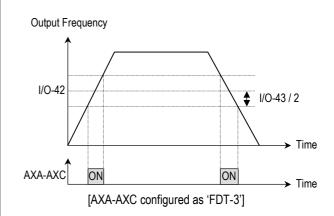
[FDT-2]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the reference frequency is in I/O-43 [FDT Bandwidth] centered on I/O-42 [FDT Frequency], and the output frequency reaches I/O-43 centered on I/O-42.



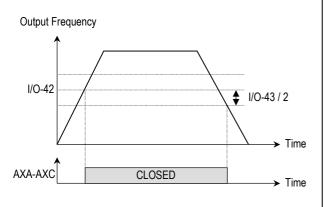
[FDT-3]

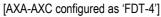
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output frequency reaches the band centered on the FDT frequency. The output is OPENED when the output frequency goes outside the FDT bandwidth centered on the FDT frequency.



[FDT-4]

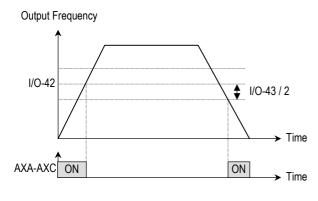
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output frequency reaches the FDT frequency. The output is OPENED when the output frequency goes below the FDT bandwidth centered on the FDT frequency.

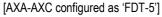




[FDT-5]

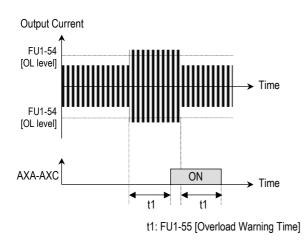
This is the inverted output of [FDT-4].





[OL]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output current has reached the FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] for the FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time].

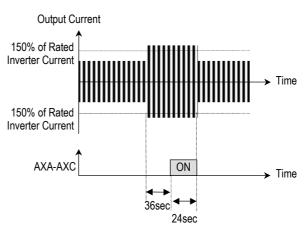


[[AXA-AXC configured as 'OL']

Related Functions: FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]

[IOL]

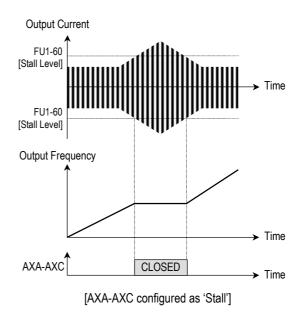
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output current is above the 150% of rated inverter current for 36 seconds. If this situation is continued for one minute, the inverter will cut off its output and displays 'IOL' (Inverter overload) Trip. See the nameplate for the rated inverter current.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'IOL']

[Stall]

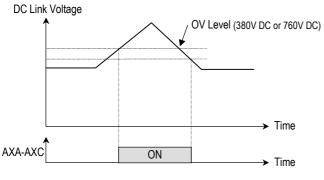
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the inverter is on the stall prevention mode.

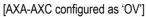


Related Functions: FU1-59 [Stall Prevention Mode] FU1-60 [Stall Prevention Level]

[OV]

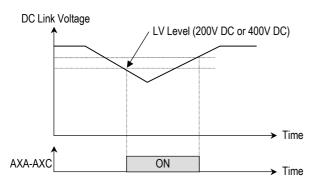
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the DC link voltage is above the Over-voltage level.





[LV]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the DC link voltage is below the Low-voltage level.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'LV']

[OH]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the heat sink of the inverter is above the reference level.

[Lost Command]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when frequency reference is lost.

Related Functions:	I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Signal Loss]
	I/O-48 [Operating Method at Signal Loss]
	I/O-49 [Waiting Time for Time Out]

[Run]

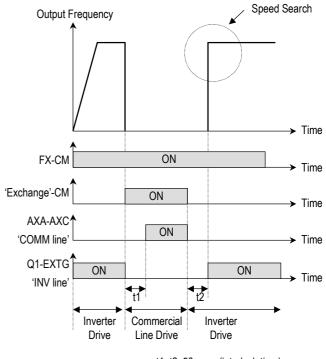
AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is running.

[Stop]

AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is stopped.

[INV line, COMM line]

This function is used in conjunction with 'Exchange' function of multi-function input for commercial line exchange. To use both signal of 'INV line' and 'COMM line', the optional Sub-A or Sub-C board must be installed.



t1, t2: 50msec (interlock time)

[AXA-AXC configured as 'COMM line' and 'Q1' as INV line']

Related Functions:	I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 [Multi-function input]
	- [Exchange]

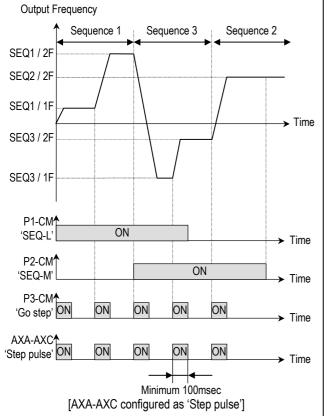
[Ssearch]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED during the inverter is speed searching.

[Step pulse]

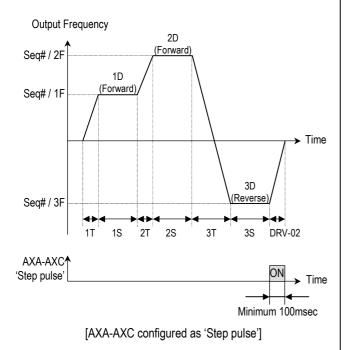
When Auto (Sequence) operation is selected in I/O-50, AXA-AXC outputs pulse signals on every step.

Related Functions: I/O-50 ~ I/O-84 [Auto Operation]



[Seq pulse]

When Auto (Sequence) operation is selected in I/O-50, AXA-AXC outputs pulse signals on the last step.



[Ready] AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is ready to run. [Trv. ACC] CLOSED when output frequency reaches Accel frequency. [Trv. DEC] CLOSED when output frequency reaches Decel frequency. [MMC] Automatically set to 'MMC' when 'MMC' is selected in APP-01. [Zspd Dect] 0 Rpm detection signal during vector control [Torq Dect] Torque detection signal during vector and sensorless control.

I/O-45: Fault Output Relay (30A, 30B, 30C)

I/O► Relay mode 45 010		45	010
Factory Default:	010		010

This function is used to allow the fault output relay to operate when a fault occurs. The output relay terminal is 30A, 30B, 30C where 30A-30C is a normally open contact and 30B-30C is a normally closed contact.

Bit	Setting	Display	Description
Bit 0	0	000	Fault output relay does not operate at 'Low voltage' trip.
(LV) 1 001	Fault output relay operates at 'Low voltage' trip.		
D:+ 1	0	000	Fault output relay does not operate at any fault.
Bit 1 (Trip)	1	010	Fault output relay operates at any fault except 'Low voltage' and 'BX' (inverter disable) fault.
Bit 2	0	000	Fault output relay does not operate regardless of the retry number.
(Retry)	1	100	Fault output relay operates when the retry number set in FU2-26 decreases to 0 by faults.

When several faults occurred at the same time, Bit 0 has the first priority.

Related Functions: DRV-12 [Fault Display] FU2-26 [Retry number]

Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [I/O]

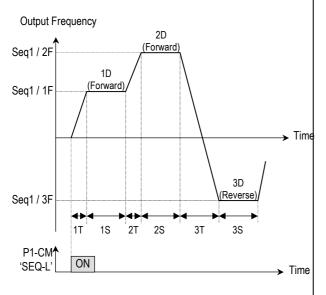
I/O-46: Inverter Number	(Coast to stop)
I/O-47: Baud Rate	Stop 2 Inverter stops with Decel time (DRV- 02) and Decel pattern (FU1-26).
I/O► Inv No. 46 1 46 1	I/O► Time out
Factory Default: 1 1	49 1.0 sec 49 1.0
This code sets the inverter number. This number is used in	Factory Default: 1.0 sec 1.0
communication between inverter and communication board. I/O► Baud rate 47 9600	This is the time inverter determines whether there is a frequency reference or not. If there is no frequency reference satisfying I/O-11 during this time, inverter determines that it has lost of frequency reference.
47 9600 bps	Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
Factory Default:96009600	I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Signal Loss]
This code sets the communication speed. This is used in	
communication between inverter and communication board.	I/O-50: Auto (Sequence) Operation I/O-51: Sequence Number Selection (Seq #) I/O-52: The Number of Steps of Sequence #
I/O-48: Operating at Loss of Freq. Reference I/O-49: Waiting Time after Loss of Freq. Reference	
10-47. Waiting Time after Loss of Freq. Reference	I/O► Auto mode 50 None 50 0
I/O►Lost command 48 None 48 0	Factory Default: None 0
Factory Default: None 0	There are two modes of 'Auto-A' and 'Auto-B' in Auto
There are two kinds of loss of frequency reference. One is the loss of digital frequency reference and the other is of analog frequency reference.	mode. Auto operation is activated by the multi-function input terminals set to [SEQ-L], [SEQ-M], [SEQ-H] and [Go step] in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14.
Loss of digital frequency reference is applied when DRV-	I/O► Seq select 51 3 51
04 [Frequency Mode] is set to 'Keypad-1' or 'Kepad-2'. At this time, the 'Loss' means the communication error	Factory Default: 1
between inverter and keypad or communication board during the time set in I/O-49.	This code selects the sequence to set frequency, transient time, steady speed time and motor direction the steps.
Loss of analog frequency reference is applied when DRV- 04 [Frequency Mode] is set to other than 'Keypad-1' or 'Kepad-2'. At this time, the 'Loss' is determined by the	I/O► Step number522
criteria set in I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Input Signal Loss].	Factory Default: 2 2
Setting Range Decorting	This code sets the number of steps to use for the
LCD 7-Seg Description	sequence number selected in I/O-51.
None 0 Inverter keeps on operating at the previous frequency.	

[Auto-A]

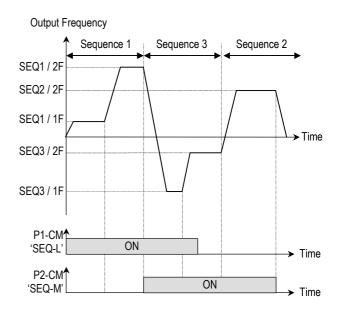
This mode will allow the inverter to operate automatically followed by its pre-programmed sequence. According to this sequence, eight different steps of Frequency, Transient Time, Steady Speed time and Motor Direction can be initiated with only a single multi-function input contact closure (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14). The sequence and steps are set in I/O-51 ~ I/O-84.

Step Frequency	Parameter Code	Speed-H (P3)	Speed-M (P2)	Speed-L (P1)
Sequence 1		0	0	1
Sequence 2	I/O-50 ~ I/O-84	0	1	0
Sequence 3		1	0	0
Sequence 4		0	1	1
Sequence 5		1	0	1

0: OFF, 1: ON



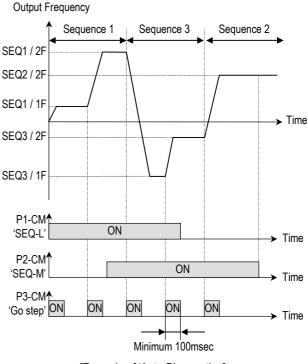




[Example 2 of 'Auto-A' operation]

[AUTO B]

This mode can be also used to program up to 8 different steps as Auto A. However, to switch from one step to another, an external contact closure set to 'Go step' is required.



[Example of 'Auto-B' operation]

Note: When a new sequence is selected during a sequence operating, the new sequence starts after the current sequence is finished.

I/O-53 ~ I/O-84: Frequency, Transient Time, Steady Speed Time, Motor Direction setting of each Step and Sequence

These parameter codes set the frequency, transient time, steady speed time, and motor direction. These codes are displayed according to the sequence number and steps.

Notes:

6.5 External Group [EXT]

EXT group appears only when an optional Sub-Board is installed.

EXT►	· Jump	code
00		1
Factory	y Default:	1

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

EXT-01: Sub-Board Display				
EXT► 01	Sub B/D Sub-A	01	1	
Factory Default: Sub-A 1				

This code automatically displays the types of Sub-Board installed.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
Sub-A	1	This board provides three multi-function input terminals (P4, P5, P6), three multi- function output terminals (Q1, Q2, Q3), Load meter output (LM) and second input frequency reference (V2).	
Sub-B	2	This board provides encoder input terminals (AOC, BOC / A+, A-, B+, B-), encoder output terminals (FBA, FBB) and power terminals (+5V input, Vcc output).	
Sub-C	3	This board provides three multi-function input terminals (P4, P5, P6), one multi- function output terminal (Q1), isolated second input frequency reference (V2) and two analog meters (AM1, AM2).	
Sub-D	4	Three multi-function input terminals (P4, P5, P6), two multi-function output terminals (Q1, Q2), Encoder input signal A, B (LD/Open collector), isolated second input frequency reference (V2) and Pulse frequency reference	

See 'Chapter 7 - Options' for more detail function, wiring, and terminal descriptions.

EXT-02 ~ EXT-04: Multi-Function Input Terminal Define (P4, P5, P6) – Sub-A, Sub-C

EXT P4 define 02 XCEL-L	02	17
Factory Default: XCEL-	-L	17

An optional Sub-Board is needed if an application requires more than three multi-function input terminals. 'Sub-A' and 'Sub-C' boards provide additional three multifunction terminals. These terminals are used in conjunction with P1, P2 and P3 terminals. Refer to I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 for use. The following table shows the terminal definitions.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
Speed-L	0	Multi-Step Speed - Low	
Speed-M	1	Multi-Step Speed - Mid	
Speed-H	2	Multi-Step Speed - High	
XCEL-L	3	Multi-Accel/Decel - Low	
XCEL-M	4	Multi-Accel/Decel - Mid	
XCEL-H	5	Multi-Accel/Decel - High	
Dc-brake	6	DC injection braking during stop	
2nd Func	7	Exchange to 2 nd functions	
Exchange	8	Exchange to commercial power line	
iTerm Clear	9	Reserved for future use	
Up	10	Up drive	
Down	11	Down drive	
3-Wire	12	3 wire operation	
Ext Trip-A	13	External trip A	
Ext Trip-B	14	External trip B	
iTerm Clear	15	Used for PID control	
Open-loop	16	Exchange between PID mode and	
Орен-юор		V/F mode	
Main-drive	17	Exchange between Option and	
		Inverter	
Analog hold	18	Hold the analog input signal	
XCEL stop	19	Disable accel and decel	
P Gain2	20	Used for PID control	
SEQ-L	21	Sequence operation - Low	
SEQ-M	22	Sequence operation - Mid	
SEQ-H	23	Sequence operation - High	
Manual	24	Exchange between Sequence	
		operation and Manual operation	
Go step	25	Triggering Sequence operation	
		(Auto-B)	
Hold step	26	Hold last step (Auto-A)	
Trv Off.Lo	27	Used for Traverse Operation	
Trv Off.Hi	28	•	
Interlock1	29	Used for MMC operation	
Interlock2	30		

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
Interlock3	31		
Interlock4	32		
Pre excite	33	Pre-excitation	
Spd/Trq	34	Sensored Vector_SPD/TRQ Operation change	
ASR P/PI	35	Sensored Vectro_SPD P/PI control selection	

EXT-05: V2 Mode Selection – Sub-A, Sub-C

EXT V2 mode 05 None	05	0
Factory Default: None		0

'V2' signal can be used as the frequency reference and override function.

[None]

V2 signal is not used.

[Override]

'V2' signal override the frequency reference signal (V1, I, V1+I) selected in DRV-04.

[Reference]

'V2' signal is used as the frequency reference. At this time, the frequency reference selected in DRV-04 is ignored.

EXT-06 ~ EXT-10: Analog Voltage Input (V2) Signal Adjustment – Sub-A, Sub-C

This is used to adjust the analog voltage input signal when the frequency is referenced or overridden by the 'V2' control terminal. This function is applied when EXT-05 is set to 'Override' or 'Reference'. Reference Frequency versus Analog Voltage Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-07 ~ EXT-10.

EXT▶ V2 fi 06	lter 10 ms	06	10
Factory Default:	10 ms		10

This is the filtering time constant for 'V2' signal input. If the 'V2' signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter, increase this value. Increasing this value may make response time slower.

EXT V2 volt x1 07 0.00 V	07	0.00
Factory Default: 0.00	V	0.00

This is the minimum voltage of the 'V2' input at which the inverter outputs minimum frequency.

EXT V2 volt y1 08 0.00 Hz	08	0.00
Factory Default: 0.00	Hz	0.00

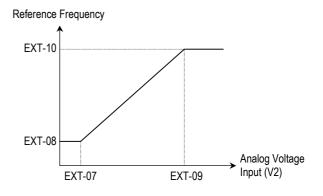
This is the minimum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the minimum voltage (EXT-07) on the 'V2' terminal.

EXT V2 volt x2 09 0.00 V	09	10.00
Factory Default: 10.00	V V	10.00

This is the maximum voltage of the 'V2' input at which the inverter outputs maximum frequency.

EXT V2 volt y2 10 60.00 Hz	10	60.00
Factory Default: 60.0	0 Hz	60.00

This is the maximum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the maximum voltage (EXT-09) on the 'V2' terminal.



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Voltage Input, V2 (0 to 10V)]

Related Functions:		-	requency D-05 [V1	/ Mode] Adjustment]
EXT-12: Usage of	Pulse	Inp	ut Sigi	nal – Sub-B
EXT► F mode			14	0
14 None			14	U
Factory Default:	None			0

This function is to select the usage of encoder pulse signal of 'Sub-B' board. The pulse signal from encoder can be used as the motor speed feedback or frequency reference. When 'Sub-B' board is installed, FU2-40 must be set to 'V/F'.

[None]

The encoder pulse signal is not used.

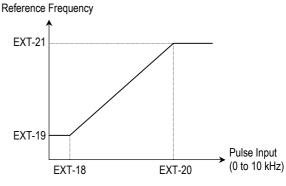
[Feed-back]

The encoder pulse signal is used as the motor speed feedback. The inverter can maintain the motor speed constantly, regardless of the load fluctuation, by using the encoder feedback. The encoder pulse related functions must be set correctly for better performance in EXT-15 ~ EXT-24.

Related Functions:	EXT-15 [Pulse Input Signal selection]
	EXT-16 [Encoder Pulse Number]
	EXT-22 [P-Gain for 'Sub-B']
	EXT-23 [I-Gain for 'Sub-B']
	EXT-24 [Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B']

[Reference]

The encoder pulse signal is used as the frequency reference. When this function is selected, the frequency reference selected in DRV-04 is ignored. Reference Frequency versus Pulse Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-18 ~ EXT-20.



[Reference Frequency vs. Pulse Input]

Related Functions:	EXT-15 [Pulse Input Signal selection]
	EXT-17 [Filtering Time Constant]
	EXT-18 [Minimum Pulse Frequency]
	EXT-19 [Minimum Output Frequency]
	EXT-20 [Maximum Pulse Frequency]
	EXT-21 [Maximum Output Frequency]

EXT-13: Real Motor Speed Direction

EXT > 13	RealS Nor	-	13	0
Factory	Default:	None		0

If EXT-12 is set to 1 Feed-back with SUB-B mounted, motor rotation direction is displayed in this parameter.

EXT-14: Encoder Feedback Frequency

EXT ENC FeedBack 14 None	14	0
Factory Default: None		0

Read frequency regardless of control mode if SUB-B is installed with EXT-12 set to Feed-back.

EXT-15: Pulse Input Signal Selection – Sub-B

EXT F pulse set 15 A + B	15	0
Factory Default: A + H	В	0

This code sets the encoder pulse to use. [A+B] uses two encoder signal lines of A and B, and [A] uses one encoder signal line of A or B. -[A+B] is used when encoder and mot or rotation direction is opposite.

Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [EXT]

EXT-16: Encoder Pulse Number – Sub-B				
EXT F pul 16	se num 1024	16	1024	
Factory Default: 1024 1024				

This code sets the encoder pulse per rotation of encoder.

EXT-17: Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal – Sub-B

EXT► 17	F filter 10 ms		17	10
Factory I	Default:	10 ms	5	10

This is the filtering time constant of pulse input signal. This is used to make the inverter respond slowly to the pulse input signal when the EXT-14 is set to 'Reference'.

EXT-18 ~ EXT-21: Pulse Input Signal Adjustment – Sub-B

This is used to adjust the pulse input signal when the pulse input through Sub-B board references the frequency. This function is applied when EXT-14 is set to 'Reference'. Reference Frequency versus Analog Voltage Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-18 ~ EXT-21.

EXT F pulse x1 18 0.0 kHz	18	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0 k	tHz	0.0

This is the minimum pulse frequency at which the inverter outputs minimum frequency.

EXT F freq y1 19 0.00 Hz	19	0.00
Factory Default: 0.00	Hz	0.00

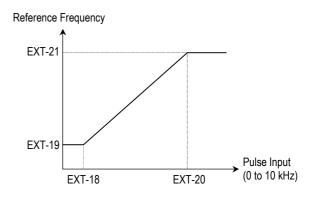
This is the minimum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the minimum pulse frequency (EXT-18).

EXT► F pulse 20 10.0	x2 kHz	20	10.0
Factory Default:	10.0	kHz	10.0

This is the maximum pulse frequency at which the inverter outputs maximum frequency.

	req y2 0.00 Hz	21	60.00	
Factory Default:	60.00) Hz	60.00	

This is the maximum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the maximum pulse frequency (EXT-20).



[Reference Frequency vs. Pulse Input]

EXT-22 ~ EXT-23: Gains for 'Sub-B' Board

EXT PG P-gain		22	3000
22 3000		22	3000
Factory Default:	3000		3000

This is the proportional gain when the EXT-14 is set to 'Feed-back'.

EXT PG I-gain 23 300		23	300
Factory Default:	300		300

This is the integral gain when the EXT-14 is set to 'Feedback'.

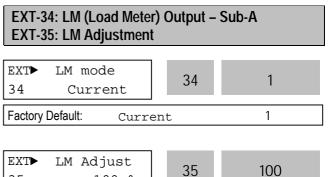
EXT-24: Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board				
EXTÞPG Slip Freq 24 100 %	24	100		
Factory Default: 100	00	100		
This is the limit frequency the inverter uses to compensate the motor speed drop due to load fluctuation. The set point value is the percentage of FUN-32 [Rated Motor Slip].				
EXT-25: P Gain for Sensored Vector_SPD EXT-25: I Gain for Sensored Vector_SPD EXT-27: Forward Torque Limit				
EXT-28: Reverse Torqu				
	_			
EXT ASR P-gain 25 100 %	25	150		
25 100 %	25 %	150 150		
25 100 %				
25 100 % Factory Default: 150 EXT ASR I-gain	[%] 26	150		
25 100 % Factory Default: 150 EXT► ASR I-gain 26 200 ms	[%] 26	150 200		
25 100 % Factory Default: 150 EXT► ASR I-gain 200 ms 26 200 ms Factory Default: 200 ms EXT► TRQ + Limit 27 100 % 200 %	26	150 200 200		
25100 %Factory Default:150EXT► ASR I-gain26200 msFactory Default:200 msEXT► TRQ + Limit27100 %	26 ns 27	150 200 200 150		

EXT-30 ~ EXT-32: Multi-Function Output Terminal (Q1, Q2, Q3) Define – Sub-A, Sub-C

Q1, Q2, Q3 terminals are provided on Sub-A and Sub-C board as an open collector output. The functions of these terminals can be selected the same as I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Contact Output Define].

EXT Q1 define 30 FDT-1	30	0
Factory Default: FDT-1		0
EXT Q2 define 31 FDT-2	31	1
Factory Default: FDT-2		1
EXT Q3 define 32 FDT-3	32	2
Factory Default: FDT-3		2

Related Functions:	FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level]
	FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]
	FU1-59 [Stall Prevention Mode]
	FU1-60 [Stall Prevention Level]
	I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 [Multi-function Input
	Terminal define]
	I/O-42 ~ I/O-43 [Frequency Detection]
	I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Contact
	Output define]
	I/O-50 ~ I/O-56 [Auto Operation]



Load meter displays the inverter output Frequency, Current, Voltage and DC link voltage with pulse signals on the LM terminal of Sub-A board. The average ranges from

100

0V to 10V. EXT-35 is used to adjust the LM value.

100 %

100 %

[Frequency]

Factory Default:

LM terminal outputs inverter output frequency. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output freq. / Max. freq.) × 10V × EXT-35 / 100

[Current]

LM terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V × EXT-35 / 150

[Voltage]

LM terminal output inverter output voltage. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output voltage) × 10V × EXT-35 / 100

[DC link vtg]

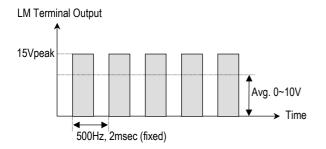
LM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V × EXT-35 / 100

[Torque]

FM terminal outputs the motor torque. The output value is determined by,

FM terminal output voltage= (Torque current/Rated torque current)*10V* FM output gain (I/O-41) / 150



[LM Output (LM-CM terminal)]

Related Functions: I/O-40 ~ I/O-41 [FM Output]

EXT-40: AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output – Sub-C EXT-41: AM1 Adjustment EXT-42: AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output – Sub-C EXT-43: AM2 Adjustment

These terminals are provided on Sub-C board.

EXT AM1 mode 40 Frequency Factory Default: Frequency 0 EXT AM1 Adjust 41 100 % 41 100 % Factory Default: 100 % 41 100 % Factory Default: 100 % 42 DC link Vtg 3			
EXT► AM1 Adjust 41 100 41 100 % 41 100 Factory Default: 100 % 100 EXT► AM2 mode 42 3		40	0
41 100 % 41 100 Factory Default: 100 % 100 EXT► AM2 mode 42 3	Factory Default: Freq	luency	0
41 100 % 41 100 Factory Default: 100 % 100 EXT► AM2 mode 42 3			
EXT AM2 mode 42 DC link Vtg 42 3	-	41	100
42 DC link Vtg 42 3	Factory Default: 100 9	00	100
42 DC link Vtg 42 3			
Factory Default: DC link Vtg 3		42	3
	Factory Default: DC 1	ink Vtg	3
EXT AM2 Adjust 43 100 % 43 100	-	43	100

Analog meter displays the inverter output Frequency, Current, Voltage and DC link voltage with analog voltage on the AM1 and AM2 terminals of Sub-C board. The output voltage ranges from 0V to 10V. EXT-41 and EXT-43 are used to adjust the AM output value.

100 %

100

[Frequency]

Factory Default:

The AM terminal outputs inverter output frequency. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output freq. / Max. freq.) × 10V

[Current]

The M terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V

[Voltage]

The AM terminal outputs inverter output voltage. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output voltage) × 10V

[DC link vtg]

The AM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V

[Torque]

The AM terminal outputs the Torque of the motor. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Torque current/ Rated Torque current) * 10V* AM output gain (EXT-41~42) / 150

EXT-50~53 [Speed limit for Torque mode operation]

Related parameters : FU2-39 [Control mode selection] FU1-20 [max Freq] EXT-27[Trq + Limit] EXT-28[Trq - Limit]

Code	LCD display	Description	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT- 50	Speed Limit	Speed Limit Level	100[%]	0 – 100[%]
EXT- 51	Speed Bias	Speed Limit Bias	10[%]	0 – 200[%]
EXT- 52	Speed Gain	Speed Limit Gain	1	1 – 10
EXT- 53	Speed Dir	Speed Limit Direction	1 (Forward)	0 (Reverse) 1 (Forward)

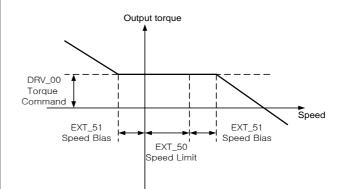
By setting speed limit, this parameter prevents the motor from rotating excessively high speed due to no-load or light load connection during Vector_TRQ in FU2-39 [Control mode].

Set as the percent of EXT-50 [Speed limit level] and EXT-51 [Speed Limit Bias] to FU1-20 [Max Freq].

If EXT-53 [Speed Limit Direction]= FWD, EXT-51 [Speed Limit Bias]

FWD Torque control is set, the FWD Torque control is shown as below. In other words, when the motor rotates in Forward direction, FWD torque is kept controlled in the

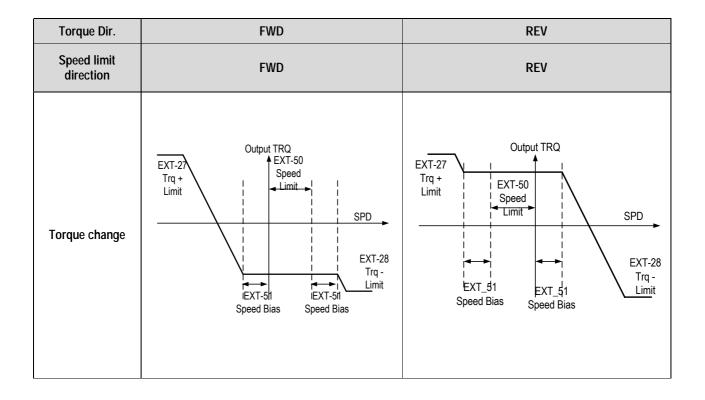
range of EXT-50 [Speed Limit Level] + EXT-51 [Speed bias]. When the motor rotates in Reverse direction, REV torque is controlled in EXT-51[Speed Limit Bias] and torque is controlled constant in the above speed range. EXT-52 [Speed limit gain] is the curve value to reduce the FWD torque or to increase to the constant torque in Reverse direction.



Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [EXT]

Torque Dir.	FWD	REV
Speed limit direction	FWD	REV
Torque change	Output TRO Trq + Limit EXT-27 Trq + EXT-51 EXT-50EXT_51 Speed Speed Bias Limit Bias	Output TRQ EXT-27 Trq + Limit EXT-50 Speed Limit EXT-51 EXT-51 Speed EXT-28 Trq - Limit EXT-51 Speed EXT-28 Trq - Limit EXT-50 SPD EXT-28 Trq - Limit

The following illustrations show the relationship between torque, motor speed and speed limit direction.



EXT-54: Zero Speed Detection Level EXT-55: Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth

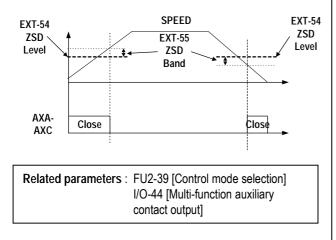
Used to set the zero speed detection (SUB-B)

- Only valid when FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ.
- Detect the zero speed using I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection]. Set Zspd Dect in I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output] to activate this function.

► Note : Sub-board is needed to use multi-function output terminal Q1,Q2,Q3.

Code	Keypad Display	Parameter Name	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT- 54	ZSD Level	Zero Speed Detection Level	0.3[Hz]	0 – 120 [Hz]
EXT- 55	ZSD Band	Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth	0.1[Hz]	0 – 0.3 [Hz]

Auxiliary contact relay activates as shown below if the following settings are applied to EXT-54 [Zero Speed Detection Level] and EXT-55 [Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth].



EXT-56: Torque Detection Level EXT-57: Torque Detection Bandwidth

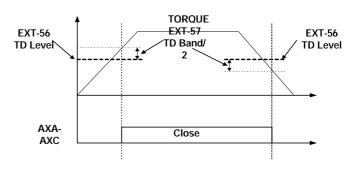
Use to set output torque detection (SUB-B)

- Only valid when FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ.
- Detect Torque using I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection].

➡ Note : Sub-board should be mounted to use multifunction output terminal Q1,Q2,Q3.

Code	Keypad Display	Description	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT-56	TD Level	Torque Detection Level	100[%]	0 – 150 [%]
EXT-57	TD Band	Torque Detection Bandwidth	5[%]	0 – 10 [%]

EXT-56 [Torque Detection Level] and EXT-57 [Torque Detection Bandwidth] are activated in the following conditions as shown below.



Related parameters : FU2-39 [Control mode select] I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection]

6.6 Application Group [APP]

APP►	Jump	code		
00			1	
Factory	Default:	1		

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

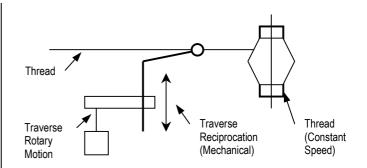
APP-01: Application Mode Selection				
APP► App. mode 01 None	01	0		
Factory Default: None		0		

This code sets the application mode.

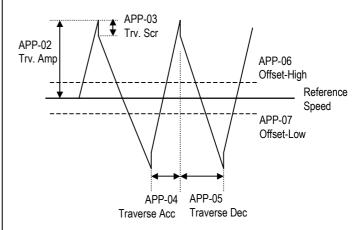
Setting Range		Description		
LCD	7-Seg	Description		
None	0	Application mode is not selected.		
Traverse	1	Traverse mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-02~07) are displayed.		
ММС	2	MMC (Multi-Motor Control) mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-08~31) are displayed.		
DRAW	3	DRAW mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-32~33) are displayed.		

[Traverse]: This is a mechanism to wind thread to an intended shape on a reel with a rotary motion and reciprocation. Adjusting the speed of mechanical reciprocation can make different shapes of thread reel. The following figure shows an example. The guide should move with low speed at the center of the reel and fast at the edge of the reel.

Related Functions:	APP-02 to APP-07 [Traverse Parameters]
	I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
	EXT-30 to EXT-32 [Multi-Function Output]



[An example of Traverse Operation]



[Traverse Operation Pattern]

[MMC]: The 'PID' control should be selected in FU2-47 to use this function.

♦ One inverter can control multiple motors. This function is often used when controlling the amount and pressure of flow in fans or pumps. Built-in PI controller controls a main motor after receiving process control value and keeps the control value constant by connecting auxiliary motors to commercial line when needed.

♦ In case that flow amount or flow pressure is beyond or below the reference so the main drive cannot control by itself, auxiliary motors are automatically turned on/off. Maximum four (Q1~3 and Aux. output) auxiliary motors can be run. Each Starting and Stop Frequency should be set to four auxiliary motors.

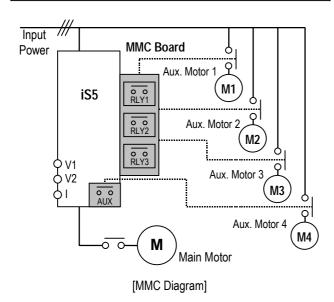
♦ Auto Change can be selected to automatically switch the order of the running motors for keeping motor run-time constant. Set mode '1' for automatic changing of auxiliary motors only and set mode '2' for automatic changing of all motors including main motor. For mode '2', external sequence (Refer to APP-26) should be configured.

◆ Abnormal motor can be skipped from running by using the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3, and P4). If a multi-function terminal is opened, the inverter stops all running motors and restarts operation with only normal motors except the abnormal motor. (Refer to APP-29)

◆ Sleep function is initiated when flow demand is low. Inverter stops motor when the motor runs below Sleep Frequency (APP-24) during Sleep Delay Time (APP-23). While in the sleep state, inverter keeps monitoring and initiates Wake-Up function when the real value of the controlling amount has decreased below the Wake-Up level (APP-25).

Note: Only one auxiliary motor can be connected with AUX terminal on control terminal strip without using MMC Option Board.

Related Functions:	APP-08 to APP-31 [MMC Parameters]
	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
	FU2-47 [PID Operation Selection]
	I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Input]
	EXT 15 to EXT21 [Pulse Input Signal]
	I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
	EXT-30 to EXT-32 [Multi-Function Output]



[Draw]: This is a kind of Open-Loop Tension Control. This is used to maintain constant tension of material with the speed difference between main motor and subordinate motor.

Related Functions:	APP-32 to APP-33 [Draw Parameters]
	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
	I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Input]
	EXT 06 to EXT-10 [Analog Input Setting]
	I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
	EXT-02 to EXT-04 [Multi-Function Input]

APP-02: Traverse Amplitude

APP►Trv. Amp[%] 02 0.0%	02	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0%		0.0

This code sets the frequency amplitude of traverse operation. The value is the percentage of reference frequency. The output value is determined by, Trv. Amp Frequency = (Reference Freq. * Trv. Amp)/100

APP-03: Traverse Scramble Amplitude APP►Trv. Scr[%] 03 0.0% Factory Default: 0.0% 0.0

This code sets the frequency amplitude of scramble operation. The output value is determined by, Trv. Scr Frequency = (Trv. Amp Frequency * (100 - Trv. Scr))/100

APP-04: Traverse Accel Time APP-05: Traverse Decel Time APP▶Trv Acc Time 2.0 04 04 2.0 sec Factory Default: 2.0 2.0 sec APP▶Trv Dec Time 05 3.0 05 3.0 sec Factory Default: 3.0 3.0 sec

Sets the acceleration and deceleration time for traverse operation.

- The 'Trv Acc' terminal set in EXT-30 to EXT-32 is ON during traverse acceleration time. (Open Collector Output)
- The 'Trv Dec' terminal set in EXT-30 to EXT-32 is ON during traverse deceleration time. (Open Collector Output)
- APP-04 and APP-05 should be set to a value less than APP-03. If not, traverse control does not accomplished correctly.

APP-06: Traverse Offset (Hi) Setting APP-07: Traverse Offset (Lo) Setting

APP► Trv Off Hi 06 0.0 %		06	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0	8 8		0.0

This code makes positive offset during traverse operation by multi-function input terminal. When the 'Trv Off Hi' terminal is ON, the offset frequency is added to the reference frequency. To use this function, set a terminal out of multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Trv Off Hi' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14. The offset value is determined by, Trv. Off Hi Frequency =(Reference Frequency * Trv. Off Hi)/100

APP► Trv Off Lo 07 0.0 %		07	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0	20		0.0

This code makes negative offset during traverse operation by multi-function input terminal. When the 'Trv Off Lo' terminal is ON, the offset frequency is subtracted from the reference frequency. To use this function, set a terminal out of multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Trv Off Lo' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14. The offset value is determined by, Trv. Off Lo Frequency =(Reference Frequency * Trv. Off Lo)/100

APP-08: Running Auxiliary Motor Number Display

APP⊳Aux Mot 08	Run 0		08	0
Factory Default:	0	-		0

This code shows how many auxiliary motors are running by MMC control.

APP-09: Starting Auxiliary Motor Selection

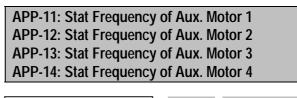
APP►Starting	Aux 1	09	1	
Factory Default:	1		1	

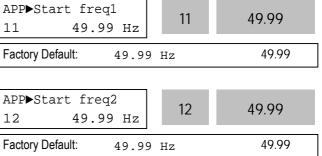
This code sets the starting auxiliary motor for MMC control.

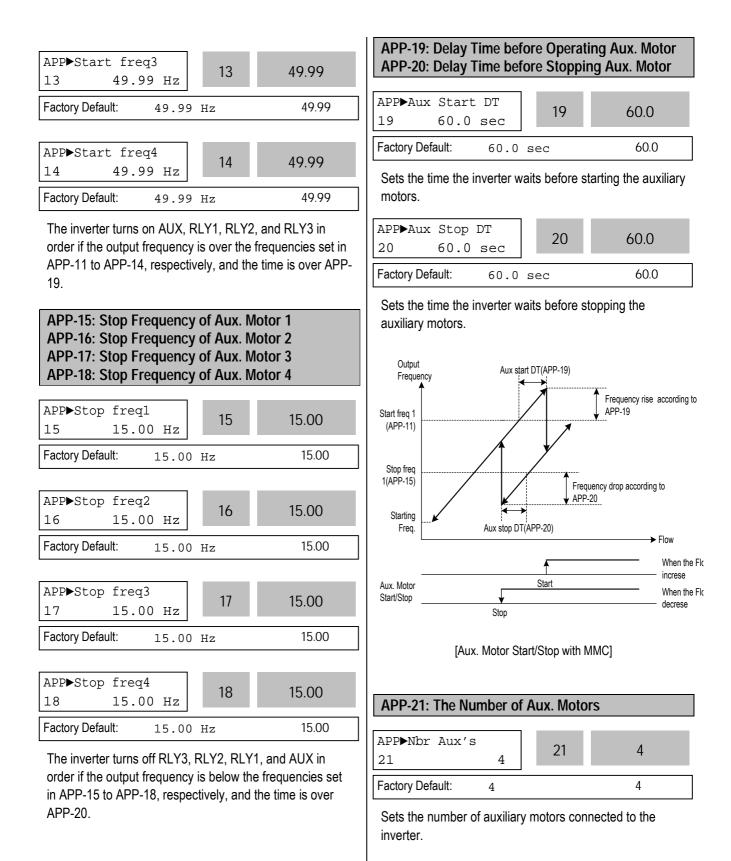
APP-10: Operation Time Display on Auto Change

APP►Auto Op Time 10 00:00]	10	00:00
Factory Default: 00:0	0		00:00

This code displays the operation time after Auto Change is accomplished.







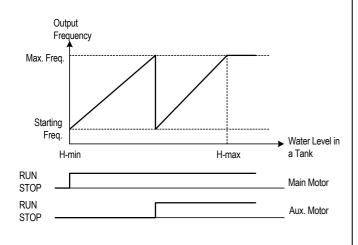
6-65

ADD 22: DID Bypass Selection

AFF-22. FID Dypass Sciection				
APP▶Regul Bypass 22 No	22	0		
Factory Default: NO		0		

This is used to bypass the PID operation selected in FU2-47. Select this code to 'Yes' when using MMC function without PID control. The frequency is determined by real value of control amount instead PID controller output. The real value is also used as the Start/Stop reference of Aux. motors.

The following figure shows the running pattern with this function applied for controlling the flow rate of a tank. To control the flow rate according to the water level of a tank, divide the water level of the tank into the region to the number of Aux. motors plus one, and map each region from staring frequency to maximum frequency. The inverter increases output frequency to lower the water level in the tank when the water level in the tank rises. When reaching maximum frequency, inverter connects aux. motors connected directly to commercial line. After connecting aux. motor, inverter starts again from the starting frequency. By selecting APP-22 to 'Yes', PID operation is disabled and Control Mode (FU2-47) is changed to 'V/F'. PID Bypass is available only when Freq. Mode (DRV-04) is set to 'V1', '1' or 'V2'. The level in a tank can be checked in APP-30 [Actual Value] and APP-31 [Actual Percent].

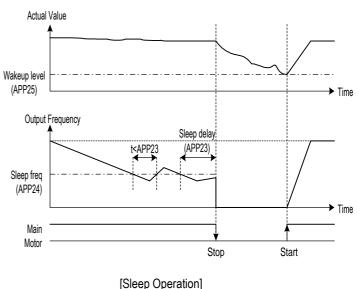


[Aux. Motor Start/Stop without PID Control]

APP-23: Sleep Delay Time APP-24: Sleep Frequency APP-25: Wake-Up Level							
APP►Sleep Delay2360.02360.0 sec23							
Factory Default: 60.0	sec	60.0					
APP►Sleep Freq 24 19.00 Hz	23	19.00					
Factory Default: 19.00	Hz	19.00					
APP⊳WakeUp level 25 35 %	25	35					
Factory Default:35 %		35					

Sleep function is initiated when flow demand is low. Inverter stops motor when the motor runs below Sleep Frequency (APP-24) during Sleep Delay Time (APP-23). While in the sleep state, inverter keeps monitoring and initiates Wake-Up function when the real value of the controlling amount has decreased below the Wake-Up level (APP-25).

Note: Sleep function is not operated if the Sleep Delay Time (APP-23) is set to '0'.





APP AutoCh_	Mode]	24	0
26	0		20	0
Factory Default:	0			0

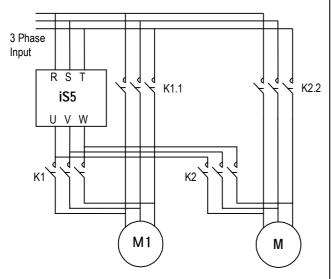
This function is used to change the running order of the motors to regulate their run-time when multiple motors are connected for MMC.

[0]: Not using Auto Change Function.

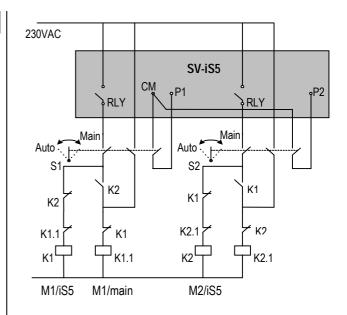
The inverter keeps the order Main motor \Rightarrow RLY1 \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX and do not change the running order of auxiliary motors.

[1]: Auto Change Function is applied only to aux. motors. The inverter changes the order of auxiliary motors except the main motor connected to the drive. Running order is Main Motor \Rightarrow RLY1 \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX. And then it is changed to Main Motor \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX \Rightarrow AUX \Rightarrow RLY1.

[2]: Auto Change Function is applied to all motors. The inverter changes the order of all motors. The inverter operates the initial motor and the others are directly powered by commercial line. It should be used with Interlock function after configuring external inter-lock sequence circuit as shown below.



[Wiring Diagram for Inter-Lock Configuration]



[Sequence Circuit for Inter-Lock Configuration]

APP-27: Auto Change Time APP-28: Auto Change Level								
APP▶AutoEx- 27	intv 72:00	27	72:00					
Factory Default:	72:00		72:00					
APP►AutoEx- 28	level 20 %	28	20					
Factory Default:	20 %		20					

This function is used to protect motor from running alone for a long time by changing operation to other motor.

Auto Change is accomplished when the following conditions are satisfied:

1) The time set in APP-27 is over.

2) The actual value of controlling amount is less than the value set in APP-28.

3) Only one motor is running.

When above three conditions are met, the inverter stops the running motor, and changes motor to run by the order set in APP-26. and then continues operation according to new order.

If Auto Change Level (APP-28) is set to '0', the function is initiated only when the motor is in Stop or Sleep state. The

count time for Auto Change is depend on Auto Change Mode (APP-26). In mode '0', inverter starts counting only when auxiliary motor is running. In mode '1' or '2', inverter starts counting when any motor is running including main motor.

APP-29: Inter-Lock Selection

APP▶Inter-lock 29 No	29	0
Factory Default: NO		0

By setting this code to 'Yes', the multi-function input terminals (P1 ~ P4) are used as auxiliary motor operating condition of RLY1, RLY2, RLY3, and AUX. The multifunction input terminal should be turned on to run the corresponding auxiliary motor. If running with any multifunction input terminal open with this function, the inverter starts motors except the corresponding motor. If multifunction input happens to be turned off during motor running, the inverter stops all running motors and restarts running with only normal motors except the subject motor. By setting this parameter to 'Yes', the multi-function input terminals (P1~P4) are set to 'Interlock1' through 'Interlock4' automatically.

Note: P1 through P4 cannot be used for other purpose it this code is set to 'Yes'.

Related Functions: I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input] EXT-02 to EXT-04 [Multi-Function Input]

APP-30: Actual Value Display								
APP►Actual Value 30 0.00 Hz]	30	0.00					
Factory Default: 0.00	H	Z	0.00					

This code displays the value using on PID controller in frequency.

APP-31: Actual Value Display in PercentageAPP>Actual Perc
31310Factory Default:0 %0

This code displays the value using on PID controller in percentage.

APP-32: Draw Mode Selection

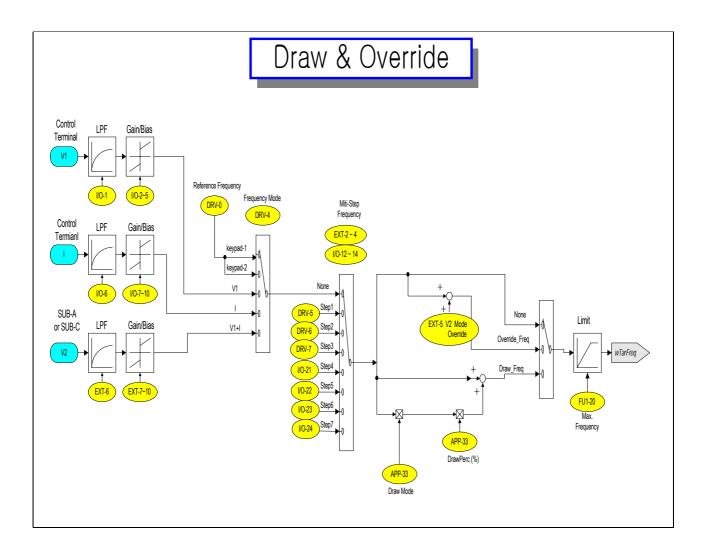
APP►Draw Mode 32 None		32	0
Factory Default:	None		0

This code sets the signal input to use for Draw operation. The main reference frequency is set in DRV-04. This parameter should be set to a signal that is not selected in DRV-04.

APP-33: Draw Size Setting

APP>Draw P	erc		33	100
33	33 100 %		33	100
Factory Default:	100%			100

This code sets the frequency bandwidth during Draw operation. For example, when Reference Frequency (DRV-00) is set to '30Hz', Draw Mode (APP-32) to 'V1_Draw' and Draw Size (APP-33) to '10%', the frequency difference during Draw operation is between 27 Hz and 33Hz. The following figure shows the block diagram for Draw and Override operation.



CHAPTER 7 - OPTIONS

The iS5 series inverter provides many options for various applications. See the following option table and select the proper options according to your application.

	Option	Name		Description			
				Extended I/O Module			
		Sub-A Board		Three Multi-Function Inputs (P4, P5, P6)			
		(Extended I/O)		Three Multi-Function Outputs (Q1, Q2, Q3)			
		(Extended I/O)		Auxiliary Analog Frequency Reference (V2)			
				LM (Load Meter) Output (0 ~ 10V)			
		Cub D Doord		Encoder Pulse Input – Speed Feedback (AOC, BOC / A+, A-, B+, B-)			
		Sub-B Board (Speed Feedback)		Encoder Pulse Output (FBA, FBB)			
		(Speed Feedback)		Vector control (PG operation) and reference freq via pulse input			
				Extended I/O Module			
	Sub Boards	Sub-C Board		Three Multi-Function Inputs (P4, P5, P6)			
		(Extended I/O)		One Multi-Function Outputs (Q1)			
				Isolated Auxiliary Analog Frequency Reference (V2)			
				Two Isolated Analog Meter Output (AM1, AM2)			
				Extended I/O Module			
		Sub-D Board		Three Multi-Function Inputs (P4, P5, P6)			
u		(Extended I/O, Speed Feedback)		Two Multi-Function Outputs (Q1, Q2)			
llatic				Auxiliary Analog Frequency Reference (V2)			
nsta				Encoder Pulse Input – Speed Feedback (AOC, BOC / A+, A-, B+, B-)			
Internal Installation				Encoder Pulse Output (FBA, FBB)			
Iterr				Embedded DeviceNet protocol			
				CAN Controller			
		Device Net		Inverter Connection: Max. 64			
		Device Net		Input Voltage: DC 11 ~ 25V			
				Baud Rate: 125, 250, 500k bps			
				CSMA/CD-NBA Method			
				Connection with Fnet Communication Module for GLOFA PLC			
	Option	PLC Communication		Inverter Connection: Max. 64			
	Boards	(F-Net)		Baud Rate: 1M bps			
	Dourdo			Token Method			
				RS-485 Communic ation			
		RS-485		Inverter Connection: Max. 32			
				Baud Rate: Max. 19200 bps			
				Connection to ProfiBus Network			
		Profi-Bus		Device Type: Profibus DP Slave			
				Inverter Connection: Max. 64			
				Baud Rate: Max. 12M bps			
nal Iati		LCD		32-Character Display			
External Installati	Keypad			Download and Upload from the Keypad			
ш <u>–</u>	7-Segment			Six Digit 7-Sengment Display			

Op	Option Name		Description		
	Remote Cable	Remote Cable	2m, 3m, 5m long keypad cables for separate keypad installation		
	Dynamic	DB Resistor	Enables Inverter to decelerate rapidly		
	Braking	DB Unit	DB units are provided as an option for 15 ~ 30 HP inverters		

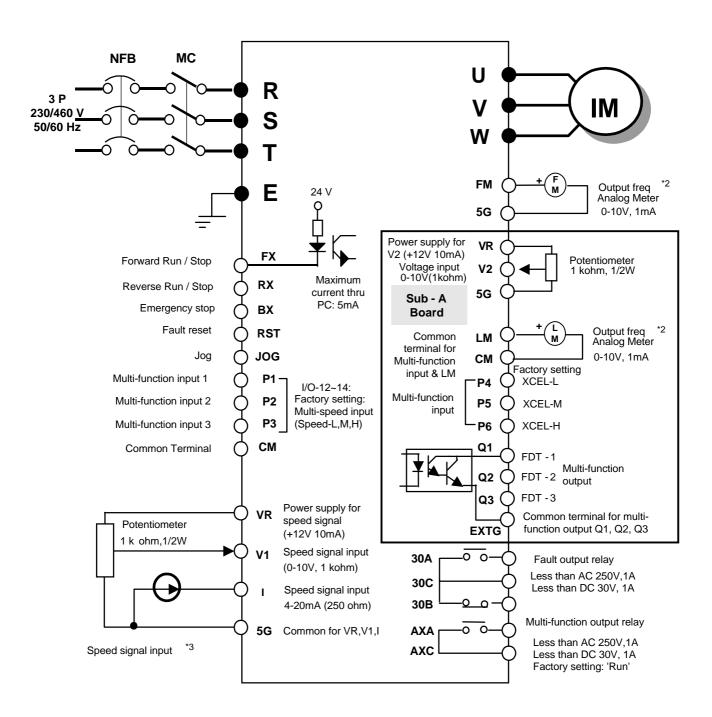
Note) Refer to option manual for more details.

The following table shows the Sub-Board Selection Guide According To Functions.

			Sub-Boa	ard Type	
Code	Function Description	SUB-A	SUB-B	SUB-C	SUB-D
		Board	Board	Board	Board
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P4'	V		1	√
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5'	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6'	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	\checkmark		\checkmark	√
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal		\checkmark		√
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection		\checkmark		√
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Selection		\checkmark		√
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal		\checkmark		√
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency		\checkmark		√
EXT-19	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency		\checkmark		1
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency		√		√
EXT-21	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency		V		√
EXT-22	P-Gain for PG Option		√		1
	I-Gain for PG Option		1		1
	Slip Frequency for PG Option		V		1
-	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD				√
EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD				√
EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit				√
EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit				√
EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q1'	√		√	√
	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2'	1			1
EXT-32	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q3'	1			
EXT-34	LM (Load Meter) Output Selection	1			
EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	1			
EXT-40	AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output Selection			√	
EXT-41	AM1 Output Adjustment			√	
EXT-42	AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output Selection			1	
EXT-43	AM2 Output Adjustment			1	

7.1 Sub-A board

7.1.1 Board configuration



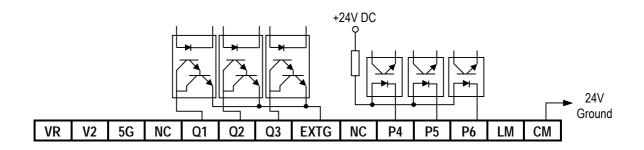
Note) 1. ● : Main circuit O : Control circuit

2. Output voltage is adjustable up to 12V.

3. Three types of External speed signal input available.

(V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.1.2 Terminal Configuration



7.1.3 Terminal Description

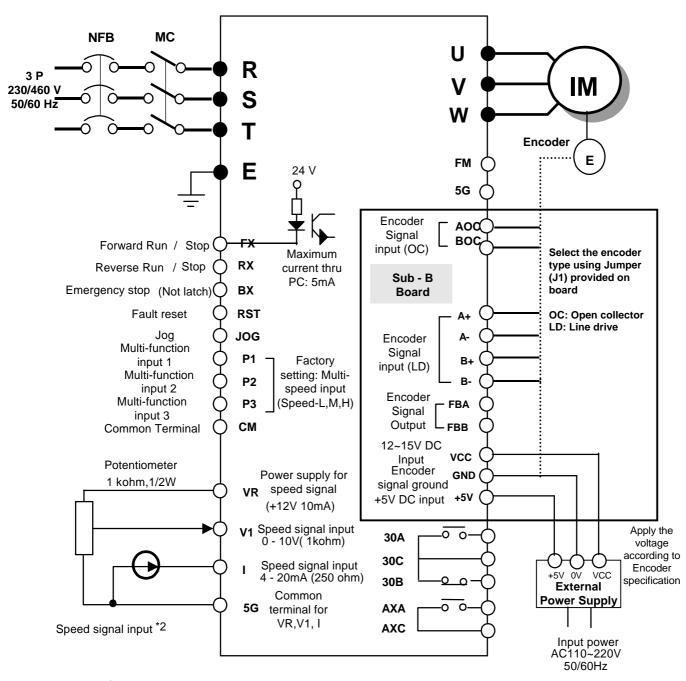
	Section	Terminal	Name	Description		
	Contact Input	P4, P5, P6 Multi-Function Inpu		Used as the extended function of P1, P2, P3 (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14)		
Input		СМ	Common Terminal	Common terminal for P4, P5, P6		
du	Analog	VR	Power Supply for V2	DC voltage output terminal for V2 (+12V, 10mA)		
	Frequency	V2	Analog Voltage Input	Analog voltage input terminal for frequency reference or override.		
	Reference	5G	Common Terminal	Common terminal for VR and V2		
t I	+15V Pulse LM L Output		Load Meter	Used to monitor one of Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC link Voltage. (+15V Pulse output, Average voltage: 0 ~ 10V DC)		
Output		СМ	Common Terminal	Common terminal for LM		
0	Open Collector	Q1, Q2, Q3	Multi-Function Output (Open-Collector Output)	Used as the extended function of AXA, AXC (I/O-44)		
	Output	EXTG	External Common Terminal	Common terminal for Q1, Q2, Q3		
		NC	Not Used			

7.1.4 Parameters of Sub-A Board

Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description		
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-09	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment		
EXT-02		EXT-10	Analog voltage input Signal (v2) Adjustment		
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal (P4, P4, P6) Define	EXT-30			
EXT-04		EXT-31	Multi-Function Output Terminal (Q1, Q2, Q3) Define		
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	EXT-32			
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	EXT-34	LM Output Adjustment		
EXT-07	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment	EXT-35			
EXT-08					

7.2 Sub-B Board

7.2.1 Board configuration



Note) 1. ● : Main circuit O : Control circuit

2. Three types of External speed signal input available

(V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.2.2 Terminal Configuration (total 14 pins)

	-			-									
AOC	BOC	A+	A-	B+	B-	FBA	FBB	GND	GND	+5V	+5V	VCC	VCC

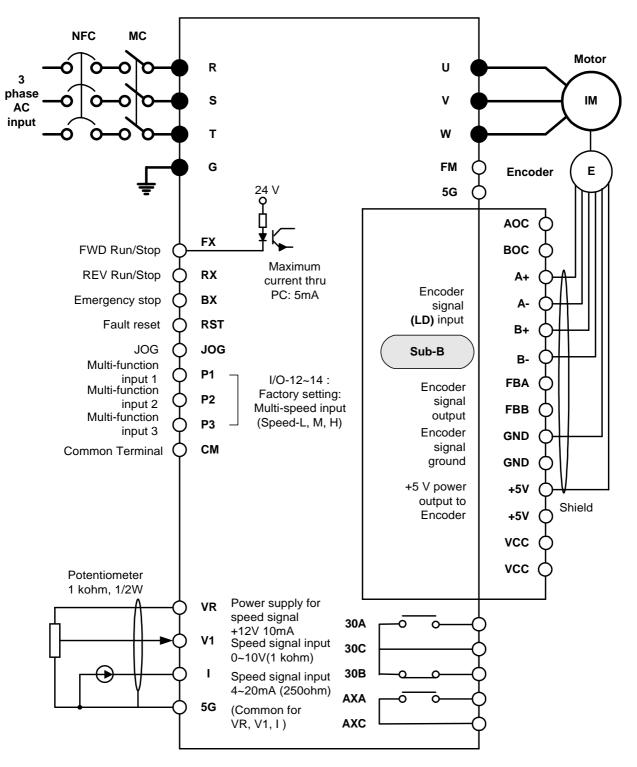
7.2.3 Terminal Description

Se	ction	Terminal	Name	Description
	Open Collector	AOC	A Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A signal of Open Collector type encoder
Encoder	Туре	BOC	B Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B signal of Open Collector type encoder
Signal		A+	A+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A+ signal of Line Drive type encoder
Input	Line Drive	A-	A- Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A- signal of Line Drive type encoder
	Туре	B+	B+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B+ signal of Line Drive type encoder
		B-	B- Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B- signal of Line Drive type encoder
Signal	Encoder Signal	FBA	Encoder A Pulse Output	Outputs A signal received from the encoder
Output	Output	FBB	Encoder B Pulse Output	Outputs B signal received from the encoder
		+5V	+5V DC Input Terminal (For Line Drive type)	Provide +5V DC power output to encoder (5V DC, Minimum 0.5A)
Power Supply Input		VCC	+12 to 15V DC Input/output Terminal from External Power Supply to Encoder (For Open collector type)	This is the encoder supply voltage. Supply proper voltage according to the encoder specification. (+12 to 15V DC, Minimum 0.5A)
		GND	Ground Terminal	Ground for Power supply and encoder signal

7.2.4 Parameters of Sub-B Board

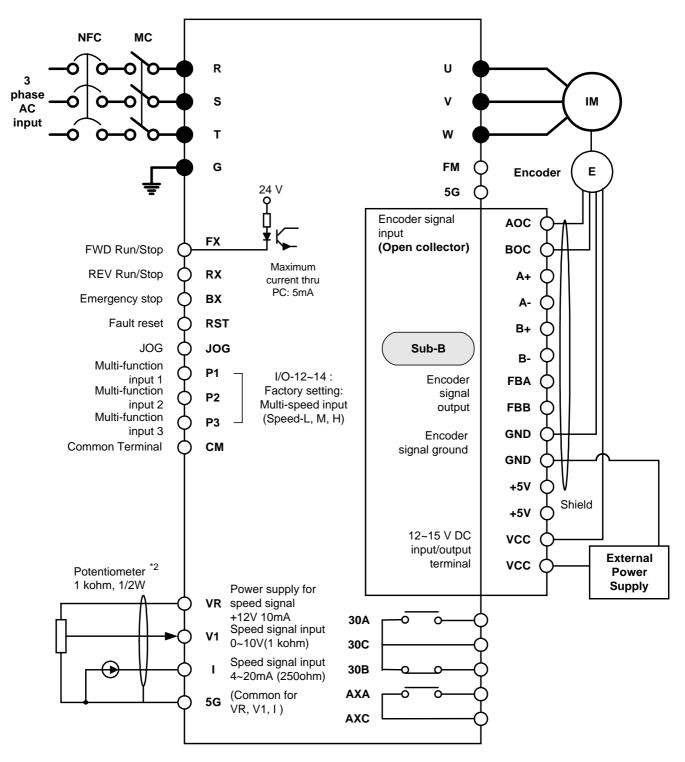
Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-21	Pulse Input Signal Adjustment
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal	EXT-22	P-Gain
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-23	I-Gain
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-24	Slip Frequency
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant	EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD
EXT-18		EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD
EXT-19	Pulse Input Signal Adjustment	EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit
EXT-20		EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit

1. Sub-B board with Line Drive type encoder



Note) 1.● : Main circuit, ○ : Control circuit.

2. External speed signal: V1, I, V1+I (Refer to Parameter list)



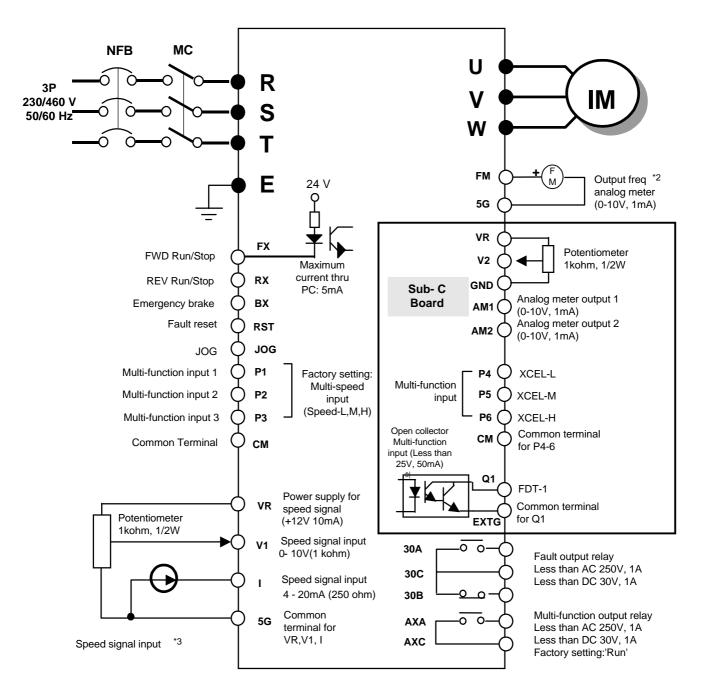
2. Sub-B board with <u>Open collector type</u> encoder

Note) 1.● : Main circuit, ○ : Control circuit

2. External speed command: V1, I, and V1+I (Refer to Function list)

7.3 Sub-C Board (Isolated)

7.3.1 Board Configuration



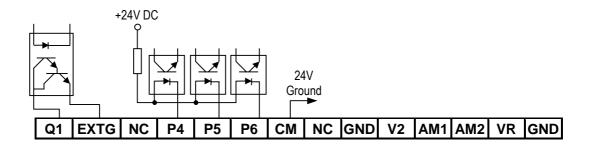
Note) 1. • : Main circuit O : Control circuit

2. Output voltage is adjustable up to 12V

3. Three types of External speed signal input available.

(V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.3.2 Terminal Configuration



7.3.3 Terminal Description

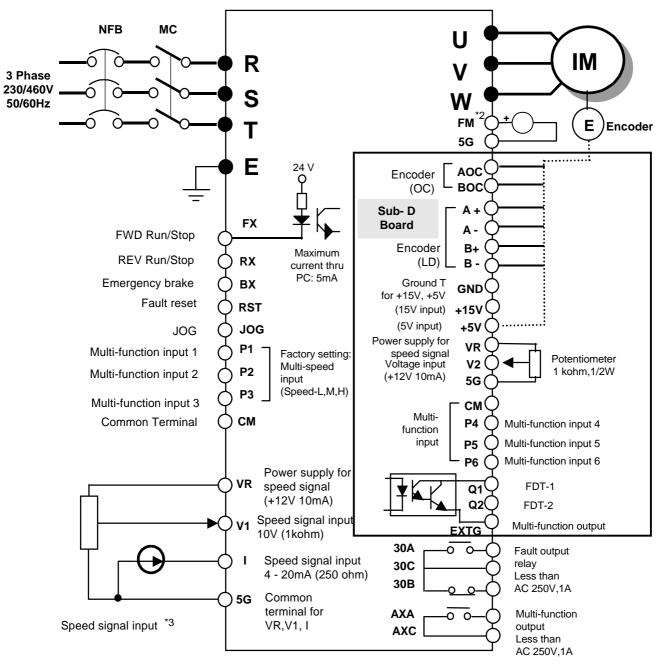
	Section	Terminal	Name	Description
	Contact Input	P4, P5, P6	Multi-Function Input	Used as the extended function of P1, P2, P3 (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14).
		CM	Common Terminal	Common terminal for P4, P5, P6
Input		VR	Power supply for V2	DC voltage output terminal for V2 (+12V, 10mA)
	Analog Frequency Reference	V2	Analog Voltage Input	Analog voltage or current input terminal for frequency reference or override. (0 ~ 10V DC, 4 ~ 20mA) Connecting jumper pin (J1) select current input.
		5G	Common Terminal	Common terminal for VR and V2
		AM1	Analog Meter 1	Used to monitor one of Output Frequency, Output Current, Output
Output	Analog Voltage	AM2	Analog Meter 2	Voltage, DC link Voltage (0 ~ 10V DC analog output, 1mA)
Out		GND	Common Terminal	Common terminal for LM
	Open Collector	Q1	Multi-function Output	Used as the extended function of AXA, AXC (I/O-44)
	Output	EXTG	External Common Terminal	Common terminal for Q1
		NC	Not Used	

7.3.4 Parameters of Sub-C Board

Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description		
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-09	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment		
EXT-02		EXT-10			
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal (P4, P4, P6) define	EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal (Q1) define		
EXT-04		EXT-40			
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	EXT-41	ANAL ANAD A divertime and		
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	EXT-43	AM1, AM2 Adjustment		
EXT-07	Angles Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment	EXT-43			
EXT-08	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment				

7.4 Sub-D Board

7.4.1 Board Configuration



Note) 1. • : Main circuit O : Control circuit

2. Output voltage is adjustable up to 12V

3. Three types of External speed signal input available.

(V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.4.2 Parameters of Sub-D board

Sub-D board comprises of Multi-function input P4, P5, P6, Multi-function output Q1, Q2, input/output terminal for Auxiliary analog frequency V2, and Encoder interface to receive pulse encoder input.

Code	Description	LCD display		
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	Sub D		
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal	F mode		
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	F pulse set		
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Selection	F pulse num		
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal	F filter		
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F pulse x1		
EXT-19	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input	F freq y1		
EX1-19	Minimum Frequency			
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F pulse x2		
EXT-21	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input	F freq y2		
LATZI	Maximum Frequency			
EXT-22	P-Gain for PG Option	PG P gain		
EXT-23	I-Gain for PG Option	PG I gain		
EXT-24	Slip Frequency for PG Option	PG slip freq		
EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR P-Gain		
EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR I-Gain		
EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit	Trq + Limit		
EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit	Trq - Limit		

Encoder Pulse function

Input/Output function

Code	Description	LCD display		
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	Sub D		
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P4'	P4 define		
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5'	P5 define		
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6'	P6 define		
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	V2 mode		
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	V2 filter		
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 volt x1		
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum	V2 freq y1		
	Voltage			
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 volt x2		
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum	V2 freq y2		
	Voltage			
EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q1'	Q1 define		
EXT-31	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2'	Q2 define		

7.4.3 Terminals Configuration (10 pins + 14 pins)

Q1 Q2 EXTG NC P4 P5 P6 CM NC V2 VR 5G N	
	NC

7.4.4 Terminal Descriptions

	Section	Terminal	Termianl name	Terminal description
	Contact Input	P4,P5,P6	Multi-Function Input	Used as the extended function of P1, P2, P3. (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14).
t		СМ	Common Terminal	Common terminal for P4, P5, P6
Input	Analog	VR	Power supply for V2	DC voltage output terminal for V2 (+12V, 10mA)
	Frequency Reference	V2	Analog Voltage Input	Set the frequency by applying DC 0~10V. Input resistor: 20 $k \Omega$
		5G	Common Terminal	Common terminal for VR and V2
put	+15V Pulse Output	LM	Load Meter	Used to monitor one of Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC link Voltage. Factory setting: Output frequency. Output voltage: 0~10V, Output current: 1mA Preset freq: 500Hz
Output		СМ	Common Terminal	Common terminal for LM
	Open Collector	Q1,Q2	Multi-Function Output (Open-Collect Output)	Used as the extended function of AXA, AXC (I/O-44) Below DC 25V, 50mA
	Output	EXTG	External Common Terminal	Common terminal for Q1, Q2.
		NC	-	Not used.

FG GND +5V +15V AOC BOC A+ A- B+ B-

Sec	tion	Terminal	Termianl name	Terminal description
	Open Collector	AOC	A Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A signal of Open Collector type encoder
Encoder	COllector	BOC	B Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B signal of Open Collector type encoder
input	Line Drive	A+	A+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A+ signal of Line Drive type encoder
signal		A-	A- Pulse Input Terminal	Connect A- signal of Line Drive type encoder
		B+	B+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B+ signal of Line Drive type encoder
		B-	B- Pulse Input Terminal	Connect B- signal of Line Drive type encoder
			(5) (DC Input Terminal	Provide +5V DC power output to encoder
			+5V DC Input Terminal	(5V DC, Minimum 0.5A)
Power supply		+15V	+15V DC Input/Output Terminal	Provide 15V DC Input/output Terminal from External Power Supply to Encoder (For Open collector type)
		GND	Common for Encoder Input/output	Common terminal connecting encoder input/output signal
Gro	uding	FG	Ground Termnal	Used to connect shield of encoder signal

7.5 Communication option boards

7.5.1 F-Net (Needed for Communcation with LG GLOFA PLC)

Open network system protocol based on IEC/ISA FleldBus

♦ Specification

- Topology : Linear Bus Topology
- Band Method : Baseband
- Protocol : Fnet Protocol
- Media Access Method : Token
- Drive link : Fiber optics
- Number of nodes : up to 64 nodes/Bus
- Max. Data transmission size : 256byte
- Baud rate : 1Mbps
- Transmission distance : 750m Max.
- Error check : CRC-16
- Encoding method : Menchester Biphase-L
- Station : 0 63 (Setting via Keypad. Dip-swich not provided)

7.5.2 Device-Net (Field bus)

♦ Features

- Topology: Linear Bus Topology
- Band Method : Baseband
- Protocol : DeviceNet Protocol
- Media Access Method : CSMA/CD-NBA
- (Carrier Sense Multiple Access / Collision Detection Nondestructive Bitwise Arbitration)
- Drive link : 5-wire Cable (Twisted Pair)
- Number of nodes: 64 nodes/Bus Max
- Max. Data transmission size : max 8 bytes(64bits)
- Data rates and Max. Cable length (thick) : 125kbps (500m/1640ft), 250kbps (250m/820ft), 500kbps (100m/328ft)

♦ Specification

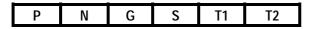
- Device type : AC Drive
- Communication control method :
 - ① Explicit Peer to Peer Messaging
 - 2 Master/Scanner (Predefined M/S Connection)
 - ③ I/O Slave Messaging : Polling Connection
- Baud rate: 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps
- Supply voltage : 11 25V
- Faulted Node Recovery
- Station: 0 63 (Setting via Keypad, Dip-swich not provided)
- Output Assembly Instance : 20, 21(100, 101 vendor specific)
- Input Assembly Instance : 70, 71(110, 111 vendor specific)
- Open Style Connector
- Interface : DPRAM
- Supports EDS files

* Refer to communication option manuals for details.

7.5.3 RS485 Communication

The serial interface supports operation, configuration and monitoring of inverter functions through RS485 connection.

1) Terminal block configuration



2) Terminal Description

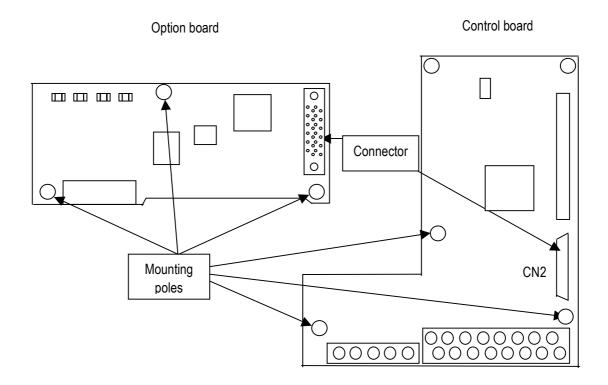
Terminal Name	Description
T1,T2	Short the terminal to connect the termination resistor on
11,12	board
S	SHEILD
G	Power grounding terminal for RS485
Р	Connect the RS485 signal - High
F	Signal input/output terminal for RS 485
N	Connect the RS485 signal - Low
IN	Reference terminal for RS 485

7.5.4 Remote cable

Ordering Number	Description
	Remote cable - 2m
	Remote cable - 3m
	Remote cable - 5m

7.5.5 Mounting the option boards

Connect the option board to Control board using Connector CN2. .

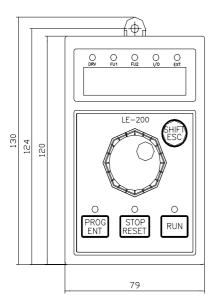


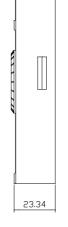
7.6 External options

7.6.1 Optional Keypads

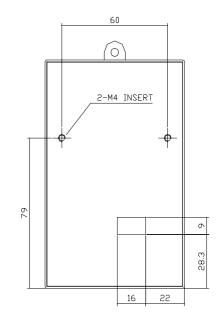
SV-iS5 inverter has two different types of keypads for your convenience.

1) 7-Segment keypad (Weight: 110g, Unit: mm)

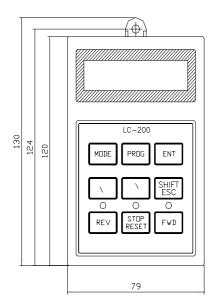


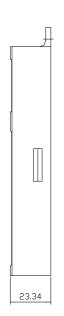


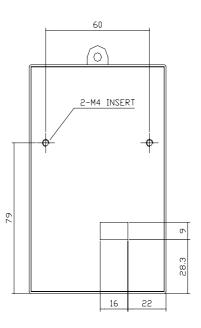
Д



2) LCD Keypad (Weight: 140g, Unit: mm)







7.6.2 DB Resistors

1) Internal DB Resistor

SV-iS5 inverters up to 3.7kW have built-in DB resistor on Power stack as factory installation. Installing the external DB resistor (Optional) kit is strongly recommended when the unit is used for continuous operation or motor rating is above 3.7kW.

Voltage	Applied motor capacity (kW/HP)	Operating rate (%ED/Continuous Braking Time)	Built in DB resistor (Braking Torque: 100%)		
	0.75 / 1	3%/ 5Sec	200 ohm, 100W		
0001/01	1.5 / 2	3% / 5 Sec	100 ohm, 100W		
200V Class	2.2/3	2% / 5 Sec	60 ohm, 100W		
	3.7 / 5	2% / 5 Sec	40 ohm, 100W		
	0.75 / 1	3% / 5 Sec	900 ohm, 100W		
400V Class	1.5 / 2	3% / 5 Sec	450 ohm, 100W		
400 V Class	2.2/3	2% / 5 Sec	300 ohm, 100W		
	3.7 / 5	2% / 5 Sec	200 ohm, 100W		

2) DB Resistor (For External Installation, Optional)

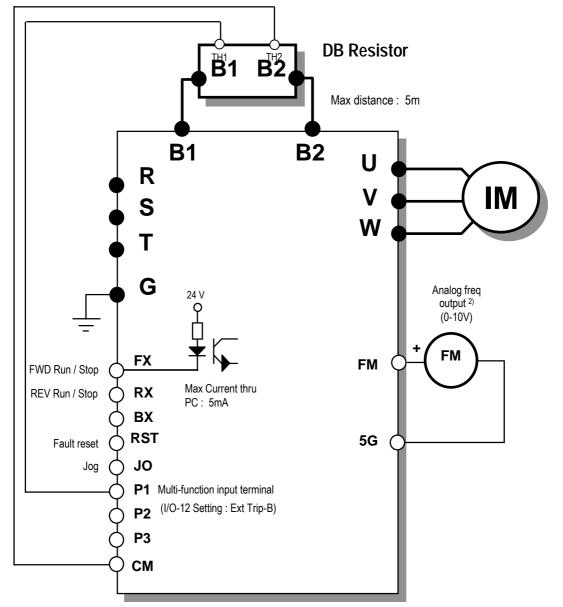
DB transistor is integrated for ratings below 7.5kW. Install the external DB resistor if necessary. However, DB transistor is not provided for the ratings above 11kW, installing both external DB unit and DB resistor are required. See the following table for more details (ED: 5%, Continuous Braking Time:15 sec). If Enable duty (%ED) is increased to 10%, use the external DB resistor having twice Wattage rating.

	Applied motor capacity	Operating rate (ED/Continuous Braking Time)	100 % Braking Torque			150% Braking Torque		
	(kW / HP)		[ohm]	[W]	Туре	[ohm]	[W]	Туре
2 0 0 V	0.75 / 1	5% / 15 Sec	200	100	TYPE 1	150	150	TYPE 1
	1.5 / 2	5% / 15 Sec	100	200	TYPE 1	60	300	TYPE 1
	2.2/3	5% / 15 Sec	60	300	TYPE 1	50	400	TYPE 1
	3.7 / 5	5% / 15 Sec	40	500	TYPE 2	33	600	TYPE 2
	5.5 / 7.5	5% / 15 Sec	30	700	TYPE 3	20	800	TYPE 3
	7.5 / 10	5% / 15 Sec	20	1000	TYPE 3	15	1200	TYPE 3
	11 / 15	5% / 15 Sec	15	1400	TYPE 3	10	2400	TYPE 3
	15 / 20	5% / 15 Sec	11	2000	TYPE 3	8	2400	TYPE 3
	18.5 / 25	5% / 15 Sec	9	2400	TYPE 3	5	3600	TYPE 3
	22 / 30	5% / 15 Sec	8	2800	TYPE 3	5	3600	TYPE 3
	0.75 / 1	5% / 15 Sec	900	100	TYPE 1	600	150	TYPE 1
	1.5 / 2	5% / 15 Sec	450	200	TYPE 1	300	300	TYPE 1
	2.2/3	5% / 15 Sec	300	300	TYPE 1	200	400	TYPE 1

	Applied motor capacity	Operating rate (ED/Continuous Braking Time)	100 % Braking Torque			150% Braking Torque		
	(kW / HP)		[ohm]	[W]	Туре	[ohm]	[W]	Туре
4 0 0 V	3.7 / 5	5% / 15 Sec	200	500	TYPE 2	130	600	TYPE 2
	5.5 / 7.5	5% / 15 Sec	120	700	TYPE 3	85	1000	TYPE 3
	7.5 / 10	5% / 15 Sec	90	1000	TYPE 3	60	1200	TYPE 3
	11 / 15	5% / 15 Sec	60	1400	TYPE 3	40	2000	TYPE 3
	15 / 20	5% / 15 Sec	45	2000	TYPE 3	30	2400	TYPE 3
	18.5 / 25	5% / 15 Sec	35	2400	TYPE 3	20	3600	TYPE 3
	22 / 30	5% / 15 Sec	30	2800	TYPE 3	20	3600	TYPE 3
	30/ 40							
	37/ 50							
	45/ 60							
	55/ 75							
	75/ 100							

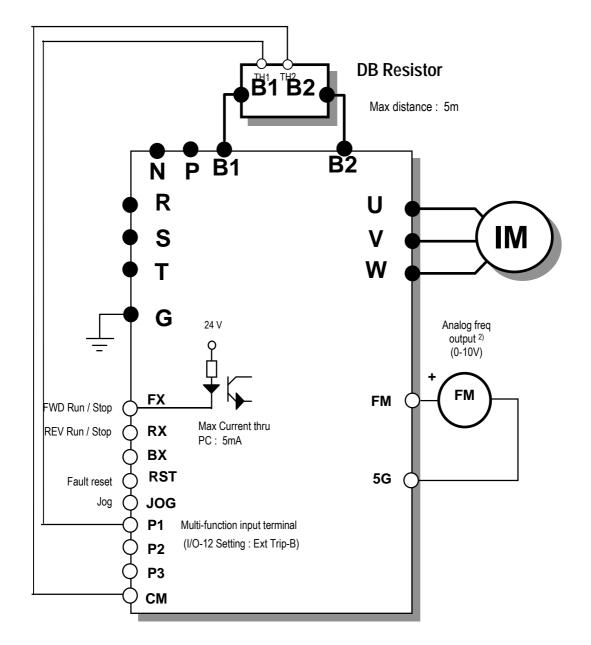
3) DB Resistor Wiring

When wiring, connect the DB Resistor as SHORT as possible.



• DB resistor wiring for 1 – 5 HP Inverter

DB resistor terminal	Terminal description			
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1,B2.			
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.			
TH1. TH2	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2			
	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function			
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).			



• DB resistor wiring for 7.5 - 10HP Inverter

DB resistor terminal	Terminal description			
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1,B2.			
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.			
	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2			
TH1, TH2	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function			
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).			

- **DB** Resistor **DB Unit B2 B2** G TH2 **Ј**_™ В1 **B1** Ν Ρ Max distance : 5m Max distance : 5m The wire should be TWISTED Short Ň **P1 P**2 R U S V Т W G Analog freq 24 V output ²⁾ (0-10V) FΜ FX FΜ FWD Run / Stop Max Current thru RX REV Run / Stop PC: 5mA BX RST 5G Fault reset Jog JO P1 Multi-function input terminal P2 (I/O-12 Setting : Ext Trip-B) **P**3 СМ
- DB Resistor/Unit wiring for 15-30 HP Inverter

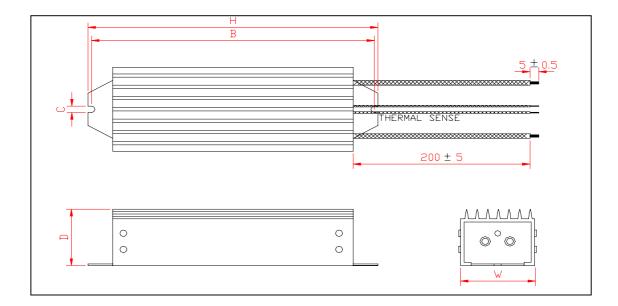
DB resistor terminal	Terminal description				
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1,B2.				
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.				
	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2				
TH1, TH2	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function				
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).				

* For DBU, refer to 7.6.3 DB Unit.

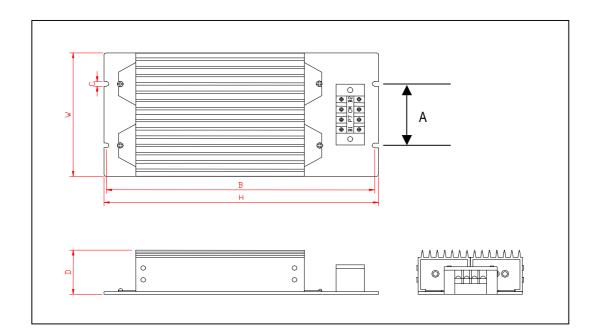
4) DB Reisistor Dimensions

DD Dejeiter	Inverter Medel	Turne	Dimensions [mm]					
DB Reisitor	Inverter Model	Туре	W	Н	D	A	В	С
BR0400W150J	SV 008IS5-2	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W060J	SV 015IS5-2	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W050J	SV 022IS5-2	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0600W033J	SV 037IS5-2	2	128	390	43	64	370	5
BR0800W020J	SV 055IS5-2	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR1200W015J	SV 075IS5-2	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR2400W010J	SV 110IS5-2	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR2400W008J	SV 150IS5-2	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR3600W005J	SV 185IS5-2	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR3600W005J	SV 220IS5-2	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR0400W600J	SV 008IS5-4	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W300J	SV 015IS5-4	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W200J	SV 022IS5-4	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0600W130J	SV 037IS5-4	2	128	390	43	64	370	5
BR1000W085J	SV 055IS5-4	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR1200W060J	SV 075IS5-4	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR2000W040J	SV 110IS5-4	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR2400W030J	SV 150IS5-4	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR3600W020J	SV 185IS5-4	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR3600W020J	SV 220IS5-4	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
	SV 300IS5-4							
	SV 370IS5-4							
	SV 450IS5-4							
	SV 550IS5-4							
	SV 750IS5-4							

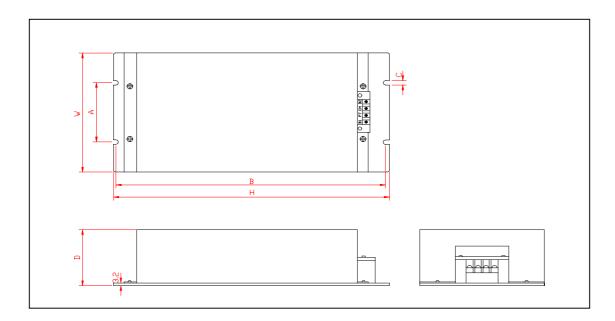
* Type 1 (Max. 400 Watt)



* Type 2 (Max. 600 Watt)



* Type 3



7.6.3 DB (Dynamic Brake) Unit

1) DBU models

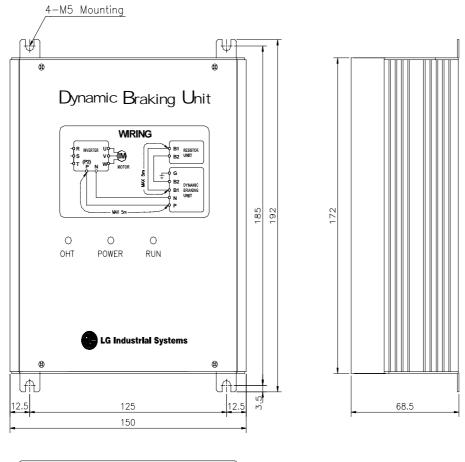
Inverter	Applicable motor rating	DB Unit	Dimension
200V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-2	
200V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-2	
400V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-4	
400V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-4	See 4) Dimension
400V	30 ~ 37 kW	SV370DBU-4U	
400V	45 ~ 55 kW	SV550DBU-4U	
400V	75 kW	SV750DBU-4U	

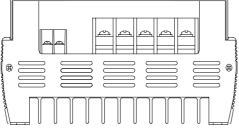
2) Terminal configuration

СМ ОН	G	B2	B1	Ν	Р

Terminal	Description			
G	Grounding terminal			
B2	Connect it to DB Resistor terminal B2			
B1	Connect it to DB Resistor terminal B1			
N	Connect it to Inverter terminal N			
Р	Connect it to Inverter terminal P			
СМ	Common for Terminal OH			
OH*	Overheat Trip Output Terminal (Open Collector output : 20mA, 27V DC)			

4) Dimension

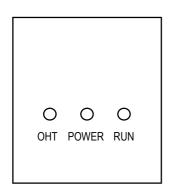




5) LED Indicator lamp description

DBU has three LED indicator lamps.

Display	Description
POWER	Power LED turns Red when input power is applied to DBU.
RUN	RUN LED is blinking while the DBU is activated by motor regenerating energy.
OHT	The unit shuts down the output and turns OHT LED ON when the heatsink is overheated in operation by its protection function.



- ▶ POWER LED (Red) : indicates input power is applied.
- ▶ RUN LED (Green) : indicates Dynamic braking is active.
- ► OHT LED (Green) : indicates Over Heat Trip occurs

7.6.4 Micro surge filter (Designed for Inverter-driven 400V Class motor)

In the PWM type inverter, a surge voltage attributable to wiring constants is generated at the motor terminals. Especially for a 400V class motor, the surge voltage may deteriorate the insulation. When the 400V class motor is driven by the inverter, consider the following measures:

Measures

It is recommended to taking either of the following measures:

1) <u>Rectifying the motor insulation</u>

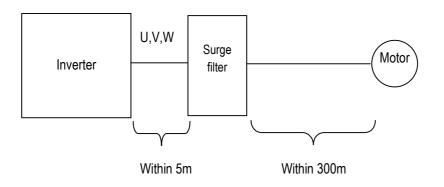
For the 400V class motor, use an insulation-rectified motor. Specifically,

- 1) Specify the "400V class inverter-driven, insulation-rectified motor".
- 2) For the dedicated motor such as the constant-torque motor and low-vibration motor, use the "inverter-driven, dedicated motor".

2) Suppressing the surge voltage on the inverter output side

On the secondary side of the inverter, connect the optional surge voltage suppression filter.

Wiring



- Caution
- ⇒ Check the Input/Output when wiring the filter.
- ⇒ Wiring distance from inverter output to filter input should not exceed 5 meter.
- \Rightarrow Wiring distance from filter to motor should not exceed 300 meter .

8.1 Fault Display

When a fault occurs, the inverter turns off its output and displays the fault status in DRV-07. The last 5 faults are saved in FU2-01 through FU2-05 with the operation status at the instance of fault.

Keypad Display		Protective	Description		
LCD	7-Segment	Function	Description		
Over Current 1	OC1	Over Current Protection	The inverter turns off its output when the output current of the inverter flows more than 200% of the inverter rated current.		
Ground Fault	GF	Ground Fault Protection	The inverter turns off its output when a ground fault occurs and the ground fault current is more than the internal setting value of the inverter. Over current trip function may protect the inverter when a ground fault occurs due to a low ground fault resistance.		
Over Voltage	ov	Over voltage protection	The inverter turns off its output if the DC voltage of the main circuit increases higher than the rated value when the motor decelerates or when regenerative energy flows back to the inverter due to a regenerative load. This fault can also occur due to a surge voltage generated at the power supply system.		
Over Load	OLT	Current Limit Protection (Overload Protection)	The inverter turns off its output if the output current of the inverter flows at 180% of the inverter rated current for more than the current limit time (S/W).		
Fuse Open	FUSE	Fuse Open	The inverter turns off its output by opening the fuse when something is wrong with the main circuit IGBT to protect the wiring from being damaged from short currents.		
Over Heat	ОН	Heat Sink Over Heat	The inverter turns off its output if the heat sink over heats due to a damaged cooling fan or an alien substance in the cooling fan by detecting the temperature of the heat sink.		
E-Thermal	ETH	Electronic Thermal	The internal electronic thermal of the inverter determines the over heating of the motor. If the motor is overloaded the inverter turns off the output. The inverter cannot protect the motor when driving a multi-pole motor or when driving multiple motors, so consider thermal relays or other thermal protective devices for each motor. Overload capacity: 150% for 1 min		
Ext Trip-A	EXTA	External fault A	Use this function if the user needs to turn off the output by an external fault signal. (Normal Open Contact)		
Ext Trip-B	EXTB	External fault B	Use this function if the user needs to turn off the output by an external fault signal. (Normal Close Contact)		
Low Voltage	LV	Low Voltage Protection	The inverter turns off its output if the DC voltage is below the detection level because insufficient torque or over heating of the motor can occurs when the input voltage of the inverter drops.		
Over Current 2	OC2	IGBT Short	The inverter turns off the output if an IGBT short through or an output short occurs.		
Out Phase Open	OPO	Output Phase open	The inverter turns off its output when the one or more of the output (U, V, W) phase is open. The inverter detects the output current to check the phase open of the output.		
BX	BX	BX Protection (Instant Cut Off)	Used for the emergency stop of the inverter. The inverter instantly turns off the output when the BX terminal is turned ON, and returns to regular operation when the BX terminal is turned OFF. Take caution when using this function.		
Over Speed	OSPD	Overspeed Protection	Inverter turns off its output when the motor runs in excess of Max. speed + 20Hz.		

Keypad Displ	Keypad Display		Description	
LCD	7-Segment	Function	Description	
Option (**)	OPT	Option Fault	Fault at the internal option of the inverter.	
HW-Diag	HW	Inverter H/W Fault	A fault signal is output when an error occurs to the control circuitry of the inverter. There are the Wdog error, the EEP error, and the ADC Offset for this fault	
COM Error CPU Error	Err	Communication Error	This fault is displayed when the inverter cannot communicate with the keypad.	
LOP LOR LOV LOI LOX	LP LR LV LI LX	Operating Method when the Frequency Reference is Lost	According to the I/O-48 [Operating Method when the Frequency Reference is Lost] setting, there are three modes: continue operation, decelerate and stop, and free run, LOP: Displayed when option frequency reference is lost (DPRAM time out) LOR: Displayed when option frequency reference is lost (Communication network fault) LOV: Displayed when 'V1' analog frequency reference is lost. LOI: Displayed when 'I' analog frequency reference is lost. LOX: Displayed when sun-board (V2, ENC) analog frequency reference is lost.	
Inv. OLT	IOLT	Inverter Overload	The inverter turns off its output when the output current of the inverter flows more than the rated level (150% for 1 minute, 200% for 0.5 seconds).	
NTC open	NTC	Thermal Sensor Opened	Inverter uses NC thermal sensor for detecting heat sink temperature. If this message is displayed, the thermal sensor wire may be cut. (Inverter keeps operating)	
MC Fail	MCF	Magnetic contactor fault	This fault is displayed when input power is not applied or M/C inside the inverter becomes faulty.	

To reset fault perform **one** of the following:

- Press **RESET** key on the keypad.
- Close RST-CM terminals.
- Cycle power to the inverter.

If a problem persists, please contact the factory or your local distributor.

8.2 Fault Remedy

Protective Function	Cause	Remedy
Over Current Protection	 Acceleration/Deceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of the load Load is larger than the inverter rating Inverter turns output on when the motor is free running. Output short or ground fault has occurred Mechanical brake of the motor is operating too fast Components of the main circuit have overheated due to a faulty cooling fan 	 Increase Accel/Decel time Increase inverter capacity. Operate after motor has stopped Check output wiring Check mechanical brake operation Check cooling fan (Caution) Operating inverter prior to correcting fault may damage the IGBT
Ground Current Protection	 Ground fault has occurred at the output wiring of inverter. The insulation of the motor is damaged due to heat. 	 Investigate the output wiring of inverter Exchange motor
	 Acceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of load Regenerative load at the output Line voltage high 	 Increase deceleration time Use regenerative resistor option Check line voltage
	 Load is larger than the inverter rating Selected incorrect inverter capacity Set incorrect V/F pattern 	 Increase capacity of motor and inverter Select correct inverter capacity Select correct V/F pattern
Fuse Damage	 Damage due to repeated over current protection Damage due to instant deceleration when motor is at an excessive excitation status. 	Exchange the fuse (Caution) The IGBT receives damages on many occasions when Fuse Open Trip occurs
Heat Sink Overheat	 Cooling fan damaged or an alien substance inserted Cooling system has faults Ambient temperature high 	 Exchange cooling fans and/or eliminate alien substance Check for alien substances in the heat sink Keep ambient temperature under 40 °C
Electronic	 Motor has overheated Load is larger than inverter rating ETH level too low Selected incorrect inverter capacity Set incorrect V/F pattern Operated too long at low speeds 	 Reduce load and/or running duty Increase inverter capacity Adjust ETH level to an appropriate level Select correct inverter capacity Select correct V/F pattern Install a cooling fan with a separate power supply
Ext Trip-A	External fault has occurred	Eliminate fault at circuit connected to external fault terminal or cause of external fault input
Ext Trip-B	External fault has occurred	Eliminate fault at circuit connected to external fault terminal or cause of external fault input
Protection	 Line voltage low Load larger than line capacity is connected to line (welding machine, motor with high starting current connected to the commercial line) Faulty magnetic switch at the input side of the inverter 	 Check line voltage Increase line capacity Exchange magnetic switch
Over Current 2	 Short has occurred between the upper and lower IGBT. Short has occurred at the output of the inverter Acceleration/Deceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of load 	 Check IGBT Check output wiring of inverter Increase acceleration time
Output Phase	1) Faulty contact of magnetic switch at output	 Check magnetic switch at output of inverter Check output wiring

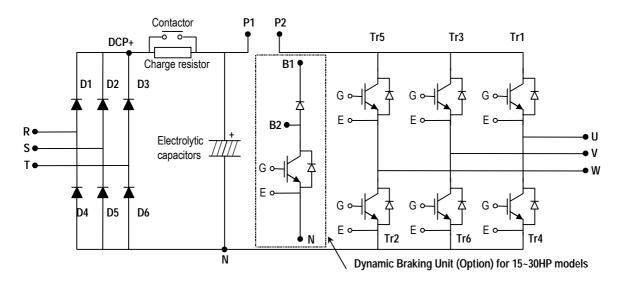
Protective Function	Cause	Remedy
	2) Incorrect encoder parameter setting3) Sub-B board or Encoder fault	correctly. 2) Check parameters of EXT-14,15,16 are set correctly. 3) Replace the faulty Sub-B board or Encoder to a new one.
Option Fault	Faulty option connector connection	Check option connection.
H/W Fault	 Wdog error (CPU fault) EEP error (memory fault) ADC Offset (current feedback circuit fault) 	Replace inverter
Communication	1) Faulty connection between inverter and keypad	1) Check connector
Fault	2) Inverter CPU malfunction	2) Replace inverter
Operating	LOP (Loss of reference from the Option),	Eliminate cause of fault
Method when the	LOR (Remote)	
Speed	LOV (V1),	
Reference is	LOI (I),	
Lost	LOX (Sub-V2, ENC)	
Inverter	1) Load is larger than inverter rating	1) Increase motor and/or inverter capacity
Overload	2) Selected incorrect inverter capacity	2) Select correct inverter capacity
Magnetic	1) Damaged M/C operation detection contact	1) Check M/C operation detection contact is working properly.
contactor fault	2) M/C malfunction	2) Check M/C is working properly. Replace it, if needed.

8.3 Troubleshooting

Condition	Check Point
The Motor Does Not Rotate	 Main circuit inspection: Is the input (line) voltage normal? (Is the LED in the inverter is lit?) Is the motor connected correctly? Input signal inspection: Check the operating signal input to the inverter. Check the forward and the reverse signal input simultaneously to the inverter? Check the command frequency signal input to the inverter. Parameter setting inspection: Is the reverse prevention (FU1-03) function set? Is the operation mode (FU1-01) set correctly? Is the command frequency set to 0? Load inspection: Is the load too large or is the motor jammed? (Mechanical brake) Other: Is the alarm displayed on the keypad or is the alarm LED lit? (STOP LED blinks)
The Motor Rotates in Opposite Directions	 Is the phase sequence of the output terminal U, V, W correct? Is the starting signal (forward/reverse) connected correctly?
The Difference Between the Rotating Speed and the Reference is Too Large	 Is the frequency reference signal correct? (Check the level of the input signal) Is the following parameter setting is correct? Lower Limit Frequency (FU1-24), Upper Limit Frequency (FU1-25), Analog Frequency Gain (I/O-1~10) Is the input signal line influenced by external noise? (Use a shielded wire)
The Inverter Does Not Accelerate or Decelerate Smoothly	 Is the acceleration/deceleration time is set too short a period of time? Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost (FU1-27, 28) value is too high that the current limit function and the stall prevention function do not operate?
The Motor Current is Too High	Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost Value (manual) too high?
The Rotating Speed Does Not Increase	 Is the Upper Limit Frequency (FU1-25) value correct? Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost (FU1-27, 28) value too high that the stall prevention function (FU1-59, 60) does not operate?
The Rotating Speed Oscillates When the Inverter is Operating.	 Load inspection: Is the load oscillating? Input signal inspection: Is the frequency reference signal oscillating? Other: Is the wiring too long when the inverter is using V/F control? (over 500m)

8.4 How to Check Power Components

Before checking the power components, be sure to disconnect AC Input supply and wait until the Main Electrolytic Capacitors (DCP-DCN) is discharged.



- 1) Disconnect the power input line (R, S, T) and the inverter output to the motor (U, V, W).
- 2) Verify whether the inverter terminal R, S, T, U, V, W, B1 (or P/L1), N is shorted or open by changing the polarity of the tester.
- 3) Verify capacitor has discharged before testing.
- 4) The tester should display several mega-ohms when open. The tester can display terminal is shorted for a short time and then display several mega-ohms because of the electrolytic capacitor. The tester should display x $\Omega \sim xx \Omega$ when terminal is shorted. If all measured values are about the same, individual modules are OK.
- 4) Diode module and IGBT module checking points:

Flor	Elements		olarity	Measured	Element	Test P	Measured	
Elen	nems	+	-	Value	Element	+	-	Value
	D1	R	DCP+	Short	D4	R	Ν	Open
	DI	DCP+	R	Open	D4	Ν	R	Short
Diode	۲ <u>ח</u>	S	DCP+	Short	D5	S	Ν	Open
Module	D2	DCP+	S	Open	05	Ν	S	Short
	D3	Т	DCP+	Short	D6	Т	Ν	Open
		DCP+	Т	Open		Ν	Т	Short
	Tr1	U	B1	Short	Tr4	U	Ν	Open
	111	B1	U	Open	114	Ν	U	Short
IGBT	T-2	V	B1	Short	т.с	V	Ν	Open
Module	Tr3	B1	V	Open	Tr6	Ν	V	Short
	Tr5	W	B1	Short	Tr2	W	Ν	Open
	CII	B1	W	Open	112	Ν	W	Short

8.5 Maintenance

The iS5 series is an industrial electronic product with advanced semiconductor elements. However, temperature, humidity, vibration and aging parts may still affect it. To avoid this, it is recommended to perform routine inspections.

8.5.1 Precautions

- Be sure to remove the drive power input while performing maintenance.
- Be sure to perform maintenance only after checking that the bus has discharged. The bus capacitors in the electronic circuit can still be charged even after the power is turned off.
- The correct output voltage can only be measured by using a rectifier voltage meter. Other voltage meters, including digital voltage meters, are likely to display incorrect values caused by the high frequency PWM output voltage of the drive.

8.5.2 Routine Inspection

Be sure to check the following before operation:

- The conditions of the installation location
- The conditions of the drive cooling
- Abnormal vibration
- Abnormal heating

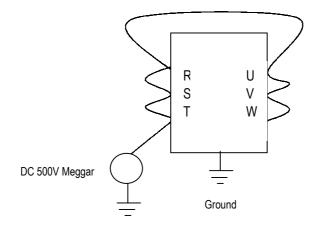
8.5.3 Periodical Inspection

- Are there any loose bolt, nut or rust caused by surrounding conditions? If so, tighten them up or replace them.
- Are there any deposits inside the drive-cooling fan? If so, remove using air.
- Are there any deposits on the drive's PCB (Printed Circuit Boards)? If so, remove using air.
- Are there any abnormalities in the various connectors of the drive's PCB? If so, check the condition of the connector in question.
- Check the rotating condition of the cooling fan, the size and condition of the capacitors and the connections with the magnetic contactor. Replace them if there are any abnormalities.

8.5.4 Meggar Test

For Exterior main circuit, remove all cables from inverter terminals to ensure that test voltage is not applied to the inverter. Use DC 500V meggar and isolate the main power before starting measurement. If the test voltage is connected to the control circuit, remove all connection cables to the control circuit. Perform the Meggar test only between the common cables connected to the main circuit and ground.

Do not perform Dielectric Voltage Withstand test to Inverter. Otherwise, IGBT inside Inverter will be damaged.





8.5.5 Parts Replacements

The life expectancy of a part depends on the type of part, the environment, and operating conditions. Parts should be replaced as shown below. When the internal fuse is opened the IGBT should be checked thoroughly before replacing the fuse. Contact the factory for fuse replacement information.

Part name	Standard period for replacement	Comments
Cooling fan	2~3 years	Exchange for a new part
Smoothing capacitor	5 years	Exchange for a new part
Other parts	-	Determine after checking

8.6 Daily and Periodic Inspection Items

5 -	Ę			Period				
Inspection Location	Inspection Item	Inspection	Daily	1 year	2 year	Inspection Method	Criterion	Measuring Instrument
All	Ambient Environ- ment	Is there any dust? Is the ambient temperature and humidity adequate?	0			Refer to the precautions	Temperature: -10~+40 no freezing. Humidity: Under 50% no dew	Thermometer, Hygrometer, Recorder
	Equipment	Is there any abnormal oscillation or noise	0			Use sight and hearing	No abnormality	
	Input Voltage	Is the input voltage of the main circuit normal	0			Measure the voltage between the terminals R, S, T		Digital Multi- Meter/Tester
	All	Megger check (between the main circuit and the ground) Are any fixed parts removed? Are there any traces of overheating at each component's cleaning?		0 0 0	0	Undo the inverter connections short the terminals R, S, T, U, V, W and measure between these parts and the ground. Tighten the screws. Visual check.	Over 5MΩ No fault	DC 500V class Megger
	Conductor/ Wire	Is the conductor rusty? Is the wire coating damaged?		0 0		Visual check	No fault	
	Terminal	Is there any damage?	-	0		Visual check	No fault	
Main Circuit	IGBT Module /Diode Module	Check the resistance between each of the terminals.			0	Undo the inverter connection and measure the resistance between R, S, $T \Leftrightarrow P, N$ and U, V, W $\Leftrightarrow P, N$ with a tester.	(Refer 'How to Check Power Components")	Digital Multi- Meter/Analog Tester
Main	Smoothing Capacitor	Is there any liquid coming out? Is the safety pin out, and is there any swelling? Measure the capacitance.	0	0		Visual check. Measure with a capacitance- measuring device.	No fault Over 85% of the rated capacity	Capacitance Measuring Device
	Relay	Is there any chattering noise during operation? Is there any damage to the contact		0		Auditory check. Visual check.	No fault	
	Resistor	Is there any damage to the resistor insulation? Is the wiring in the resistor damaged (open)?		0		Visual check. Disconnect one of the connections and measure with a tester.	No fault Error must be within ± 10% the displayed resistance	Digital Multi- Meter/Analog Tester
Control Circuit Protective Circuit	Operation Check	Is there any unbalance between each phases of the output voltage? Nothing must be wrong with display circuit after executing the sequence protective operation		0		Measure the voltage between the output terminals U, V and W. Short and open the inverter protective circuit output.	The voltage balance between the phases for 200V (800V) class is under 4V (8V). The fault circuit operates according to the sequence.	Digital Multi- Meter/Rectifying Voltmeter
Cooling System	Cooling Fan	Is there any abnormal oscillation or noise? Is the connection area loose?	0	0		Turn OFF the power and turn the fan by hand. Tighten the connections.	Must rotate smoothly. No fault	
Display	Meter	Is the displayed value correct?	0	0		Check the meter reading at the exterior of the panel	Check the specified and management values.	Voltmeter/ Ammeter etc.
or	All	Are there any abnormal vibrations or noise? Is there any unusual odor?	0 0			Auditory, sensory, visual check. Check for overheat and damage.	No fault	
Motor	Insulation Resistor	Megger check (between the output terminals and the ground terminal)			0	Undo the U, V and W connections and tie the motor wiring.	Over 5MΩ	500V class Megger

Note: Values in () is for the 400V class inverters.

APPENDIX A - FUNCTIONS BASED ON USE

Set the function properly according to the load and operating conditions. Application and related functions are listed in the following table.

Use	Related Parameter Code
Accel/Decel Time, Pattern Adjustment	DRV-01 [Acceleration Time], DRV-02 [Deceleration Time],
	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Reverse Rotation Prevention	FU1-03 [Forward, Reverse Prevention]
Minimum Accel/Decel Time	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Accel/Decel at Continuous Rating Range	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Braking Operation Adjustment	FU1-07 [Stop Method], FU1-08~11 [DC Braking],
	FU1-12~13 [DC braking at start]
	FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency],
Operations for Frequencies Over 60 Hz	FU1-25 [Frequency Upper Limit],
	I/O-05 [Frequency Corresponding to Max. Voltage of V1],
	I/O-10 [Frequency Corresponding to Max. Current of I]
Selecting an Appropriate Output	FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency],
Characteristics for the Load	FU1-21 [Base Frequency]
	FU1-22 [Starting Frequency],
Motor Output Torque Adjustment	FU1-26~28 [Torque Boost],
	FU1-59~60 [Stall Prevention],
	FU2-30 [Rated Motor]
Output Frequency Limit	FU1-23~25 [Frequency Upper/Lower Limit],
	I/O-01~10 [Analog Frequency Setting]
Motor Overheat Protection	FU1-50~53 [Electronic Thermal], FU2-30 [Rated Motor]
	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi Function Input Terminals],
Multi Step Operation	I/O-20~27 [Jog, Multi Step Frequency],
	FU1-23~25 [Frequency Upper/Lower Limit]
Jog Operation	I/O-20 [Jog Frequency]
Frequency Jump Operation	FU2-10~16 [Frequency Jump]
Timing the Electronic Brake Operation	I/O-42~43 [Frequency Detection Level],
	I/O-44 [Multi Function Output]
Displaying the Rotating Speed	DRV-04 [Motor Speed],
	FU2-74 [Motor RPM Display Gain]
Function Alteration Prevention	FU2-94 [Parameter Lock]
Energy Saving	FU1-39 [Energy Saving]
Auto Restart Operation After Alarm Stop	FU2-27~28 [Auto Retry]
2 nd Motor Operation	FU2-81~90 [2 nd Function]
PID Feedback Operation	FU2-50~54 [PID Operation]
Frequency Reference Signal and Output	I/O-01~10 [Analog Frequency Setting]
Adjusting	
Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals]
Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals	I/O-44 [Multi Function Auxiliary Contact Output Setting]
Commercial Line ⇔ inverter Switchover	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals],
Operation	I/O-44 [Multi-Function Auxiliary Contact Output Setting]
Frequency Meter Calibration	I/O-40~41 [FM Output]
	I/O-46 [Inverter No.],
Operate by Communicating with a Computer	I/O-47 [communication Speed],
	I/O-48~49 [Loss of Reference]

APPENDIX B - PARAMETERS BASED ON APPLICATION

Application	Parameter Code
DRV Group	
When you want to change the frequency setting	DRV-00
When you want to change the acceleration and deceleration time of the motor	DRV-01, DRV-02
When you want to change the run/stop method	DRV-03
When you want to change the frequency reference source	DRV-04
When you want to set the multi-function	DRV-005 ~ 07
When you want to see the output current, motor speed and the DC link voltage of inverter	DRV-08 ~ 10
When you want to see the output voltage, output power, output torque from the user display	DRV-11
When you want to check the fault of the inverter	DRV-12
FU1 Group	
When you want to use the Jump Code	FU1-00
When you want to prevent the motor from rotating at opposite directions	FU1-03
When you want to select the acceleration and deceleration pattern suitable for your application	FU1-05 ~ 06
When you want to change the stopping method	FU1-07
When you want to change the stopping accuracy for steady stop	FU1-08 ~ 11
When DC injection braking is required before starting	FU1-12 ~ 13
When you want to set the maximum frequency and the base frequency according to the rated torque of the	FU1-20 ~ 21
motor	
When you want to adjust the starting frequency	FU1-22
When you want to limit the mechanical rotating speed to a fixed value	FU1-23 ~ 25
When a large starting torque is needed for loads such as elevators (Manual/Auto Torque Boost)	FU1-26 ~ 28
When you want to select an appropriate output characteristic (V/F characteristic) according to loads	FU1-29
When you want to se up your own V/F pattern	FU1-30 ~ 37
When you want to adjust the output voltage of the inverter	FU1-38
When you want to use the energy saving function	FU1-39
When you want to protect the motor from overheating	FU1-50 ~ 53
When you want to output a signal when the overload condition lasts more than a fixed amount of time	FU1-54 ~ 55
When you want to cut off the output when the overload condition lasts more than a fixed amount of time	FU1-56 ~ 58
When you want to set the stall prevention function	FU1-59 ~ 60
FU2 Group	
When you want to check the fault history of the inverter	FU2-01 ~ 06
When you want to use dwell function	FU2-07 ~ 08
When you want to prevent the resonance from the oscillating characteristics of a machine	FU2-10 ~ 16
When you want to protect inverter from input/output phase loss	FU2-19
When you want to start the inverter as soon as the power is turned ON	FU2-20
When you want to restart the inverter by resetting the fault when a fault occur	FU2-21
When you want to use the instant power failure restart function (Speed Search)	FU2-22 ~ 25
When you want to use the retry function	FU2-26 ~ 27
When you want to enter the motor constants	FU2-30 ~ 37
When you want to reduce noise or leakage current by changing the PWM carrier frequency	FU2-39
When you want to change the control method (V/F, slip compensation, PID, or sensorless operation)	FU2-40

Application	Parameter Code
When you want to use the auto tuning function	FU2-41 ~ 44
When you want to operate using PID feedback	FU2-50 ~ 54
When you want to change the reference frequency for acceleration and deceleration	FU2-70
When you want to change the acceleration and deceleration time scale	FU2-71
When you want to set the initial keypad display that is displayed when the power is turned ON	FU2-72
When you want to set the user defined display	FU2-73
When you want to adjust the gain for the motor RPM display	FU2-74
When you want to set the dynamic braking (DB) resistor mode	FU2-75 ~ 76
When you want to verify the inverter software version	FU2-79
When you want to change the connection from one motor to the other motor which use difference parameters	FU2-81 ~ 90
When you want to copy the inverter parameter to another inverter	FU2-91 ~ 92
When you want to initialize the parameters	FU2-93
When you want to prevent the parameters from being changed	FU2-94
I/O Group	
When you want to set the analog voltage or current for the frequency reference	I/O-01 ~ 10
When you want to set the operating method when the frequency reference is lost	I/O-11
When you want to change the functions for the input terminals P1, P2, and P3	I/O-12 ~ 14
When you want to check the status of the input/output terminals	I/O-15 ~ 16
When you want to change the response time of the input terminals	I/O-17
When you want to use the JOG and multi step speed operation	I/O-20 ~ 24
When you want to change the 1 st ~ 7 th acceleration/deceleration time	I/O-25 ~ 38
When you want to use the FM meter terminal output	I/O-40 ~ 41
When you want to set the frequency detection level	I/O-42 ~ 43
When you want to change the functions of the multi function auxiliary contact output (AXA-AXC)	I/O-44
When you want to exchange the motor to commercial power line from inverter or the opposite	I/O-44
When you want to use the fault relay (30A, 30B, 30C) functions	I/O-45
When you want to use RS232/485 communication	I/O-46 ~ 47
When you want to set the operating method when the frequency reference is lost	I/O-48 ~ 49
When you want to use the auto (sequence) operation	I/O-50 ~ 84
EXT Group (When a Sub-board and/or an option board is installed)	
When you want to define the functions for the input terminals P4, P5, P6 (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-02 ~ 04
When you want to use the analog voltage (V2) input (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-05 ~ 10
When you want to use the encoder pulse for feedback to control the motor speed, or use the pulse input for frequency reference (SUB-B)	EXT-14 ~ 24
When you want to change the functions of the output terminals Q1, Q2, Q3 (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-30 ~ 32
When you want to use the LM meter terminal output (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-34 ~ 35
When you want to use the analog outputs (AM1, AM2 terminals)	EXT-40 ~ 43

APPENDIX C - PERIPHERAL DEVICES

Inverter	Motor		Magnetic	Wir	re, mm² (AV	VG)	AC Innut		
Models	[HP]	MCCB, ELB (LG)	Contactor (LG)	R, S, T	U, V, W	Ground	AC Input Fuse	AC Reactor	DC Reactor
SV008iS5-2	1	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-10P	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	10 A	2.13 mH, 5.7 A	7.00 mH, 5.4 A
SV015iS5-2	2	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-10P	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	15 A	1.20 mH, 10 A	4.05 mH, 9.2 A
SV022iS5-2	3	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-15P	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	25 A	0.88 mH, 14 A	2.92 mH, 13 A
SV037iS5-2	5	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-20P	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	40 A	0.56 mH, 20 A	1.98 mH, 19 A
SV055iS5-2	7.5	ABS53a, EBS53	SMC-25P	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	40 A	0.39 mH, 30 A	1.37 mH, 29 A
SV075iS5-2	10	ABS63a, EBS63	SMC-35P	8 (8)	8 (8)	5.5 (10)	50 A	0.28 mH, 40 A	1.05 mH, 38 A
SV110iS5-2	15	ABS103a, EBS103	SMC-50P	14 (6)	14 (6)	14 (6)	70 A	0.20 mH, 59 A	0.74 mH, 56 A
SV150iS5-2	20	ABS103a, EBS103	SMC-65P	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)	100 A	0.15 mH, 75 A	0.57 mH, 71 A
SV185iS5-2	25	ABS203a, EBS203	SMC-80P	30 (3)	30 (3)	22 (4)	100 A	0.12 mH, 96 A	0.49 mH, 91 A
SV220iS5-2	30	ABS203a, EBS203	SMC-100P	38(2)	30 (3)	22 (4)	125 A	0.10 mH, 112 A	0.42 mH, 107 A
SV008iS5-4	1	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-10P	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	6 A	8.63 mH, 2.8 A	28.62 mH, 2.7 A
SV015iS5-4	2	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-10P	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	10 A	4.81 mH, 4.8 A	16.14 mH, 4.6 A
SV022iS5-4	3	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-20P	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	10 A	3.23 mH, 7.5 A	11.66 mH, 7.1 A
SV037iS5-4	5	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-20P	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	20 A	2.34 mH, 10 A	7.83 mH, 10 A
SV055iS5-4	7.5	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-20P	3.5 (12)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	20 A	1.22 mH, 15 A	5.34 mH, 14 A
SV075iS5-4	10	ABS33a, EBS33	SMC-20P	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	30 A	1.14 mH, 20 A	4.04 mH, 19 A
SV110iS5-4	15	ABS53a, EBS53	SMC-20P	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	8 (8)	35 A	0.81 mH, 30 A	2.76 mH, 29 A
SV150iS5-4	20	ABS63a, EBS63	SMC-25P	14 (6)	8 (8)	8 (8)	45 A	0.61 mH, 38 A	2.18 mH, 36 A
SV185iS5-4	25	ABS103a, EBS103	SMC-35P	14 (6)	8 (8)	14 (6)	60 A	0.45 mH, 50 A	1.79 mH, 48 A
SV220iS5-4	30	ABS103a, EBS103	SMC-50P	22 (4)	14 (6)	14 (6)	70 A	0.39 mH, 58 A	1.54 mH, 55 A
SV300iS5-4	40	ABS103a, EBS103	GMC-65	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)		0.287mH, 80A	1.191mH, 76A
SV370iS5-4	50	ABS103a, EBS103	GMC-85	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)		0.232mH, 98A	0.975mH, 93A
SV450iS5-4	60	ABS103a, EBS103	GMC-100	38(2)	38(2)	22 (4)		0.195mH, 118A	0.886mH, 112A
SV550iS5-4	75	ABS103a, EBS103	GMC-125	38(2)	38(2)	22 (4)		0.157mH, 142A	0.753mH, 135A
SV750iS5-4	100	ABS103a, EBS103	GMC-150	60(2/0)	60(2/0)	22 (4)		0.122mH, 196A	0.436mH, 187A

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Council Directive(s) to which conformity is declared:

CD 73/23/EEC and CD 89/336/EEC
EN50178 (1997)
EN 50081-2 (1993)
EN 55011 (1994)
EN 50082-2 (1995)
EN 61000-4-2 (1995)
ENV 50140 (1993) & ENV 50204 (1995)
EN 61000-4-4 (1995)
ENV 50141 (1993)
EN 61000-4-8 (1993)
Inverter (Power Conversion Equipment)
SV - iS5 Series
LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.
LG International (Deutschland) GmbH
Lyoner Strasse 15,
60528, Frankfurt am Main,
Germany
LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.
181, Samsung-Ri, Mokchon-Myon, Chonan-Si,
330-845, Chungnam,

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that equipment specified above conforms to the Directives and Standards mentioned.

Place: Frankfurt am Main Germany

1. S. Jang 20/03/01 (Signature / Date)

Mr. Ik-Seong Yang / Dept. Manager (Full name / Position) Choan-Si, Chungnam,

Korea

Synke Sun, Kwon (Signature / Date) 02/04/01

Mr. Hyuk-Sun Kwon / General Manager (Full name / Position)



TECHNICAL STANDARDS APPLIED

The standards applied in order to comply with the essential requirements of the Directives 73/23/CEE "Electrical material intended to be used with certain limits of voltage" and 89/336/CEE "Electromagnetic Compatibility" are the following ones:

• EN 50178 (1997)	"Safety of information technology equipment".
• EN 50081-2 (1993)	"Electromagnetic compatibility. Generic emission standard. Part 2: Industrial environment."
• EN 55011 (1994)	"Limits and methods of measurements of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio frequency equipment."
• EN 50082-2 (1995)	"Electromagnetic compatibility. Generic immunity standard. Part 2: Industrial environment."
• EN 61000-4-2 (1995)	"Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 2: Electrostatic discharge immunity test. Basic EMC Publication (IEC 1000-4-2: 1995)."
• ENV 50140 (1993)	"Electromagnetic compatibility - Basic immunity standard - Radiated radio- frequency electro magnetic field - Immunity test."
• ENV 50204 (1995)	"Radio electromagnetic field from digital radio telephones."
• EN 61000-4-4 (1995)	"Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 4: Electrical fast transients / burst immunity test. Basic EMC Publication (IEC 1000-4-4: 1995)."
• ENV 50141 (1993)	"Electromagnetic compatibility. Basic immunity standard. Conducted disturbances induced by radio-frequency fields."
• EN 61000-4-8 (1993)	"Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques. Section 8: Power frequency magnetic field immunity test - Basic EMC Publication (IEC 1000-4-8: 1993)."



RFI FILTERS

THE L.G. RANGE OF POWER LINE FILTERS <u>FF (Footprint) – FE (Standard)</u> SERIES, HAVE BEEN SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED WITH HIGH FREQUENCY <u>LG INVERTERS</u>, THE USE L.G. FILTERS, WITH THE INSTALLATION ADVICE OVERLEAF HELP TO ENSURE TROUBLE FREE USE ALONG SIDE SENSITIVE DEVICES AND COMPLIANCE TO CONDUCTED EMISSION AND IMMUNITY STANDARDS TO EN50081

CAUTION

IN CASE OF A LEAKAGE CURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES IS USED ON POWER SUPPLY, IT MAY BE FAULT AT POWER-ON OR OFF. IN AVOID THIS CASE, THE SENSE CURRENT OF PROTECTIVE DEVICE SHOULD BE LARGER THAN VALUE OF LAKAGE CURRENT AT WORST CASE IN THE BELOW TABLE.

RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

To conform to the EMC directive, it is necessary that these instructions be followed as closely as possible. Follow the usual safety procedures when working with electrical equipment. All electrical connections to the filter, inverter and motor must be made by a qualified electrical technician.

1-) Check the filter rating label to ensure that the current, voltage rating and part number are correct.

2-) For best results the filter should be fitted as closely as possible to the incoming mains supply of the wiring enclosure, usually directly after the enclosures circuit breaker or supply switch.

3-) The back panel of the wiring cabinet of board should be prepared for the mounting dimensions of the filter. Care should be taken to remove any paint etc... from the mounting holes and face area of the panel to ensure the best possible earthing of the filter.

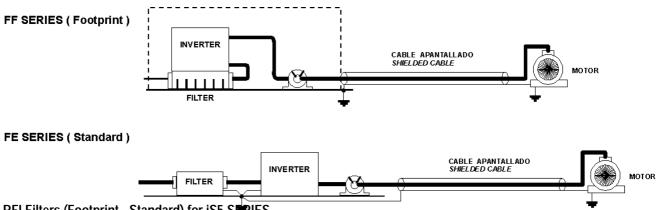
4-) Mount the filter securely.

5-) Connect the mains supply to the filter terminals marked LINE, connect any earth cables to the earth stud provided. Connect the filter terminals marked LOAD to the mains input of the inverter using short lengths of appropriate gauge cable.

6-) Connect the motor and fit the <u>ferrite core</u> (output chokes) as close to the inverter as possible. Armoured or screened cable should be used with the 3 phase conductors only threaded twice through the center of the ferrite core. The earth conductor should be securely earthed at both inverter and motor ends. The screen should be connected to the enclosure body via and earthed cable gland.

7-) Connect any control cables as instructed in the inverter instructions manual.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ALL LEAD LENGHTS ARE KEPT AS SHORT AS POSSIBLE AND THAT INCOMING MAINS AND OUTGOING MOTOR CABLES ARE KEPT WELL SEPARATED.



RFI Filters (Footprint - Standard) for iS5 SERIES





iS5 series	/	Filtros Footp	orint /	Footprint	Filters					
VARIADOR INVERTER	pot. <i>Power</i>	CODIGO <i>CODE</i>	INTENS. CURRENT	TENSION VOLTAGE	CORRIENTE DE FUGAS <i>LEAKAGE</i> <i>CURRENT</i>	DIMENSIONES DIMENSIONS L W H	Montaje <i>Mounting</i> Y X	PESO WEIGHT	TORNILLOS DE FIJACION <i>MOUNT</i>	CHOQUES DE SALIDA OUTPUT CHOKES
TRIFASICOS T	HREE PH	ASE			Nom. Max.					
SV008iS5-2 SV015iS5-2	0.8kW 1.5kW	FFS5-T012-(x)	12A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	329 x 149.5 x 50	315 x 120		M5	FS – 2
SV022iS5-2 SV037iS5-2	2.2kW 3.7kW	FFS5-T020-(x)	20A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	329 x 149.5 x 50	315 x 120		M5	FS – 2
SV055iS5-2	5.5kW	FFS5-T030-(x)	30A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	415 x 199.5 x 60	401 x 160		M5	FS – 2
SV075iS5-2	7.5kW	FFS5-T050-(x)	50A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	415 x 199.5 x 60	401 x 160		M5	FS – 2
SV110iS5-2 SV150iS5-2	11kW 15kW		100A	250VAC	0.3A 18A					FS – 3
SV185iS5-2	18kW		120A	250VAC	0.3A 18A					FS – 3
SV220iS5-2 SV008iS5-4	22kW 0.8kW	FFS5-T006-(x)	6A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	329 x 149.5 x 50	315 x 120		M5	FS – 1
SV015iS5-4	1.5kW	11 33-1000-(A)	07	300070	0.57 217	529 X 149.5 X 50	313 X 120		INIO	F3 - T
SV022iS5-4	2.2kW	FFS5-T012-(x)	12A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	329 x 149.5 x 50	315 x 120		M5	FS – 2
SV037iS5-4	3.7kW	11 33 1012 (X)	12/1	0007710	0.0/1 2//1	020 X 140.0 X 00	010 x 120		inio	13 2
SV055iS5-4 SV075iS5-4	5.5kW 7.5kW	FFS5-T030-(x)	30A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	415 x 199.5 x 60	401 x 160		M5	FS – 2
SV110iS5-4	11kW	FFS5-T051-(x)	51A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	466 x 258 x 65	440.5 x 181		M8	FS – 2
SV150iS5-4 SV185iS5-4	15kW 18kW	FFS5-T060-(x)	60A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	541 x 332 x 65	515.5 x 255		M8	FS – 2
SV220iS5-4	22kW	FFS5-T070-(x)	70A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	541 x 332 x 65	515.5 x 255		M8	FS – 2

iS5 series	1	Filtros Estár	ndar /	Standard	Filters					
VARIADOR INVERTER	POT. POWER	CODIGO <i>CODE</i>	INTENS. <i>CURRENT</i>	TENSION VOLTAGE	CORRIENTE DE FUGAS LEAKAGE CURRENT	DIMENSIONES DIMENSIONS L W H	Montaje <i>Mounting</i> Y X	PESO WEIGHT	TORNILLOS DE FIJACION <i>MOUNT</i>	CHOQUES DE SALIDA OUTPUT CHOKES
TRIFASICOS TI	HREE PH	ASE			NOM. MAX.					
SV008iS5-2 SV015iS5-2	0.8kW 1.5kW	FE-T012-(x)	12A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	250 x 110 x 60	238 x 76			FS – 2
SV022iS5-2 SV037iS5-2	2.2kW 3.7kW	FE-T020-(x)	20A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	270 x 140 x 60	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV055iS5-2	5.5kW	FE-T030-(x)	30A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	270 x 140 x 60	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV075iS5-2	7.5kW	FE-T050-(x)	50A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	270 x 140 x 90	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV110iS5-2 SV150iS5-2	11kW 15kW	FE-T100-(x)	100A	250VAC	0.3A 18A	420 x 200 x 130	408 x 166			FS – 3
SV185iS5-2 SV220iS5-2	18kW 22kW	FE-T120-(x)	120A	250VAC	1.3A 180A	420 x 200 x 130	408 x 166			FS – 3
SV008iS5-4 SV015iS5-4	0.8kW 1.5kW	FE-T006-(x)	6A	380 VAC	0.5A 27A	250 x 110 x 60	238 x 76			FS – 2
SV022iS5-4 SV037iS5-4	2.2kW 3.7kW	FE-T012-(x)	12A	380 VAC	0.5A 27A	250 x 110 x 60	238 x 76			FS – 2
SV055iS5-4 SV075iS5-4	5.5kW 7.5kW	FE-T030-(x)	30A	380 VAC	0.5A 27A	270 x 140 x 60	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV110iS5-4 SV150iS5-4	11kW 15kW	FE-T050-(x)	50A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	270 x 140 x 90	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV185iS5-4	18kW	FE-T060-(x)	60A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	270 x 140 x 90	258 x 106			FS – 2
SV220iS5-4	22kW	FE-T070-(x)	70A	380VAC	0.5A 27A	350 x 180 x 90	338 x 146			FS – 2

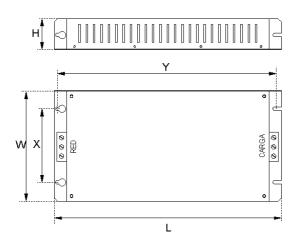
(x) (1) Industrial environment EN 50081-0 (A class)

(2) Domestic and industrial environment EN 50081-1 (B class)

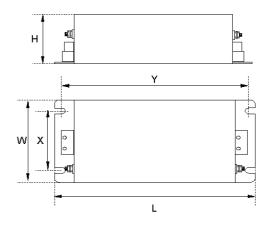


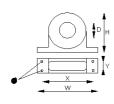


FF SERIES (Footprint)



FE SERIES (Standard)



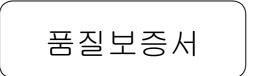


FS SERIES (output chokes)

TIPO	D	W	Н	Х	0
FS – 1	21	85	46	70	5
FS – 2	28.5	105	62	90	5
FS – 3	48	150	110	125 x 30	5
FS – 4	58	200	170	180 x 45	5

Polígono Industrial de Palou 08400 Granollers (Barcelona) SPAIN / ESPAÑA Tel: +34 93 861 14 60 Fax: +34 93 879 26 64 E-mail: info@lifasa.com vsd@lifasa.es http: //www.lifasa.com





Inverter	SV-iS5		Start-up date	
Model No.			보증기간	
고 객	성 명			
	주 소			
	전 화			
판매점	성 명			
	주 소			
	전 화			

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- 무상 보증 기간이 경과한 경우

Revisions

	Publication date	Ordering Number	Changeds to be made	Software Version No.	Note
1	1999. 2		초판 관리본	1.00	
2	2000 년 4 월			1.03	
3	2001년 3월			1.05	
4	2001년6월			2.00	



